Das Uffenbachsche Wappenbuch

Edited and introduced by

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Ms. in scrinio 90 b
The Uffenbach armorial

U F F

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1. Introduction and summary

The armorial named as the *Uffenbach* after one of its owners is in several ways the odd man out among the late medieval armorials in the *Bodensee* group – all painted in southern Germany during the last half of the 15th century. The sheets were painted on one side only; it is devoid of achievements, i.e. there are no crests in it. The armorial was probably painted in Strasbourg west of the Rhine rather than on the Bodensee shore to the east. It might be generations older than the others. It was probably kept as a bundle of loose leaves until quite late, and the individual sheets were moved around during at least two restorations, so that today we can expect nothing even approaching the original order.

Most of the items were easily identified and they show a considerable overlap with the other members of the group for both imaginary arms and the noble families. In fact, large parts of the *Uffenbach* show a marked concordance with one late member of the group, the *Miltenberg* (MIL), as first noted by Jean-Claude Loutsch, the editor of MIL.

Scholars have not agreed on the dating. The earliest dates proposed were at the end of the 14th century as given by the Uffenbach catalogue of 1730 and noted on the back of the 19th century binding. Most of the modern authorities have agreed on this, with one changing his mind to c.1440. Few have supported their proposed dating with serious arguments. The best argued proposal was that of Werner Paravicini for it to have been painted between 1390 and 1410.

Unfortunately, the present evaluation can add little to the question of dating. Most of the dateable items can best be related to people active between 1350 and 1395, but as the armorial is obviously not a primary collation and made in a workshop for a non-professional customer, little can be inferred from this. The elements of style might as well have been used at the beginning as during the first half of the 15th century. The evidence from the Strasbourg watermarks is too unspecific and confusing to be used for any precise dating.

The remaining enigma must be left to the reader. Was the *Uffenbach* a very early example of the incorporation of imaginary arms and a primary source and inspiration for the members of the *Bodensee* group of armorials, or simply an early and differently styled member?
2. The manuscript

The armorial *Uffenbach (UFF)* or *Das Uffenbachsche Wappenbuch*, acquired 1747 by the Hamburger Stadtbibliothek, now Staats- und Universitätsbibliothek, as **Cod. 90b in scrinio**, has been described several times, e.g. by Paul H. Trummer in 1914, by Berchem, Galbreath & Hupp (BGH #14), by Tilo Brandis in the 1972 catalogue of the *Codices in scrinio* (Brandis CH 148-151), and in the introduction to the facsimile publication of 1990 (Paravicini UFF 8-27). Elements not deducible from the facsimile (App.5) are based on the descriptions of Brandis and Paravicini. The Paravicini introduction includes the identification or proper naming of most items in the name index (Paravicini UFF 38-59), but without further comments or references.

2.1 Codicology

The manuscript is highly restored, incomplete and deorganised. It is presently made up of 88folio size paper sheets (275 x 205 mm), each made up of two sheets glued together, i.e. 176 surviving individual sheets. Depending on the criteria used, it now has 587 coats-of-arms (no crests) and 5 miniatures (Brandis CH 148) or 593 numbered items and 3 unnumbered miniatures (present total), including later additions. As noted by Paravicini UFF 9, several sheets are now missing.

The paper has four different watermarks according to Brandis: A+B) arms of Strasbourg in two variants, neither reference nor description; C) a crescent, somewhat similar to the Briquet nos.5191-5200 (Strasbourg, c.1390-1440); D) crescent & star, also somewhat similar to Briquet nos.5345-5350 (France, 1421-1436). Brandis did not mention the distribution of watermarks.

Paravicini reexamined the watermarks as well as possible and found the Strasbourger arms (A, B) the most common with 29 identifiable occurrences from 7r to 88v. The major problem with this is that the earliest known paper mill in Strasbourg only began operations in 1445 (Paravicini UFF 22n63), though paper samples with variants of the Strasbourg arms & crosier are known from 1408 (Heitz no.129) and 1421-1425 (Heitz no.130f, Briquet no.1002). Without a closer description it is impossible to determine the date of the paper used. Squarish variants of shield with a bend across are noted from 1313 to 1543 (Briquet 973 and 978). The crescent type-C (also Heitz no.31) is of a type found in France and western Schweiz in a broad interval 1367-1430, and the type was noted on ff.2r and 13v (Paravicini UFF 22), but the type is also noted later, e.g. in Basel 1442 (Briquet 5201), and in other places as late as 1580 (Briquet 5191-5213). The crescent & star type-D (also Heitz no.140, in 1411) was only noted on fo.49r, but might possibly be on ff. 50v and 61v. In addition Paravicini found a crescent & cross (no Briquet reference given) on fo.36v.

The high-quality drawings of the coats-of-arms in ink and watercolours (unpainted for argent) were painted on one side only, mostly with four arms per page (2x2) on a field ruled in ink and with legends in alsatian written in a bastarda script as used along the upper Rhine. During the 15th century they were probably unbound, the sheets unnumbered and unrelated to the present 'foliation' in recto and verso 'pages'.

Even before the first restoration and binding in the 16th century, some pages were reinforced by strips of paper or parchment, some with illegible writing. During this restoration the sheets were glued together with paper strips keeping the blank (verso) pages inside and paginated 1-181 in arab ciphers on the outside top corner without any consideration for an orderly sequence.
As the paper strips deteriorated and some sheets were lost, a second restoration became necessary during the 19th century. The surviving sheets were separated, reglued together, foliated consecutively in pencil, cut with some loss of legends and pagination (inexpertly corrected), and rebound in leather with the back title: *Armorum gentilitiorum collectio c. fin. Saec. XIV*.

The older pagination (as corrected) and later foliation indicate a loss of sheets with 1-41 (present 1v-21v), 50-160 (22r-77r), 163-165/168-169 (77v-80v), 166-181 (81r-88v), the numbers 168, 169 being doubled. As the original order is severely disrupted, and without supplementary evidence, only the ultra short 4-item page sequence can be trusted.

2.2 Content

For the purpose of this edition, the armorial was broken up into 19 segments and 2 residuals (App. 1). Most of these correspond to marches d'armes as conventionally used. Pages and items were assigned to the segments on a geographical basis (see chapter 6). Only 5 % of the the coats-of-arms were composite, mostly quartered. The use of headings was irregular and does not correspond to the segments used here. Several groupings lack headings – and this is not likely to be due to any loss of pages.

Some 17 % of the items are pure fantasy, the product of a fertile imagination and a culture that inferred that any person of importance would be armigerous – even extending to characters from the Bible and popular literature. The items in this armorial might well be the oldest surviving major selection, though the *Zurich* armorial of c.1345 contains a few arms of imaginary realms, as do the *Wijnbergen* of 1285 and a few english armorials from 1275-1300.

21 % are foreigners, the majority of these being italian, french or spanish with 20 english including some names of fame active during the Hundred Years War, and a few scandinavians.

Apart from 6 unfinished items with names only and a dozen later additions on formerly blank pages nearly two thirds belong to titled nobles from the Holy Roman Reich, most from the south, but with sizeable groups from the north-west and north-east and some 50 from the eastern borders covering Poland, Silesia, Bohemia and Hungary.
3. Imaginary arms and miniatures.

The Three Magi [317, 319-320] are the only part present of the two major groupings of imaginary arms, Quaternionen and Ternionen, commonly found in late-medieval German armorials. The first is easily explained away if the UFF was made around 1400, as the fictitious pillars of the Reich were not yet in common use (Schubert Q, Clemmensen Q). That neither the Nine Worthies nor other members of the Ternionen (best three, Wyss NH, Clemmensen T) are included in this armorial is more surprising as the Worthies were known in both France and southern Germany by that date. The inclusion of Alexander the Great and king Arthur might be incidental and joined with the biblical kings of Palestine [321-323]. However, it is interesting that the glass-windows of c.1420 in the Rathaus in Lüneburg in northern Germany has the bell-arms of Alexander present in UFF and in the c.1450 Burkmair armorial (HBG:81, Clemmensen T 4+10).

The 102 items include the eagle emblems of the HRR and a couple of more or less correct royal arms [3-10; 2rv], an odd king [115; 17r1], some 'irish' arms [259-268; 35r-36r2], and one small and one larger subsegment of fictitious kings and princes [317-330, 371-439; 42r3-43v; 49r-60v1]. The latter includes the miniatures on ff.51rv and 54v, with a drawing added on 54r below India on [394].

3.1 The pseudo-irish arms

The fragment [259-268; 35r-36r2], all of which is also found transposed in MIL, two in HBG and half in GRU, DWF, RUG and notably in KCR, was proposed by J.J.F. Kennedy as arms of some irish chiefs or sub-kings from his reading of GRU and KCR, the others being unknown to him. This proposal was made later than the publication of the facsimile and the commentary by Paravicini.

The subgroup: Langonia / O'Neills Mór of Ulster (hand), Ultingen / McCarthy Mór (stag), Conixen / Connacht (3 fish), Daschlag/Desmond (saltire) and Ultingen / Ulster-Burgh (cross) might well be the arms of notable irish chiefs with their names confounded, and possibly provided by the (?irish) abbot Heinrich (r.1392-1399) of the Schottenkloster in Wien or its daughterhouse in Konstanz, as suggested by Kennedy. The hypothesis is supported by the modified english lions for Ireland / Hibernia and the the genuine arms of Butler and the FitzGerald earls of Kildare and Desmond. A set of inverted arms of Scotland is appended at the end.

3.2 The miniatures

There are five coloured drawings in the Uffenbach, but the two on 51r are noted as one, and the one on 54r is included in item [394] for Prester John, giving 3 unnumbered miniatures.

The first miniature is on 51v with the heading 'dis ist der vinster berg, do die roten juden hinder ligent, unde ist in yndia, do sant thoman der apostel lit'. The upper drawing shows eight jews behind a mountain (Finsterberg) with a door closed. The lower drawing has a walled and wet-moated town with a bridge. The mythical tribe of the 'red jews' lived in an unknown place behind the river Sambatjon, which was impassable for jews. Only on the arrival of the Messiah would it be possible to cross the river. In another version they were locked in the Kaspian Mountains by Alexander the Great, and depicted as such on the Mappa Mundi of the benedictine Andreas Walsperger made in Konstanz in 1448 (Voss RJ 37). The tomb of the apostel Thomas near Madras on the east coast of India was mentioned both by Marco Polo and by John Mandeville and noted on the catalan Atlas of 1375 (Yule MP, Olschki MP, a.o.). The 'red jews' are also mentioned in the legend to [390, 53r]
"der kunig von barbarie lit vor dem roten juden unde hüttet ir, das zur nit mögent komen durch den vinstern berg".

The second miniature on 51v is the biblical Tower of Babel with the heading: "dis ist der turn, do die .lxxij. geslehte an buwêt t un oech die .lxxij. sprochen do funden wurdent, unde har der turn .lxxij. snecken do man uf got, und ist des turnes fus .vj. milen breit un git schettê .iij. milen zu mitteme dage". The artisans connected the tower in Babilon on the Euphrates with the mythical priest-king Prester John as shown by the long legend to [386; 52r] "des vinst er berges unde der roten juden unde der grossen stat babilonia unde dis turns, das ist dis kuniges prieter johans, unde ist och priester und singet sine messe und hat och .lxxij. kunige und ime, des sint .xvij. kunige cristian, und ist die sprache in dem lande gute latine".

Prester John was a mythical priest-king of the Orient or far-away India, sometime named as father of king David alias Gengis Khan. During the later Middle Age his realm was moved from India to Ethiopia. As the patriarch Johannes, he was reported with pope Calixtus II in 1122 in Rome; and he is mentioned as having written a letter in 1165 to Manuel Comnenus, emperor of Byzans, but this is a forgery (possibly from the court of Frederick Barbarossa) and was anti-byzantine in content. The letter was answered by pope Alexander IV. He was described firstly by Bishop Otto of Freising in his Chronicon (1145) from information from the bishop of Gabula/Gebal in Anthiochia, and later by Vincent of Beauvais (Seymour JM xv) and many medieval authors.

The arms of Prester John in [386, 394; 52r, 54r] Per fess azure and argent a cross couped gules are unusual for him and named as such in HBG, but often present for India and in addition to the crucifix more generally used for Prester John (Clemmensen OM).

The third unnumbered miniature is on 54v with the legend: "der snebellissen lant' and depicts six men with heron's beaks wearing peak shoes or poulaines among two trees, one sitting and one holding a lance with a pennon attached. The beak-headed people were described in the anonymous 'Lied von Herzog Ernst', verses 2848-2859 (ed. Karl Bartsch 1869, Sieb A 1+141) and inspired the arms of "kung von oderdallach in indÿen ist für sich selbs" in the Grünenberg armorial (GRU:254, BSB:55n1, GstA:33r1) and the crest used by von Keher gt Truchsess von Henneberg (GRU:1527, BHM:934, a.o., Clemmensen OM).

3.3 The semi-fictitious territories

Most of segment 01 refers to princes ruling territories to the east and south of the HRR. Only a few can be identified with any certainty, though there are a few arms with factual documentation, e.g. for Armenia [384], Mallorca [426], Lithuania [423] and some byzantine rulers [325, 403, 433]. A further few might or might not be rationalized as derived from families ruling or influential in the territory, e.g. Frangipani Ban of Croatia [438], and some might have an incidental likeness, e.g. Orkney [425], Wales [434], Windischland [436] and [379] with the polish hrb Starykon. In modern times, a few have been claimed as genuine arms used by the then territorial rulers, e.g. the lions of Bulgaria [327].

Three groupings are mentioned from south-eastern Europe: from former Yugoslavia [326, 372, 385, 435-438], the territory between Greece and Lithuania, i.e. present Bulgaria, Romania, Moldavia and Belorussia [329-330, 371-378], and the Weisser Weider, probably meaning the White or wide Steppe, which would overlap Romania and Moldavia. Some of these might actually have been used
by princes from these territories, though coats-of-arms were rare among Hungarians and EastEuropeans before the early 15th century. Emperor Sigismund granted arms to even old andinfluential families during 1414-1435.

More exotic are the many princes of (ottoman) Turkey and Tartary (i.e. the mongolian hordes) witha sprinkling of african and middle eastern places, e.g. Yaffa (the main harbour for pilgrims going tothe Holy Land), Ninive, Bethlehem, Alexandria – and the head of the Assassins sect [396] and ofcourse the India of Prester John. Some items might get conflicting putative identificationsdepending on the armorials studied, e.g. Argia [416-418], which could be Argos in Peloponnes,Curtea de Arges in Romania or a third place.

Some names may easily be identified as being derived from traveller's descriptions or novels, e.g.Marco Polo and Mandeville, others could come from popular romances. Depending on the dating,this manuscript might be an early example of the mainly german tradition of including imaginaryarms in armorials and chronicles – and it might even be the source of a widely copied coregrouping. From the internal relations between the items in the manuscripts cited, it would appearthat most could be copied by small fragments or pickings from the UFF. A couple of items haveended up in the Charolais (CHA), a manuscript made in Bruxelles in 1658 by Philippe-Nicolas d'Aumale dit marquis d'Haucourt, presumably from one (or more) medieval sources. Apart fromsome canting arms the present selection appears to be restricted to armorials made in southernGermany. Many names can also be found with different arms in the german armorials and it islikely that some of these are due to mistaken copying transposing legends to other coats-of-arms.

Even without the unfortunate shuffling of leaves and losses, the items appear to have been enteredas the artisan thought of them. Except for the connection between the miniatures and a few items,there is little help for ascertaining the original sequence. All of the major 'copies', i.e. MIL, ING,HBG, were made with small fragments across UFF-pages, but with items from other UFF-pagesinserted. In this way they are just examples of the pick-and-mix extractions typical of the Bodenseearmorials. Only the Grünenberg team seems to have tried to put the imaginary realms and princesinto some kind of logical and geographical order (Clemmensen GRU 18-20).
4. Foreign royalty and nobility

The selection of foreigners can hardly be called conventional for an armorial painted in the franco-german borderlands with east europeans and italians outnumbering the french. Some items may be placed within a fairly narrow timeframe, but several of them would be in conflict. So it is most likely that the foreign coats-of-arms were copied from more than one older source, and that these contained nobles prominent in either the anglo-french wars, the disastrous Nicopolis crusade of 1396, or the fighting between the angevin rulers of Naples-Sicily and Hungary and their neighbours.

For the Low Countries, see the german nobles in the next chapter.

4.1 France

If a single item could be decisive, the french segment 09 [22-26, 34-90; 4r4, 4v, 5v4, 7r-13v] would be a collation of 1361-1380, the reconquest period of the Hundred Years War – based on Bertrand du Guesclin, connétable de France [70]. Several of the items belong to well-known courtiers and soldiers, e.g. Philippe d'Artois (d.1397) C.Eu & connétable de France [42], Enguerrand de Coucy (d.1397) bouteiller de France, Bureau de la Riviere [56], Jacques de Bourbon (d.1417) S.Préaux, and Philippe de Bar (d.1404). Eu, Coucy and Bar all died in turkish prisons after the defeat at Nicopolis in 1396, where they served Jean ‘sans peur’ C.Nevers, the eldest son of Philippe 'hardi’ (d.1404) D.Bourgogne [26]. The collation must be retrospective, as the dates are in conflict. The segment is a mix of princes, higher nobility, territorial attributions, e.g. Flanders-Artois [39], some unknowns and a few unidentified. Bretagne [34, 5v4] is found among the spaniards due to a curious geographical misplacement.

The later part of the segment was copied into MIL:1293-1317 (see App.2 and 3), but some items might have been picked out for placing among MIL:470-486, but they are more likely an accidental overlap. From a comparison of the legends, it appears that the Grünenberg team picked some items, e.g [47, 61, 64-66], for inclusion in places far from each other, but also the Miltenberg team used the legends in Grünenberg for items picked from UFF, e.g. [69] – MIL:1436 – GRU:1136.

The original sequence of the segment might well have been the same as the present. The lead item for the king of France is the last on 4r, and from the order in MIL is appears that the 5 pages UFF:11v-13v were copied in a figure-of-eight order. 11v1-2 Couserans and Foix belong in the south as do 11r1-3, and Guesclin [70; 11r4] fought in the south for most of his career. When his arms were copied into MIL:1437, the copyist might have added the previous item between some english and imaginary arms. Much of the copying from UFF into MIL was done by pairs or threes. On closer examination it is questionable whether the items on 4r and 7r-10v ending in a series of gascon nobles were used for copying into MIL.

4.2 England

The names in the english segment 06 [91-98, 243-254; 14rv, 33r-34v] recall the names of english and gascon men prominent in the first half of the Hundred Years War, though the dates are somewhat conflicting, e.g. John Chandos (d.1369) and Henry Percy being created E.Northumberland in 1377. Several of the items belong to english earls and [94; 14r4] could be a confounded version (Lancaster qtg Aragon) of the arms of John of Gaunt D.Lancaster (1340-1399) as pretender to the throne of Castille around 1485. The swan item [251; 34r1] is an interesting
addition to the Bohun E. Hereford arms in [250; 33v4] as they used a swan chained and gorged as a
badge. Item [252] appears to be the secondary quarter of a Montagu E. Salisbury. The odd item is
'der grove von gotzgnaden' [245], not identified.

The segment was copied in part for MIL:1429-1435 with Faucogny and Grailly [91, 93] being
added to the French (MIL:1318-1319). Several items were extracted by the Grünenberg team for
items in GRU:1170-1178 and GRU:690-694.

4.3 The Italian states

The available information allows no date of compilation for the 46 Italians in segments 07 presently
spread out in some 9 instalments. They are accompanied by four headings: 1) the Marck Ancona on
the Adriatic [99-102; 15r], a part of the Papal States; 2) Piemonte [143-146; 20v]; 3) Lombardia
[103-196; 15v]; and 4) Emilia Romagna [116-118; 17r]. But one misses a heading for the families
from Rome [440-450; 60v-61v], and both heading and lead items from the angevin kingdom of
Naples [11-18; 3rv]. The four items [331-334; 44r] are slightly difficult with the Visconti of Milan
and 3 families which might be placed in either Lombardia or Emilia Romagna. Similarly, four items
[139-142, 20r] are assumed to come from Toscana-Emilia Romagna, and another three [120-122,
17v] join them, though from the eastern coastal part. The last, Ruffo of Calabria Sicily [119] might
have been placed there as an afterthought – or have been misidentified.

Most of the Italian arms and names are also in the Miltenberg, some even twice, see App. 3 and 4. It
appears that the pages 60v to 62r [442-452] were in use at different times for items in MIL:1114-
1121, MIL:1415-1421 and that the MIL-team was having some trouble getting the legends and arms
right for Orsini, Annibaldeschi / Scorpione, Silvestri and Pietramala. The order and fragments
indicate that the UFF could be a source of MIL, though the name Annibaldeschi is only found in
MIL:1420 (wrong arms). In addition to the UFF (or a close clone), the MIL did also use the
Grünenberg (GRU, or etc.) as a source, e.g. for MIL:1127-1133, and did add either Flemish or
german arms to pages mainly filled with Italian arms.

At present, a number of confusing correlations and inserts remain unsolved, e.g. MIL:1160 'her von
zauenow' among the swiss with the venetian Polenta or 'rafenme' [121], 'king of bemut' in [115;
17r1] and MIL:208, and India [439; 60v1]. Why the last two imaginary arms were entered at the top
of pages filled with actual arms is incomprehensible.

There is no evidence of how the segment was structured when the armorial was painted, but one
way to resuffle the pages could be: 60v-61v (Rome) - 3rv (Naples) – 20v Piemonte, 20r – 17r
Romagna, 17v – 15r Marck Ancona – 15v Lombardia, 44r. Another, based on the order in MIL
could be: 3rv; 20rv, 17rv, 15rv, 44r; 60v-61v.

4.4 The Iberian Peninsula

The well-known arms of Castille-Leon are missing, so the 10 arms on 3 pages [19-21, 27-33; 4r,
5rv] are probably what is left of a Spanish segment 08. The arms of Portugal included among the
realms on page 2v and Navarre and Aragon on 5v might be a continuation of these. Two items
might refer to provincial arms [27, 30] and only one item can be verified as belonging to a noble
family, the influential Cardona [19].
The short segment includes two anomalies and a problematic item. The former are the last items on pages 4r (France) and 5v (Bretagne), which do not belong among the iberians, though France might be the lead item in a french segment inadvertently moved forward to the end of a page rather than being painted at the top of the next page. The latter is 'der grofe von medin der lit / in spangen' [28], which Michel Popoff read as Borja qtg Aragon and proposed for Gioffre Borgia or Borja (1482-1516), the youngest son of pope Alexander VI (1492-1503) and husband of Sancia de Aragon, a natural daughter of Alfonso II of Naples (Popoff GRU 147, GRU:703). The attribution is obviously too late, and the valencian Borjas only came into titled prominence at the accession of the lawyer-diplomat Alfonso as pope Calixtus III in 1455. The Borjas are not known to have held a title like Medina. It is more likely that the item represents one of the Foix bastard lines and that the arms should be read as Béarn differentiated with bend (and one cow missing as in UFF:60/GRU:751) qtg the paly Foix. One of the bastard sons of Gaston Phoebus, Bernardo (d.1383) married Isabel de la Cerda (of the castilian royal house), and became C.Medinaceli in 1370. Their son Gaston died in 1404 and the great grandson Gaston (II) in 1454 as captain general of Aragon.

A possible sequence might be 5v, 5r, 4r.

4.5 Along the Baltic Sea

Three minute segments cover the northern borders: 1) in 02, a heading and the unfinished arms of Denmark is followed by the county of Holsten [269-270; 36r3-4], which was a part of the HRR, through contested c.1400; 2) in 03 the arms of Norway (no heading) followed by 3 unidentified arms [255-258; 34v]; and 3) in 18 two arms for Mecklenburg, one identified and one unidentified family from the duchy [271-275; 36v, 37r1] followed by the arms of the Folkunga dynasty, which ruled Sweden 1250-1363, and Norway 1319-1387. Albreckt of Mecklenburg (d.1412) was king of Sweden 1363-1389 until deposed and replaced by Margaret the 'Lady of Denmark' (d.1412), never styled queen, though she ruled all three countries in her own name being the only daughter of king Valdemar of Denmark and queen mother of Oluf (d.1387), king of Denmark and Norway.

4.6 Hungary and the orthodox east

Though only the lead of the 17 items in segment 05 [299-316; 40r-42r2] can be identified, they are probably all hungarians or families from the ill-defined eastern borderlands. The lead item bears the arms of the angevin kings of Hungary, in use 1308-1382/1385. Coat armor was unusual in Hungary until late in the reign of Sigismund, who during the Council of Constance 1414-1418 granted arms to several men of his hungarian escort. The more important nobles of the time of Sigismund are known (Siebmacher vol. 33, Clemmensen KCR, Clemmensen ARK), so the arms in the segment are probably for members of the court of Louis 'grand' (r.1342-1382). The most important office was that of palatin or Grossgraf [312].
5. German nobles

Like the other members of the Bodensee group, the Germans in this armorial came mostly from territories along the Rhine with some prominent Austrians and Bavarians included. Most of the items represent major families.

5.1 Swabians

The first of the southern German segments are mostly Swabians (11) from the three fragments [155-186, 231-242, 586-593; 22r-25v, 31v-32v, 80rv] and Swiss from [107-114; 16rv]. Another batch of Swiss are included with the Savoyard-comtois. The items appear to have been entered without consideration of rank, geography, or relations. Nearly all of the verified families held important properties in Swabia, and most of the major families are represented: Zollern, Württemberg, Montfort, Tübingen, Baden, Lupfen a.o. When the modern 'foliation' is compared with the older pagination there is a loss between 41n/21v and 50n/22r. Though there are no headings in this segment, the loss does not appear to include any of the principal Swabian families.

Comparison of this segment with the Miltenberg (App. 3) shows that items on 22r-23r were not copied, and only 6 items from 23v-25v were included in the main series MIL:1220-1242, though two pairs [179-180, 185-186] were placed far apart. In any case only one or two items were selected from each UFF page and added like pick-and-mix, but generally from pages in the order of 23v-25v, 80rv, and 31v-32v. The overlap is hardly incidental.

5.2 Bavarians

The short segment 17 [207-214, 219-230; 28v-29r, 30r-31r] has two legends on the top 28v [207] for Bavaria and on the top of 31r [227-228] for Franconia. The two fragments are separated by page-sheet 29v [215-218] with two widely separated counts (Orlamünde/Landsberg and Katzenstein), one unidentified item and one overpainted black. Most of the items would have property in the regions, but a few are too far away: e.g. Wartenberg, Gleichen and Wassersteltz [208, 220, 227].

Compared to MIL two items from 30v [223-224] were added to the Swabians from 31v and MIL:1244-1250 picked from UFF:28v-30r indicating that the present order might be like the one at the end of the 15th century.

5.3 Austrians

Most of the Austrians in segment 12 [187-206, 451-452; 26r-28r, 62r1-2] were extracted one or two at a time and inserted into the Miltenberg mixed with items from other regions. Most of the items represent major nobles with the overlord on the top right [204; 28r2]. The odd item [199] is the legend and unidentified arms referring the patriarch of Aquileia between Venice and Austrian Carnolia (Krain). The only pointer towards dating would be the arms of Cilly [201] as Herman (II) became a major player in the first decade of the 15th century. However, the arms are in both Bellenville and Gelre, both assumed to be before 1380, and they carry little weight.
5.4 Alsace-Lorraine

Eleven items and a legend make up half of segment 10 the Landgraviate of Lower Alsace [123-130, 147-150; 18rv, 21r] with the nominal arms of the overlord at [125; 18r3]. Apart from the 'immigrant' Dicke, the other nine are major nobles. Only 18v was copied into the Miltenberg, as parts of the HRR medieval Alsace and Lorraine were regarded as german regions, but with a marked franco-burgundian influence.

For some reason – or perhaps none – the coastal count of Artois and the inland duke of Lorraine begin on page 12r, though the other half of segment 10 of mainly lorrainian nobles appears to include [73-82, 362-370; 11v3-12v, 48rv], continuing the gascons. There are no headings and the items represent well known noble families. The copying into Miltenberg show a curious mix of selected short sequences and single items placed in different fragments of MIL, e.g. MIL:1309 + 1293 from UFF:12r1+4 and MIL:1294-1296+1311 from UFF:12v. The duke himself and his cadet [76-77] were not copied with this segment. The original sequence might well be as present.

5.5 The Low Countries and North-West Germany

Two pages and some individual items were omitted when most of segment 15 was copied into Miltenberg in two small and two larger batches (MIL:1203-1206, 1270-1271, 1334-1356, 1452-1488, incomplete series). The segment includes the present fragments [131-138, 151-154, 515-559, 578-581; 19rv, 21v, 70r-72v, 74r-75v, 79r] and covers the principalities of Holland, Flanders, Brabant and Julich/Juliers as well as the region of Westphalia – all mentioned with headings. The westphalian principalities Mark, Berg, Kleve are included in 72rv, while Geldern/Guelders was put in between some brabantian nobles and Holland, but not glorified with a heading.

It appears that the first two items on 71v (Sternberg and Solms) preceding Brabant might belong to segment 12 which would indicate an original order of 71v, 75rv, 19rv (Holland), continuing with e.g. 79r (Flanders), 70r (Jülích) linked to 71r, 72rv (Westphalia), and ending with 21v (Luxembourg). Actually, any full-page subsegment might follow Holland, i.e. Flanders, Jülích or Luxembourg.

5.6 Bohemia-Silesia

The pages assigned to segment 19 are hard to put into a coherent sequence. The segment appears to have three parts:

1) Mostly bohemians [276-298; 37r2-39v], including the arms of Bohemia / Böhmen, but without a heading. The arms of the saxon Burggraf of Magdeburg was mistakenly placed in Moravia / Mähren [38r1].

2) Silesians [566-569, 572-585; 77r, 79v], mainly arms of the silesian dukes of polish origin and with a polish duke as well, Kujawia [569];

3) A curious mix [275-282; 37rv] which might or might not belong here. The link (to 38r) is the arms of Mähren [282; 37v4], no heading. The odd one is for the swedish royal family of Folkunga [275; 37r1], presently a quarter in the swedish royal arms, which might go with Mecklenburg (chapter 4.5). The arms in between might as well belong to the imaginary arms reviewed in chapter 3. There is a 2-page gap in the old pagination after 160n/77v until 163n/78r (electors spiritual).
The items do not provide any indication of the date of compilation or of manufacture. The apparently imaginary arms might be due to some confounding in the source(s) used, or simply the unwitting result of a break in the work of artisans with little knowledge of the families involved. A possible sequence might be 79v, 77r, 37rv, 38v-39v.

5.7 Hessen-Pfalz

The western-central part of Germany, mainly in present Rheinland-Pfalz and Hessen, including the ancient county of Nassau and some territories formerly belonging to the three spiritual electors, the archbishops of Cologne / Köln, Treves / Trier, and Mainz [570-572; 77v; segment 04] is covered by segment 14 [471-474, 481-514; 64v, 65v3-69v.] with the headings Pfalz [471; 64v1] and Bayern [481, 65v3]. The four lay electors: Bohemia / Böhmen, Saxony / Sachsen, Brandenburg and Palatine / Kurpfalz were probably on the now lost page 162 preceding 77v.

In general, the arms belong to major nobles and are without distinctive features. Copying into Miltenberg was made from most of four pages, but onto four discrete fragments in the mixed MIL-segment 19 (MIL:1255-1264, 1321-1328, 1404-1409, 1443-1445) with items from different fragments lifted from one page. The co-presence of the Sponheims [484-485] is probably incidental. A possible sequence might be 65v (continued from segment 13), 66r-67v (Palatine-Nassau), 64v, 68r-69v (Hessen).

5.8 Brandenburg-Saxony

The north-eastern parts is covered by segment 13 [453-470, 475-480; 62r3-64r, 65r-65v2] with a heading for Misnia / Meissen on mid-page 62r. The two first items on 62r belong to Austria. Seven of the items represent princes, e.g. Brandenburg, Brunswick / Braunsweig, Pommerania / Pommern, and Saxony / Sachsen. Copying into Miltenberg was again made onto different MIL-fragments from a few items on succeeding pages. The present order might have been the original – with 64v inserted later.

5.9 Savoy-Burgundy

The principalities on the western outskirts of the HRR, like the counties of Bourgogne (Franche-Comté) and Savoy, rarely took notice of what happened at the imperial court and Diet. Segment 11 [83-90, 335-362; 13rv, 44v-47v] includes both major nobles and arms that could not be verified, with most of the comtois on 13rv and nearly all the remainder belonging of territories now in western Switzerland, but then in either Savoy or other semi-sovereign principalities or city-republics. There are no headings in this segment, but the three major princes named are Geneve [338], Savoy [355] and the provencal Orange [337], somewhat out of place.

However, the set does provide a clue as to the dating. The principality of Orange came to a branch of Chalon [354] in 1393 on the marriage of Jean de Chalon S.Arlay (d.1418) and the heiress Marie de Baux. The counts of Geneve became extinct in 1394 and the title went for a short time to Humbert (VII) de Thoire & Villars, the second husband of the heiress and their son Humbert (VIII, d.1400). The designated heir sold the county to Savoy in 1402 though some lands went to the P.Orange (Chalon-Arlay) in 1428. One interpretation would place this set in the last decade of the 14th century – like most of the other indicators. The original sequence might well have been like the present.
6. Date, relations and reconstruction

In his commentary Paravicini listed many important dates for both germans and foreigners suggesting the overlapping periods 1363-1446 and 1354-1386 (Paravicini UFF 23-24) for the primary collation of items. The interval is in any case too large for any practical purpose, but illustrates the difficulties in dating this armorial.

6.1 Date and place

Various dates have been proposed for the collation of items and for the painting of the armorial. The earliest date of manufacture was at the end of the 14th century as given in the Uffenbach catalogue of 1730 and repeated on the back of the 19th century binding. The modern authorities Neubecker H 270, Horstmann 55 and Berchem &al. (BGH #14) agreed. The Hamburger catalogue (Brandis CH 148) gave the date as a fairly broad range (1400-1425), probably based on the watermarks mentioned above, an opinion supported by Trummer 115 and Horvath 81. Horstmann later changed his mind to c.1440. Most of these have not supported their dating with arguments. When Paravicini evaluated the evidence for his commentary to the facsimile of 1990 (Paravicini UFF 17-27), he supported the oldest proposal and voted for c.1400 within the range of 1390-1410.

Without a detailed description and comparison, dating a work by its watermarks might be misleading, and the marks noted are only similar, not identical, but taken at face value the armorial appears to have been painted mainly on paper, which might have been made and used in Strasbourg around 1410. The combination of paper and language indicates the place of manufacture as Strasbourg. A princely episcopal town like Strasbourg is not the most likely place for a herald to work – and taken together with the quality of the artwork and the large number of imaginary arms and the absence of ecclesiastical arms, it is likely that it was made by a professional painter / illustrator intended for a wealthy burgher or local nobleman with literary interests. As we are in no position to determine whether one or more worked on this or other armorials as supervisor, painter and scribe, we will settle for the neutral term: team, as it is more likely that the armorials in the group were made in workshops.

In the absence of stated dates or reliable watermark evidence the standard method of dating an armorial is determining the time range within which the coats-of-arms and titles were used. The main pitfall with this method is that the artisan(s) might use out-of-date forms or arms no longer in use either copied from the sources used or through their own mistakes. Paravicini UFF 23-24 listed some fifty name-date combinations indicating a terminus post quem of 1354/1386 and a broad range of 1363/1446 for the terminus ante quem – thus illustrating the problems involved. To give an example: Paravicini mentions the inclusion of Vico, prefect of Rome [441], a family extinct in 1435 with the execution of the last prefect in the ante quem list. By itself not a valid argument as the Vico arms can be found in the Berry armorial of 1458 (BER:1515) and in the André de Rineck of 1473 (RYN:380). The post quem – ante quem method is very good for a primary collation – items of own or contemporary observation (e.g. for the Gelre armorial or the Parliamentary Roll), for spectacular arms and unique combinations of name and arms - but in other cases further substantiation is needed.

As already noted by Paravicini UFF 25-27 (and the previous chapters) most of the datable items belong to the latter half of the 14th century, the anglo-french wars and the Nicolopolis crusade. The italian, polish and hungarian items might well join these. Nonetheless, Paravicini concluded (and
the present writer agrees) that all the UFF items were copied from earlier sources, but we cannot
determine how much earlier. The style of the miniatures – and of two of the images – looks like the
work of the illustrator used by the Freiburger priest Rüdiger Schoepf late in the century (Paravicini
UFF 27). Unfortunately there is little to add to the arguments reviewed by Paravicini, except a gut
feeling that c.1400 would be too early, and 1420-1450 much more likeable. The few weak pieces in
support are the questionable dating of the watermarks, the possibility of copying miniatures from
works at hand, the antique-looking eagles, the obvious mix of fragmentary sources of different dates
and the many imaginary arms also used in the Richenthal manuscripts of c.1460. The later additions
appear to date from 1440+ as the reference to Konrad (IV) von Bussnang as bishop-elect [573] and
to other notable citizens of Strasbourg (Paravicini UFF 18-19).

6.2  Fate and relations to other armorials

As mentioned above the manuscript must have been made in Strasbourg, and from miscellaneous
notes, it is most likely that it stayed there until it was acquired by the Frankfurter bibliophile
Zacharias Conrad Uffenbach (1683-1734). The entries are in 15th century alsatian, and although
there are 16th century entries (e.g. on St.Lupus), which might point to the diocese of Konstanz and
the translation into french of some legends in a 17th -18th century hand, this would still be
compatible with a continuous stay or a return to Strasbourg after a short stay in the Bodensee area.
The armorial was acquired together with other books owned by an otherwise unidentified Dr. le
Febure by Uffenbach between 1720 and 1730, and after his death it came directly to Hamburg in
1747 (Paravicini UFF 21).

Already Jean Claude Loutsch claimed "complete concordance" between this armorial (from
MIL:1110) and the younger Miltenberg armorial from c.1490 and that other parts of MIL were
similar to parts of Donaueschingen (DWF) or Grünenberg (Loutsch MIL 96). The similarities
actually extend to a 54 % concordance of UFF with MIL, excluding some common arms not in
sequence (as struck). The concordance is made up of four blocks from the MIL (App. 3): 1)
UFF:317-324 (6) MIL:13-24 the Three Magi and Nine Worthies; 2) UFF:1-9, 32-33, 398-400,
415-433 (19) MIL:117-119, 180-191, 200-218 imaginary kingdoms (see chapter 3); 3) UFF:22-64
(15) MIL:470-494 french nobles (see chapter 4); and 4) UFF:11-18, 116-155, 177-202, 331-368,
436-555 a.o.(266) MIL:1134-1164, 1200-1488, 1504-1507 a mix of german and foreign nobles
and imaginary arms.

Considering the strong concordance it is most likely that the Miltenberg armorial used the
Uffenbach as one of its sources and that by 1490 the UFF was already in some disarray. In
principle, the MIL might have used a copy of UFF or one or more common sources, but considering
the disorder, it must be the actual manuscript that was used. As the MIL was probably made in one
of the Bodensee workshops, this supports that the UFF went from Strasbourg to one of the
Bodensee towns before returning to Strasbourg.

Many of the combinations of arms and legend can be found in other members of the Bodensee
group, though most would probably come by the way of copying or recopying from the Richental
(KCR). But at least in two cases, the UFF, or a very close copy, is likely to have been the source.
The short fragment of 'pseudo-irish' [259-267] was probably the source of DWF:19-23, though this
armorial has few other markers from the UFF. The other example is the Hans Burggraf (HBG, only
the first quarter with imaginary arms has been compared) where fragments of UFF went into nearly
concordant fragments of HBG, but binding a few UFF pages together, e.g. [317-327, 42r-43v] into HBG:74-81 and HBG:116-120.

The relation to the Grünenberg is more difficult to ascertain. Like most overlaps of the GRU with other armorials this is of the pick-and-mix type, but there are a number of unique coincidences, e.g. UFF:49/GRU:563 Evreux and UFF:47/GRU:753 'langenmatten'.

6.3 An attempt on reconstruction

It is clearly impossible to reconstruct the Uffenbach in detail. It is broken up into too many fragments, and the individual pages have been shuffled too much around during the first 3½ centuries of its life. On the other hand it appears that many fragments have been kept together, if not in order, then at least by geographical relations. Two avenues are available for the task. One is to compare the present order with the sequences in the copies made in the 15th century, primarily the Miltenberg. The other is based on how the items might belong to certain marches d'armes.

The term marche d'armes or armorial province is practical, but might be a little misleading, and various authors, ancient and modern, tend to define it slightly differently. For the United Kingdom with the long established College of Arms and the Court of the Lord Lyon, most armorists would have little trouble in recognizing England North and South of the Trent, Scotland and (Northern) Ireland as armorial provinces, but on the Continent it is a little different. Most armorial provinces are in fact administrative partitions, often between sovereign or semi-sovereign princes, and the limits may be drawn finer or wider according to the author's whim. We may find supra-sovereign marches d'armes in three areas: firstly in the core area for tournaments on the borders of the Low Countries, covering many small principalities and at least three languages, e.g. the province of Ruyers along both banks of a stretch of the Lower Rhine. Secondly in southern and western Germany where regions like Swabia (Schwaben), Franconia (Franken) and Westphalia were the traditional identifiers rather than expanding entities like the swiss federation or the duchy of Württemberg. Thirdly broader 'regions' were used where authors (ancient and modern) have little knowledge or interest, e.g. in Italy, Spain and parts of Germany and France. Certain authors (including the makers of armorials) subdivided or redefined overlapping provinces, e.g. in northern France for Flanders, Artois, Picardy, Amienois, Corbois a.o. Lastly, families and individuals cannot be uniquely assigned to one province only. Sometimes people moved over long distances, e.g. von der Dicke [128, 558] moved from the lower Rhine to Alsace, and limits in knowledge often preclude any definite assignments. As a variation, the arms of men in employment of a prince might be recorded among the entries in 'his' armorial province.

In his introduction to the facsimile edition Werner Paravicini proposed a tentative sequence based on a finely masked set of armorial provinces (Paravicini UFF 13-14), noting that though many provinces were named in the headings, some 40 coats-of-arms might be regarded as leading items for a province. He investigated where provinces changed (in-page discontinuities), but did not have the opportunity to assess the sequences copied from the UFF. The present segmentation is a much coarser version of the armorial provinces used by Paravicini for the proposed sequence, which may be summarized as:

2r - 2v (imaginary), 15rv, 44r, 20v, 17rv, 20r (italians), 5r, 5v, 4rv (spaniards), 7r-12v, 48rv, 44v, 13rv (comtois), 16rv (swabians), 44v, 45r-47v (comtois), 14rv, 33r-34r (english), 34v, 35r-36r (imaginary), 36v (mecklenburgers), 37r-38v, 77r, 79v, 39rv (bohemian-poles), 40r-42r
As expected, Paravicini had a few odd entries in his proposed sequence, e.g. on 44v, but some might be explained in that the *Uffenbach* was itself copied from various sources by artisans, who were not specialists in coat armory or noble pedigrees and properties. One may conclude that the individual pages (remembering that r/v are separate sheets) were thoroughly mixed up and only kept together where a glance could establish a connection.

Some of the headings indicating an armorial province are in mid-page, but the present evaluation (App. 2) shows that most provinces (at least in the coarser version) stop at the end of a page. This means that in-page discontinuities are too few to be of much value. But both concordant fragments, discontinuities and a sensible progression of content should be used in any reconstruction, though not all medieval armorials appear to have a sensible structure, e.g. the mixing of provinces in the *Bergshammar* and *Gelre* armorials. Referring the reader to the descriptive chapters for details, and noting that the imaginary arms might be placed front or rear and that major breaks (|) could connect various segments, one way to reshuffle the pages would be like the present segmentation:

| 01 imaginary arms | 36r3-4, 34v danes-norwegians | 77v electors | 40r-42r2 hungarians | 14rv, 33r-34r english | 60v-61v, 3rv, 20v, 20r, 17rv, 15rv, 44r italians | 5v, 5r, 4r spaniards, 4v, 7r-11r, 11v2 french, 11v3-12v, 48rv, 21r alsatians-lorrainians | 13rv, 44v-47v comtois-savoyards | 28r, 26r-27v austrians, 62r3-64r, 65r-65v2 saxons-pomeranians, 65v3-67v, 64v, 68r-69v palatines-hessians, 71v, 75rv, 19v, 79v, 70rv, 71r, 72rv, 21v flemish-westphalians | 22r-25v, 80rv, 31v-32v, 16rv swabians, 28v-31r bavarians | 36v-37r1 mecklenburger, 37r2-39v, 77r, 79v poles-bohemians |}

Depending on the weight given to the concordance with MIL or HBG, one might prefer the italians in the order of 3rv, 20rv, 17rv, 15rv, 44r, and 60v-61v.

The imaginary arms in segment 01 present a bit of a problem. In principle, one would begin with either the emperor of the HRR, Prester John or the Nine Worthies, but several pages have more than one subgroup on one page and are linked to other pages. Two or three pages in 50r-56v point back to 43r (tartions) and the miniatures in 51rv and 54rv keep the pages between together. The items referring to Greece, Serbia, Croatia, 'windischen lande' and 'weisser weider' would all be on the fringe of the HRR towards the ottoman turcs. Other subgrups can be made using 'argie' and 'tartarie' as binders – but more or less that would only indicate something like the present order.

Perhaps it would be better to end the present paper with a summary of the linked pages and hope that someone will be better placed to elucidate the connection between literature and armorials. The linked pages would be: 2 rv royal arms, 35r-36r2 'irish', 42r3-43v, 44v-50v balkan; 51r-54v india, 55r-56v3, 56v4-57v, 57v-58r turkish-argia, 58v-60r fantasy-windsische, 60v india.

-Steen Clemmensen
Farum, May 2012
Appendix 1  Segments in UFF

1-4: number of quarters in the coat-of-arms; segments based on territorial affiliation;

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<td>99 Later additions.</td>
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### Appendix 2 Concordance of UFF and MIL

vf: arms and name of item verified;  **15v1, 103. Scala**: page with heading;  

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Appendix 4  Members of the Bodensee group of armorials

The above name of this group of armorials refers to the geographical area of their manufacture. The group has also been known by the name of prominent members, e.g. the Ingeram or the Miltenberg group. The features that most members examined have in common are the almost universal grouping of arms according to rank, e.g. kings, dukes, counts, barons (Freiherren) and knights; for some a semi-regional structure based on tournament societies; a group of legendary, but real, arms of nobles and towns by fairs called the Quaternionen; and one or more groups of imaginary arms of fabulous kingdoms, heroes and other legendary personalities, extracted from medieval chansons de geste and traveller’s novels. A part of the imaginary arms have a substructure of three (Ternionen).

In contrast to what is the case in England and partly in France, where a large number of armorials can be found in several later copies, most surviving german armorials are in their ‘original’ form, usually in very derelict condition and have had their sequence broken by reorganisation.

The armorials, painted during the 15th century, can be divided into 3 subgroups according to the period of manufacture. They are listed below with an approximate year of manufacture, a sigla, the total number of items in each armorial, and a short comment. Further armorials might belong to this group. Not noted here is the reuse of certain woodblocks for prestamping the outlines of the shields, helmets and mantling.

The number of common items can be calculated in various ways, so the ‘real’ number will vary according to the method used. For the papers by Clemmensen, a common item belongs to one family or has been assigned to a ‘family’ of imaginary arms (e.g. the empire or kingdom of ‘India’), but may include ‘pairs’ of single and quartered arms, parent and differenced arms and arms with different crests and, of course, different renderings of colours and figures. The concordance has been established by computerized comparisons of the assignments to families with recurrent items being generally ignored. The dates of the manufacture of the armorials, all presumed to be original compositions, are as presently determined. Details will be found in the comments to the individual armorials and items. At least 1205 of the 2300 items (arms and banners) in GRU (from 1483) can be found in one or more of the armorials listed above.

Reference to Clemmensen OM indicates that the items of the armorial is included in the ordinary with blazon and a preliminary identification. A print or file can be made available on request. Other references are to proper critical editions.

Richental’s chronicle of the Council of Constance 1414-1418, 1420-1440, KCR, 1206 items; there are 5 manuscripts, 2 early prints and several printed extracts, no mention of tournament societies, facsimiles of Sorg 1483 (vs.D), ms.K and ms.P published and/or on the Internet; Clemmensen KCR.

Donaueschingen, c.1450, not 1433, DWF, 1094 items; 1 manuscript, possibly of 2 armorials, derelict, restored, many items severely damaged. Clemmensen DWF.

Uffenbach, uncertain date, 1390-1440, UFF, 593 items; 1 manuscript, disordered and derelict, no mention of tournament societies, no quaternionen, facsimile published in microfiche with comments (Paravicini UFF) - present paper.
Stuttgarter WB, 1446, STU, 531 items; 1 manuscript, reasonably well preserved, probably in correct sequence, no mention of tournament societies, no quaternionen, no facsimile published; Clemmensen STU.

Wiener WB 8769, 1450-1460, WNW, c.600 items; 1 manuscript, no details; not published.

Hans Burggrafs Wappenbuch, HBG, c.600 items; 1 manuscript, not published.

Ingeram, 1459, ING, 1100 items; 1 manuscript, possibly of 2-3 armorials, well preserved, each part probably in sequence, facsimile published with identifications (Becher ING, Waldstein ING); Clemmensen OM.

Berliner WB, 1460, BLW, 2 manuscripts, BLW/a and the enlarged copy BLW/b (Puchberg WB). BLW/a has 951 items; restored, probably in correct sequence, no imaginary arms, no quaternionen, facsimile with identifications awaiting publication (Müller-Westphal BLW); Clemmensen OM.

WB in Germanische Museum Nürnberg, c.1470, GMW, c.600 items; 1 manuscript, no details; not published.

St. Gallen Haggenbach, 1470, SGH, 1611 items; well preserved, sequence reshuffled, use of woodblocks from ING a.o., published in facsimile on the Internet; Clemmensen SGH.

Eichstätter WB, 1474-1478, EIC, c.2000 items; 1 manuscript, condition unknown; probably in correct sequence; not published.

Conrad Grünenberg, 1483, GRU, 2301 items; 2 manuscripts in good condition, ms.A (Berlin) disordered, ms.B (München) in original sequence; facsimile of ms.A published (Stilfried GRU, Popoff GRU, a.o.) and ms.B available in b/w on the Internet; Popoff GRU; Clemmensen GRU.

Ansbacher WB, 1485-1490, ANS, c.750 items; 1 manuscript, no details; not published.

Miltenberg, 1490, MIL, 1600 items; 1 manuscript, well preserved, probably in sequence, published with photos (mostly b/w) and identifications and analysis; Loutsch MIL; Clemmensen OM.

Jörg Rugen, 1492, RUG, 3616 items; 1 manuscript, well preserved, probably in sequence, no mention of tournament societies, not published; in part in Clemmensen OM.

Many of the marker coats-of-arms can be found in other southern german armorials, most ly of later date, e.g. Vigil Raber's Neustifter Wappenbuch (VRN), Ortenburg WB (ORT) and in the french Charolais (CHA).
Appendix 5: Overview of ff. 1v – 33r from the facsimile of *Das Uffenbachsche Wappenbuch* by Werner Paravicini, München 1990, Edition Helga Lengenfelder.
ff. 33v-69r from *Das Uffenbachsche Wappenbuch*, München 1990.
ff. 69v-80r from *Das Uffenbachsche Wappenbuch*, München 1990.
1 der kunig von cecilien

The arms, Aragon qtg per saltire Hohenstaufen, were also known as the arms of Trinacria. Used after the treaty of 1302 between Charles II (Anjou) king of Naples and Fadrique / Frederich / Federigo infante de Aragon & king of Sicily (d.1337).

Crest: crown Or and ibex head Er.


2 der kunig vo ungern

The newer arms of Hungary, later qtd with the Arpad or ancient arms.

Royal crown above shield.

3 der keiser von rome

The doubleheaded Reichadler was in common use by 1200 for the emperor of the HRR, official by 1401 (Rupprecht of Pfalz) and as arms of office 1410. The Rex romanorum, king of the Romans, König HRR or Deutsche König used a plain eagle from c.1156. The head of the Heilige Römische Reich der Deutsche Nation was elected by a majority of the seven electors (Kurfürsten), crowned as king of the Romans in Aachen, the ‘capital’ of Charlemagne, and eventually crowned as emperor in Rome by the pope.

Imperial crown above shield.

4 der römische kunig

The king of the Romans or Deutsche König, see previous item.

Royal crown above shield.

5 die herre von jherusalem

A variant of the cross of Jerusalem, emblem and arms of the latin kings of Jerusalem.

6 der kunig von cecilien

The unfinished arms (France with a label Gu) of the Anjou kings of Sicily, see [10].

Royal crown above shield.

7 der herre von dem darant der / ist kuneges genoss

Not identified, possibly a sicilian or neapolitan nobleman (Taranto?).

8 der kunig von mörenlant

Mohrenland, possibly for Morocco. Other versions would have 3 chessrooks or refer to Argia a.o. places.

Royal crown above shield.

CHA:1069*; RUG:84*; HBG:102* (Or-Gu);

9 der kunig von portegal

Arms of Portugal, slightly confounded. The cross moline ought to be the cross of Aviz, the maison founded by João I, natural son of Pedro I ‘cruel’ (d.1367), the maison became extinct 1580.

Royal crown above shield.

ESNF 2:40 + 3:461-510; Sokop S 57;
10 der kunig vo nopels

Arms of Anjou-ancient, the older Anjou ruled Sicily only during 1265-1282 when the Wars of the Sicilian Vespers forced them to withdraw to southern Italy - and replaced them with a branch of the House of Aragon until 1409, when Sicily and Argon were unified. The neapolitan Anjous used the Sicily title in pretence until the end of the 15C.

Royal crown above shield.

Anselme 2:1; ESNF 2:15-16 + 3:56; wikipedia;

ARK:17; BEL:165; BER:25; FW:24; GRU:221; HBG:101; NAV:1255; RUG:424; STU:381; URF:2690; VER:862; WIN:1261; WJ:70;

11 der herre von den bergen

Chiaramonti, of french origin, noted 1219, C.Modica 1300, and later M.Ancona. Served in Sicily, in Cyprus and on mainland Italy. The arms are usually {Gu mount Ar}

Crollalanza DH 1:236 (in Tarento); Petrasanta TG 127;

MIL:1138;

12 der grofe von conserte der stosset an napels

Carducci, from Tarento in Apuglia.

Paravicini proposed Caserta, 40 km N of Napoli, which was held by the Acquaviva {Or lion Az}. Crollalanza D 1:236 (in Tarento); Petrasanta TG 127;

MIL:1139;

13 der herzoge von andern der lit in pulle

Baux al. del Balzo, a provencal family, which came to Italy 1263 with the angevins, created D.Andria in Apuglia c.1400.

Crollalanza D 1:86; ESNF 3:753-757;

GRU:449+1135; MIL:1140; BER:1183*; GRU:761*; NAV:607* (variants); MIL:1128*; NAV:608*;BER:1544*; RYN:397* (qtd);

14 der hertzoge von tenis lit hinder pulle an denne meer

Not identified, hardly the neapolitan family of Scondito {Or lion Sa} as proposed by Loutsch, but see following item.

MIL:1127 (Hz.Cenis); MIL:1141* (not crusily);

15 der herre von morelle der lit in pulle

Villehardouin P.Achaia & Morea & amiral d’Apulie, one of the principal angevin nobles. Petra Sancta TG; Chassel SC 111 (sigil 1216, cross moline);

MIL:1142; BER:1545* ‘le duc de seses’, RYN:396* ‘le duc de sessa’; NAV:635* (cross potenty);

16 der grofe von muliet der lit in pulle

Probably a branch of the neapoletan Sanseverino family, a principal family in the kingdom of Napoli, also C.Matera and C.Terranova.

Crollalanza D 2:484;

GRU:706; MIL:1143*; BER:1542*; (similar); BER:1548*; GRU:684*; MIL:1147*; RYN:402*; NAV:621* (fess);

17 der grofe von treffent der / lit in pulle

Probably Ruffo di Bagnara C.Catanzaro, from Calabria.

Crollalanza D 2:457;

BER:1550; GRU:697; MIL:1148*; BER:1550*; CHA:759*;

18 der grofe von dem altéfil der lit in pulle

Altavilla, from Capua north of Napoli. Bartolomeo Altavilla from Capua and Vizzini was appointed 1373 by Frederic III to the baronies of Canicantini, Raculaesi, and Fratemortila. Crollalanza D 1:35; Petra Sancta TG 132;

GRU:698*; MIL:1145*; CHA:759*;
der herre von cardona der lit in cathelonien

C. Cardona, an important aragonese family, later M. Villamur. The arms are confounded.

Popoff HE #55-56+268; Sieb 4/1.3A:29+129 (Folch de Cardona); XRO:2502 (Q2, Juan de Cardona C. Cardona & Prades, 1466); ESNF 3:130;

BEL:129*; TAM:19*; GEL:652* (Gu thistle Ar); BHM:3315*; URF:2464* (Gu-Or); GRU:776* (qtd);

KCR:761* (3 brooms); DWF:85* (3 thistles);

der grofe von deny

Not identified, possibly attributed to the Denia-Villena (Aragon), though they are usually given arms of Sandoval with fleurs-de-lis (Popoff HE 51). The coastal town of Denia, 100 km S of Valencia, was created into a fief in 1298 and held by the Sandoval family from 1431.

Drawn as {Gu 4 pales Or acc. bend Gu ch. 8 estoiles Ar}.

Popoff HE 15+51 (Sandoval); Sieb 3:10 (Gf. Denu);

GRU:688; MIL:1501;

der grofe von lune

Possibly Lunel, from Languedoc, in [57] in Gu-Ar.

Rolland 4:103* (Az crescent inv Ar); XDD:2631;

GRU:685;

der kunig von frangrich

Royal arms of France.

Royal crown above shield.

der delphin

The arms of the Dauphin de Vienne, later used for the french crown prince, le Dauphin de France. The arms are miscoloured.

BEL:2*; BER:394*; BHM:1873*; BLW:29*; CAM:434*; GEL:309*; HBG:61*; ING:113* (Or-Az);

der hertoge von ansu

Arms of the younger lines of the D. Anjou.

Anselme 2:1; ESNF 2:15-16 + 3:56;

BER:42; ETO:346; GRU:499; LBR:80; LYN:297; NAV:3; ORT:697; RUG:908; RYN:567; SIC:1182;

URF:802;

der hertzoge von parrey

Probably Jean de France (1340-1416), D. Berry & C. Poitou &c, brother of Charles V (r. 1364-1380). But the arms were also used by his father Jean II (d. 1464) in 1350 as C. Poitou and by Jean D. Touraine & C. Poitou, 4th son of Charles VI.

DBF 6:151; XEP:13 (1350, Jean C. Poitou); XDF:311 (1412, Jean D. Touraine & C. Poitou);

BEL:6; BER:222; BHM:1169; CAM:11; DWF:46; ETO:347; GEL:311; LBR:56; LYN:575; NAV:4;

ORT:700; RUG:901; RYN:461; URF:529;

der hertzoge von burgundien

Arms of the D. Bourgogne as used by Philippe 'le Hardi' (d. 1404), created 1364, youngest brother of Charles V and Jean D. Berry [25]. Bourgogne-Valois qtg Bourgogne-Capet.

ESNF 2:27;

BEL:6; CAM:5; NAV:5; RYN:1036; GEL:464;

der herre in ussenlant hinder/ spangen do ist es allewgêt dag

Probably attributed to Extremadura in south-western Spain.

GRU:1165;
28 der große von medin der lit / in spangen  fox
5r2 bull acc. bend; paly; = = {OGR, OG}  08
Probably a C. Medinaceli (Foix). Bernado (d. 1383), a natural son of Gaston Phoebus C. Foix & V. Béarn, married Isabel de la Cerda of the royal castilian house, and was created C. Medinaceli in 1370. They were raised to dukes in 1479. Béarn (confounded and differentiated) qtg Foix. The arms quoted by Riquer might be a later change.

Popoff GRU 147 (GRU: 703) proposed Gioffre Borgia or Borja (1482-1516) P. Squillace 1494, son of pope Alexander VI (1492-1503), and husband of Sancia de Aragon, a natural daughter of Alfonzo II king of Sicily.

Crollalanza D 1: 158 (Borgia qtg Aragon); ESNF 3: 576-577 (Foix-Medinaceli); Riquer RC 284* (Castille-Leon impaling France, D. Medinaceli);
GRU: 703;

29 der gróße von franckenheim/ der lit in spangen  ara
5r3 1 X B OG  3 bars & pilgrim's staff  08
Francavilla, not identified. The aragonian M. Villafranca used {Or 4 bars Gu} according to Riquer RC 286.
GRU: 1130;

30 der kunig vo granat  nav
5v1 escarbuncle & border engrailed  08
A confounded version of the arms of Navarre, see next item.
Royal crown above shield.

31 der kunig von naverne  08
5v2 semy of fleurs-de-lis; Navarre chain; = = {BO, GO}  08
Possibly Charles (III) d'Evreux-Navarre 'le noble' (d. 1425) before his coronation in 1390.
Navarre qtg Evreux was the arms of the kings of Navarre from 1349 when Charles (II) d'Evreux 'le mauvais' (d. 1387) inherited the kingdom on the extinction of the royal line of Capet until 1425, when it came to Aragon. The Navarre chains (or in the form of an escarbuncle) was adopted after the battle of las Navas de Tolosa in 1212 from the golden chains said to have surrounded the maurian king's tent.
Navarre has the same form as in [31]. Evreux is France ancient with a bend compony Ar-Gu.
ESNF 2: 13 (Evreux); XCB: 15 (Navarre qtg Evreux);
GRU: 567;

32 der grove scharle  nav
5v3 semy of fleurs-de-lis; Navarre chain; = = {BO, GO}  08
Possibly Charles (III) d'Evreux-Navarre 'le noble' (d. 1425) before his coronation in 1390.
Navarre qtg Evreux was the arms of the kings of Navarre from 1349 when Charles (II) d'Evreux 'le mauvais' (d. 1387) inherited the kingdom on the extinction of the royal line of Capet until 1425, when it came to Aragon. The Navarre chains (or in the form of an escarbuncle) was adopted after the battle of las Navas de Tolosa in 1212 from the golden chains said to have surrounded the maurian king's tent.
Navarre has the same form as in [31]. Evreux is France ancient with a bend compony Ar-Gu.
ESNF 2: 13 (Evreux); XCB: 15 (Navarre qtg Evreux);
GRU: 567;

33 der kunig vo argunne vô / ligêt disse herrê under îme  ara
5v3 1 O G  4 pales  08
The kingdom of Aragon.
Royal crown above shield.
ESNF 3: 128-144 (Aragon); XDD: 11231 (Pedro IV);

34 der kunig vô britanien stosset/ an arragune  bre
5v4 1 E  plain  09
D. Bretagne - with a problem of geography.
Royal crown above shield.
Anselme 2: 37; ESNF 2: 18-19+75 a.o.;

35 der hertzoge von normadie  nor
7r1 semy of fleurs-de-lis & label compony  09
Hardly the arms of Normandie, though the duchy was usually held by the dauphin of France. The arms were used by members of the maison d'Orleans, a senior cadet branch of Capet-Valois. Charles V used {France & border Gu} as dauphin and D. Normandie before 1364. The arms were used by the elder line of Orleans and by Angoulême [44].
Anselme 1: 104; XDC: 6902 (Philippe D. Orleans, 1336-75.osp);
GRU: 516;
36 der hertzoge von borbon

1 B OGÖ semy of fleurs-de-lis & bend ch. 3 lions (1st ch. mullet)

Probably the comte de la Marche (Bourbon), the arms were used by Jacques de Bourbon C.Préaux (d.c.1417), bouteillier de France, son of Jacques C.laMarche and husband of Marguerite Dm.Preaux.

DBF 1997:463, 1:405, 3:668, 6:1397; Anselme 2:65;
CAM:15 (Jacques); GRU:1131* 'heren von kunsé'; BER:53*; CAM:14*; LYN:2137*; MIL:481*;
NAV:12*; RYN:493*; URF:547* (less mulet);

37 der herre von kussin

1 G ZGA 2 bars; fess {GZ, GA}

Coucy, lordship and castle near Laon (dep Aisne). The senior line became extinct in 1311 with the death of Enguerrand (IV) and was inherited by the son of his sister Alix, Enguerrand (V) de Guines. The line of Guines S.Coucy became extinct in the male line in 1398 with the death in a turkish prison of Enguerrand (VII) S.Coucy & E.Bedford & C.Soissons. He was son of Enguerrand (VI, d.1344) and Catherine von Habsburg, captured by the english, he married a daughter of king Edward III and served there until the death of that king in 1377. Returning to France he became grand bouteillier of France in 1384. He was captured a Nicopolis in 1396 and not ransomed. The last of his daughters died in 1424. Coucy impaling Austria.

ESNF 7:80-82; Chenaye DN 6:300-301; Brault RAE 2:345; B. Tuchman: 'A Distant Mirror', 1978; XDC:8645-46*; XDF:308* (qtd);
GRU:1175; BHM:1810*; GEL:336*; BEL:49*; LYN:2151* (qtd);

38 de grove von sempo

1 A G lion q.f. cr.

C.St.Pol (Luxembourg) with seat in St.Pol-sur-Ternoise (dep Pas-de-Calais), possibly Waleran (III) de Luxembourg, 1355-1415, C.Ligny & St.Pol & Roussy.

ESNF 1.2:82+202-204+229+231-234, 7:68, 3:202-203;
GEL:327; URF:1617; ETO:1047; CAM:9; LYN:542; MLC:237; LBR:85;

39 der grove von artose

1 B AO lion; semy of fleurs-de-lis {OS, BO}

C.Artois, arms of the Capet-cadets, descended from Louis VIII (r.1223-1226). The county reverted to the french crown on the marriage of Philippe V (r.1316-1322) and Jeanne, heiress of Franche-Comté & Artois. It then passed to Flanders with the marriage of their daughter Marguerite and Louis C.Flandre (d.1346) and then to the D.Bourgogne in 1384 on the death of Louis de Mâle. Flanders impaling France or an unfinished Artois.

ESNF 3.1:70; Anselme 2:3;
GRU:748; ETO:351*; WIN:760*; BEL:16*; BER:50*; URF:1223*; FW:78*; GRU:436*; NAV:11*;
BLW:59* (Artois);

40 der grove von dem turme

1 B AO tower, semy of fleurs-de-lis

la Tour d'Auvergne, at different times various branches held the titles of V.Turenne, D.Bouillon and C.Auvergne & Boulogne. The arms are drawn with a tower between two columns of 4 fleurs-de-lis each.

ESNF 10:94-99; Anselme 4:524; XDD:3725;
BER:370; BHM:2253; GRU:745; NAV:1410; URF:854;

41 die herren von murley

1 B AO lion naissant, flory

de Moreuil al. Moreuil-Soissons, from dep Somme, ar Mondidier.

Anselme 6:715; Brault RAE 2:303; Monstrelet TJ 1:358; XDP:6+491; XDC:6483-6490
BEL:61; BER:269; BHM:2981; CAM:101; ETO:664; FW:464; GEL:359; GRU:1129; LBR:357;
LYN:2154; NAV:925;

42 der grove von du

1 B OGA semy of fleurs-de-lis & bordure engrailed roundely

The arms might refer to the C.Eu in Normandy held by the Artois branch of the royal family, but they used a label castily. The present arms are more like those of the D.Alencon.

Philppe d'Artois C.Eu (1358-1397) was connétable de France and died a prisoner after Nicopolis.

ESNF 3.1:70; Ber:267 a.o. (Artois C.Eu);
GRU:742;
43 der grove von danblos
8r1 1 B OXEG semy of fleurs-de-lis & bend compony
C.Etampes (dep Essonne), held by the capetian branch of Evreux 1307-1381, when the county came to Jean de France D.Berry. Held 1421 by Richard de Bretagne, brother of Jean (VI) D.Bretagne, but contested by the Bourgogne-Valois. The arms of Étampes were Evreux differentiated. DBF 13:66+165; Anselme 2:129;
GRU:764 'grauff von damblosz'; NAV:10; RYN:488; BEL:12; GEL:319 (Etampes);

44 der hertzoge von norgidase
8r2 1 B OXEG semy of fleurs-de-lis & label compony
Possibly for a C.Angoulême. The title was bestowed on Louis D.Orleans in 1394, and to his infant son Jean (1404-1467) in 1407.
Boos LBR 142; Anselme 2:103; XRO:323 (1427, Jean, label Ar ch. crescent Gu);
GRU:518* 'herczog von norttigasse'; MIL:479* (label Gu-Ar); BER:4*; LBR:79* (label ch. crescent);
GRU:546*; RYN:502* (Angoulême; variants);

45 der herzoge von bore
8r3 1 B OO 2 barbels addorsed, crusily
D.Bar, seat in Bar-le-Duc, dep Meuse.
Anselme 5:491; ESNF 1.2:226-228; XRO:844-857; XCB:46;
BEL:9; BER:775; BHM:96;

46 der grove von damars
8r4 1 A BG barry & border
ESNF 3.4:645; DBF 10:54; XDA:43 (Renaud, 1323);
BEL:13; BER:207; BHM:1755; ETO:359*; GEL:313*;
URF:2+2792; WIN:2; FW:77*;

47 der grove von der langemat/ten in schampenigen
8v1 1 G O barruly
Not identified, possibly Grandpré (usually Or-Gu) from Champagne as UFF is the older armorial. In GRU among a mix of spanish and french items. The arms are similar to the castilian Belloch and the aragonian C.Ampurias.
ESNF 7:11-13 (Grandpré); Garcia SC 1:207 #135 (Belloch); Gonzales DH 394; Popoff HE 47 (Ampurias, >1436);
GRU:753 'grauff von der langenmate inn spannÿen';

48 der hertoge von burbun
8v2 1 B OG semy of fleurs-de-lis & bend
duc de Bourbon.
Anselme 1:311; ESNF 2:31; 3:72-76 90-91;
WIN:1021; BEL:3; NAV:7; APA:254; FW:473; CAM:3; LYN:1478; LBR:61; ETO:349*; GEL:313*;
URF:863*; BHM:1167*; MIL:478*; DWF:48*; GRU:438* (3 fleurs-de-lis & bend);

49 der grove von hartkunt
8v3 1 B OXAG semy of fleurs-de-lis & bend compony
Arms of Evreux, cadets of Capet, C.Evreux 1276-1404, and also kings of Navarre. The legend is a transposition of Harcourt, continued in Grünenberg.
DBF 13; ESNF 2:13+79, 3:642; Anselme 2:93; XDD:904;
GRU:565 'grauffe von hartkunt och genempt von hartmund'; LYN:522; RUG:431; BHM:1751*;

50 der grove von martz
8v4 1 B GO bend, flory
Probably an unfinished Bourbon la Marche, see [36].
DBF 1997:463, 1:405, 3:668, 6:1397; Anselme 2:65;

51 sant wilhelmes schilt
9r1 1 B O+ semy of fleurs-de-lis & canton sn (Or 3 crescents Gu)
An unidentified St.Wilhelm, St.William or St.Guillaume, probably copied from a source in courtoisie. This item is probably arms attributed to a saint rather than to a family. In MIL as the third of 9 religious orders.
The person might be Guillaume de Volpiano (962 - 1031) al. Guillaume de Cluny, a piemontais monk and religious reformer, who later came to be a benedictine at Cluny. Several french order use territorial arms placed on a field of France, e.g. the Cistercians.
wikipedia; McCarthy EH 91; München, BSB, cod.icon.392d:5v3; MIL:463* (3 crescents);
Châilton C.Blois, of a French family with many branches and holding several high offices. The county was sold 1391 by Guy de Châilton C.Blois (d.1397).

ESNF 7:17-23; Anselme 6:91; XDD:961 (Jean C.Blois & Chartres, 1257); XDD:972 (Gui (II) C.Blois, 1389);

ETO:614; GEL:317; BEL:742; BER:64; NAV:1074; FW:79; CAM:133; MIL:1200; GRU:705; LBR:77;

Arms of Bar, for a younger member, but without brisure, see [45]. Possibly Henri S.Oisy (d.1398), older brother of Philippe and Charles [54, 55].

Philippe de Bar, died after 1404 in a Turkish prison after being captured at Nicopolis 1396. He was a younger son of Robert D.Bar (d.1411) and Marie de Valois, daughter of Jean II king of France and a sister of Philippe 'hardi' D.Bourgogne. Philippe was a cousin of the leader of the French contingent Jean 'sans peur' (d.1419), later D.Bourgogne. Bourgogne (Valois) qtg Bar.

ESNF 1.2:228; see also [45];

Charles de Bar S.Nogent-le-Routrou, d.1393, brother of Philippe [54].

S.Lunel, see [21] in Az-Or.

GRU:1138;

D.Alencon, an apanage for member of the royal family.

ESNF 3:71; Anselme 2:255 (Alencon) + 269 (Perche); XRO:149;

GRU:744 'grauff von lauffinn'; ARK:251; BEL:15; BER:44; ETO:411; GEL:318; GRU:441; LBR:60; MIL:476; NAV:8; NLU:570; WIN:319;

Not identified.

GRU:691 'grauff von alalter';

C.Foix, dep Ariège, in the Pyrénées. Béarn qtg Foix, drawn with a single cow/bull and paly.

ESNF 11:36-40; XRA 1:175 + 201t13n2; XRL:810-828; XRO:395; XCM:351; XDF:427; BER:780; GRU:561; LBR:381; MIL:628; NAV:668; NLU:832; URF:1051; VER:785; WIN:556;
der hertonden, ein herre
gironny
Harpedane S.Belleville-sur-Vie (dep Vendée, arr Roche-sur-Yon, can Poiré).
Chenaye DN 2:870-871; XEP:120-121;
BER:837; BHM:1866; GEL:423; GRU:1158; LBR:672; LYN:2201; NAV:1289; URF:2638; VER:443;

der herre von luppe
bar
de Louppy, seat at Louppy-le-Château (can Vaubecourt, ar Bar-le-Duc, Dep Meuse).
XRL:933+4693-4696 (5 annulets in saltire);
BER:796*; BHM:2736*; NAV:652*; NLU:803*; URF:1052*; VER:779* (5 annulets in saltire);

der grove von armigag stossset / in frangrich vû an spangen
gas
C.Armagnac, seat in Armagnac (dep Gers), acquired Rodez in 1319. Rodez qtg Armagnac, miscoloured.
DBF 3:655 (1939); Boulton, 8.ColAIH 1993; ESNF 3:569; Anselme 2:499; XDD: 1207*;
XRO:455-469*;
GRU:559; BER:58*; BHM:2241*; GOR:79*; LBR:101*; LYN:569*; RUG:392* (Ar-Gu, Gu lion guard Or);
NAV:1393*;

der grove von file stoffet an frâg/rich unde an spangen
gas
l'Isle-Jourdan (dep Gers), held by a cadet line of the ancient C.Toulouse. The comté was sold in 1405
to Bourbon-Clermont.
The colours are inverted. Or a Cross Toulouse voided Gules added later in an unsteady hand.
2.Col.AIH 65; Anselme 2:703; XDD:2445+2464;
BHM:2242*; LBQ:724*; RYN:505*; URF:638* (Gu-Or);

der grove von starg stossset an/ frangrich unde en spangen
gas
C.Astarac (cne Mont-d'Astarac, can Masseube, dep Gers).
Chesnaye DN 1:876; XPG:173-175
GRU:769; LBQ:669; LBR:122; NAV:1268; RYN:510; URF:500;

die herren von munckelier
gas
Comminges, a principal family in Gascony, noted 1003-1443. Their arms were described either as
{Gu 4 spindles in saltire Ar} or {Ar cross formy Gu}.
Anselme 2:629; ENSF 3:404A-409 + 3:145-148 (Grailly) + 10:72 (V.Couserans);
LBQ:666; LBR:122; NAV:1268; RYN:510; URF:500;

die herren von nuwenburg
gas
C .Armagnac, see [64].

der herre von dem rotemberge
hare salient
Not identified. The animal might be a lynx, statant in DWF and GRU.
MIL:1436 'der vitzin von marsans'; DWF:66* 'vô sitztum'; GRU:1137* 'der fitztumb von ajannsen och

der herre von der klege in normadie
bre
de Guesclin, breton nobles, probably intended for Bertrand de Guesclin 1320-1380, S.Broons & la
Roche-Tesson, C.Longueville (in Normandy) 1364, connétable de France 1370. During the 1350'ies
and later he was very active as a routier captain in southern France and in Spain. The arms attributed
to him varies. The bend is compony on his grave in St.Denis and in GRU:1146 and NAV:738. The
present arms were probably used by his brother Oliver.
Anselme 6:178; Chenaye DN 10:45-47; XDD:197-199; XDC:4310-4311+5336, XPO:5527-5533;
BEL:58; BER:993; GEL:335; LBR:46; LYN:2178; MIL:1437; NAV:737; URF:2854; VER:569;
NAV:739*; URF:652*; VER:568* (less bend);
Not identified. V.Couserans (dep Ariège) was a title used by a branch of Comminges from 1180 to 1450 [67].

BHM:2369 'le vicote de conzevans';

V.Castelbon, a title used by a branch of Foix, see [60]. In URF:2473 as 'le visconte de chastillon' with (Q2: Or chief Sa ch. 3 lozenges Or). Mathieu de Foix V.Castelbon (o.s.p.1398) was a cousin and heir of Gaston-Phébus (d.1392) the last C.Foix. His sister Isabelle married Archimbaud de Grailly (d.1412) and brought Foix to the Grailly Captals de Buch [93].

C.Vaudemont, a cadet line of the D.Lorraine.

Ardoin, not identified. The arms were also noted on a seal of 1303 for Capendu al. de Cane Suspenso in Languedoc ((XDD:1621).

Sièrck, from Sièrck-les-Bains (ar Thionville, dep Moselle).

Sièrck, from Sièrck-les-Bains (ar Thionville, dep Moselle). Moller S 3:269-270; ESNF 7:32; Sieb 24/2.11:t10 lor; XRA 3:357; XRL:5662; XDD:3619; BER:1609; BHM:2397; GRU:1047; LYN:1772; MIL:590; NLU:639; RUG:1154; RYN:291; SGH:953; URF:1097; VER:370; WIN:531;

Argenti, unfinished, see [39].
81 der herre von dy

12v3  1  O GB  3 lions & bend 10

A cadet of Thil-en-Auxois, seat in Thil-le-Château (dep Cote-d’or, ar Montbard, can Precy-sous-Thil). ESNF 15:182-183; XDD:3689-3692;
GRU:1132; MIL:1296; BER:679*; LBQ:382*; NAV:657*; URF:1037* (variants); BHM:1631*;
LYN:1057*; BHM:1632*; LYN:1058* (qtd);

82 die herren von rist

12v4  1  O GA  chief ch. 2 swan’s heads 10

Sr. de Riste (can Homécourt, dep Meurthe-et-Moselle), cadet of maisons de Lunéville and Lützelstein. GRU:1171; MIL:1311; WIN:559;

83 die herren von munckelier

13r1  1  O G  fess dancetty 11

Not identified, same arms as Manderscheidt and lorrarian Siersberg and Dillingen / Duellange. Possibly from Franche-Comté. GRU:1040; MIL:1312;

84 der herre von nuwenburg

13r2  1  A G  bend 11

Probably a cadet of the Neuchâtel (Dramelay) from Neuchâtel-Urtière (dep Doubs, ar Montbéliard, can Pont-de-Roide). ESNF 11:137-143 (Dramelay); XRA 3:26-28;
MIL:1313; BER:720*; ETO:1057*; CAM:260*; LYN:1071*; LBQ:345*; URF:1018* (Gu-

85 der herre von rotemberge

13r3  1  O GA  eagle ch. sixfoil 11

Rougemont, noted 1222-1475, in dep Doubs (Franche-Comté), several branches, incl. Faucogney-Villersexel and Belvoir. ESNF 15:153+160;
MIL:1315; BER:728*; LBQ:1628*; LBQ:56*; LYN:1054*; MIL:1541*; NAV:671*; URF:54*;

86 der herre von gliers

13v1  1  G O  sun in splendour 11

Glère & Froberg/Montjoie, with seat nr Bruntrut in Alsace. In MAN Wilhelm von Gliers (1267-1317) is shown sitting and looking at a dpiyrych.
ESNF 11:152;
BER:696; MAN:28; MIL:1314;

87 der herre von reigiers

13v2  1  G A  key in pale 11

Not identified, most likely a comtois noble. The arms were proposed for the austrian Egger in Loutsch MIL and are similar to those of Baux [13]. GRU:1135; MIL:1304 ‘her von reiges’;

88 der herre von versey

13v3  1  A G  3 cinquefoils 11

Vergy, sénéchal hereditaire de Bourgogne. The arms are drawn as roses and miscoloured. ESNF 3:436-438; Chesnaye DN 19:615; Anselme 7:34-35;
BER:707*; BHM:1624*; CAM:271*; ETO:1025*; FW:502*; GEL:384*;

89 der herre von vianne

13v4  1  G OB  eagle ch. escallop 11

Arms of the Vienne branches Antigny-Pagny-Ste.Croix of the maison Neublans. ESNF 3:451-452 (Ste.Croix) + 455 (Pagny); Chesnaye DN 19:712-722; XCB:522-528;
BEL:55*; BER:704*; BHM:1622*; BHM:1817*; ETO:1041*; FW:73*; GEL:387*;

90 der grave von baren

13v4  1  B O  fish naiant, crusily 11

Repeat of Bar, see [45].

91 der herre von fagkeney

14r1  1  O GA  bend ch. 3 roses 06

Faucogney al. Fawkoner al. Fawkeny, from Middlesex, no details. DBA 2:32 (paly on bend 3 trefoils)}
GRU:1178; MIL:1318;
92 der kunig von engellant  

14r2 semy of fleurs-de-lis; 3 lions past guard; =; = {BO, GO}  

Arms of France qtg England, as adopted by Edward III and used 1340-1405.  

Royal crown above shield.

93 der lapdal von butz  

14r3 1 O S cross  

de Grailly Captal de Buch, i.e. captain of Chateau de Buch al. la Teste (dep Landes, Aquitaine), but their ancient seat was in Grilli, 5 km E of Gex (dep Ain) in ancient Savoie. Later counts of Foix.  

Unfinished arms.  

ESNF 3:147; Anselme 2:381; GEC 8:127; XPG:284-285* (c1356);  

GRU:1170; LBQ:317; MIL:1319; BEL:1723*; BER:1189*; BHM:1861*; FW:362*; GEL:425*;  

LBR:418*; NAV:1278*; URF:1112* (ch. 5 escallops Ar);  

94 der hertzoge von lantkastel  

14r4 3 lions past guard; 4 pales; =, = {GO, AG}  


The arms are confounded: England qtg a miscoloured Aragon - a different country. The proper arms of Lancaster qtg Castille can be found in URF:130 and WJ:55.  

Goodman JG; GEC 7:378;  

95 der herre von calorsley  

14v1 1 A GS fess betw 3 calves  

Hugh Calverley, o.s.p.1394, of Bunbury (Cheshire), fought in Brittany 1341, becoming a senior commander in the french wars, keeper of Channel Islands 1373, captain of Calais 1375. His success paved the way for several members of his family, incl. his nephew Hugh jr. (d.1393), and his nephew John (d.1403).  

ODNB 9:565-568; Sumpton HY 3:20 a.o.; Roskell C 2:466; CIPM 17:619; CPR 1373:291; CCR 1392:40-41; DBA; XEL:1149 (Hugh, 1387);  

BEL:1315; GEL:620; LBQ:3028; S:84; TJ:1481; URF:200; WJ:597; BHM:1993*; ETO:801*;  

LYN:646*; NLU:174*;  

96 der herre von tursche  

14v2 lion; bend {GO, AB}  

Durfort de Duras, prominent in Guyenne.  

ESNF 10:105-122; Anselme 5:715; Jequier MD = AH (1982) 7-12, 37-42; XDD:2060-2061* (Q2, Durfort);  

GRU:1167; LBQ:645*; RYN:635*; URF:434* (Q2); BER:895* (x4); NAV:1335* (x4); LBQ:642*;  

RYN:631*; URF:430* (qtd);  

97 der grove von der marg  

14v3 Barry acc. escutcheon & chief paly and corners gironny  

Mortimer of Wigmore, english noble family, E.March, in the Marches of Wales.  


BER:1698; FW:94; GEL:562; GRU:695; MIL:1428; N:16; NAV:1461; URF:150; WJ:60;  

98 der grove von nort  

14v4 1 O B lion rampant  

Percy of Topcliffe in Yorkshire, created E.Northumberland 1377. Descended from Henry Percy (d.1198), eldest son of Jocelyn de louvain and Agnes Percy.  

Burke PB 2:2117-2127; GEC 10:435-472 (Percy E.Nhum); ESNF 3:470-713; DBA 1:118-120 (seals);  

BER:1676; BHM:1955; GEL:566; LYN:610; N:26; NAV:1471; URF:176;  

99 der grove von ker  

15r1 1 A B vair in pale  

Possibly the M.Varano from Ferrara and Camerino, vicars of the Holy See during 13C-16C.  

On top of page 'disse herren ligent in der margke', i.e. the March of Ancona on the Adriatic.  

Rolland 6:80n30, M.Varano, in Ferrara {Ar-Az}; Crollalanza D 3:69-70 (Ar-Vt);  

MIL:1369* 'graf von ker' (Ar-Az);
100 der herre von firme
15r2 1 O X GA lion qty
Not identified.
MIL:1370 'her von furme';

101 der grove von urbin
15r3 1 O B 3 eagles
 Probably a confounded version of the arms of Montefeltro. Guidantonio di Montefeltro, C.Urbino,
former gran conestabile de Napoli, but an important papal vassal before the Council of Constance,
when he changed his allegiance to the neapolitan Anjou. In 1465, his son, Federico, KG 1474, was
appointed papal gonfaloniere.
Crollalanza D 2:163; VIS:364n8Q2; VIS:261n3*; KCR:762* (Or bendy Az acc. eagle in chf dx Sa);
MIL:1371 'graff von urbin';

102 die herren von ese
15r4 1 S X AB bend lozy
Not identified.
MIL:1372* 'her von ese' (per fess Sa-Ar & bend checky Ar-Az);

103 der herre von berne
15v1 1 G A ladder per pale
von den Leiter (d.1441), one of the 6 sons of Guglielmo (d.1404), the last Scala to rule Verona for
only a week before his death and the family's flight to Germany. Paolo was appointed bavarian
Hofmeister in 1425, and married Amaila von Fraunberg c.1433. He assumed the title of HRR Vicar of
Verona & Vicenza in 1438 after his brother Brunoro and his son Johan that of Herr von Bern &
Vicenza.
On top of page 'disse herren ligent in lamparten'.
ESNF 16:1-4; VIS:191n1; Crollalanza D 2:500-501;
ARK:153; BEL:199; BER:1529; BHM:2376; ING:255; KCR:712; LYN:1680; MIL:971; RUG:1194;
RYN:151; SGH:82; STU:347

104 der grove von leyter
15v2 1 G A 2 wheels doubled with bull's head isst to dx
Not identified, but the legend was misread and transposed from UFF:103 Scala al. von der Leiter.
MIL:1378 'graff von der leitenen';

105 der herre von padouwe
15v3 1 A G bend ch. 4 wheels
The family of Papafava-Carrarisi al. di Carrara, signore di Padova, later with ducal rank. The arms
comes in several pictorial variants.
Crollalanza D 1:243; Reinhardt FI 149-154;
ERS:80; LLG:8; ING:254*; KCR:637*; STU:335*; VRN:773*; BER:1525*; HBG:152*; KCR:368*;

106 der herre von mantouwel und der grove von bitz
15v4 1 O S barry
Gonzaga, lords of Mantua.
Reinhardt FI 287; Crollalanza 1:491; Sieb 4/1.3A:t012;
BER:1524; MIL:1379; RUG:875; RYN:388; DWF:105*; ING:247*; BHM:163* (qtd);

107 die herren von walhusen
16r1 1 O G castle
Fhr. von Wohlhausen, noted 1173-1437, seat in Burg Wohlhausen (Wolhusen, can Luzern) on the
approach to Entlibuch on the Emme.
Merz ZUR 221; HHSIS 170+369+725 a.o.; Rolland 6:156n13+17;
GRU:898; HZL:38; KCR:827; MIL:1156;

108 der grove von habestburg
16r2 1 O G lion rampant
Gf. Habsburg, stamseat in can Aargau of the family who were also dukes of Austria and held the
imperial throne for most of the time from Rudolf (r.1272-1291) to 1918. The county was sold to
Zürich and then canton Aargau, but the family continued to use the arms and title.
ESNF 1.1:38-46; Gall W 146; Hupp ARL 181n2;
BHM:133; DWF:140; ETO:19; HZL:2; ING:13; KCR:724; LYN:488; MIL:574; RUG:547; SGH:22;
109 der grove von buchecke
16 3  O G
3 roses in pale
Fhr. von Buchegg, noted 1130, extinct 1355, seat at Burg Buchegg, can Solothurn.
ESNF 12:112; HHStS 111 a.o.; Sieb A 174+338 + Sieb Si2:13 Gf;
ZUR:33*; MIL:1157*; GRU:916*;

110 der grove von frohburg
16 4  O Z
eagle
Fhr. von Frohburg al. Montjoie, seat at Frohburg on the Hauenstein ob Olten in Waldenburgertal (Gem. Trimbach, can Solothurn).
ESNF 12:113 + 19:148-151; Merz ZUR 27; Suter KB 157; HHStS 221 a.o.;
HZL:14; MIL:1398; ZUR:28; GRU:908*;

111 der grove von tierstein
16 1  O GV
doe on terrace
GF.Tierstein, noted 1173-1519, seats at Burg Alt-Thierstein nr Oberfrick (Bz. Laufenburg, can Aargau) and Neuthierstein nr Büsserach (can Solothurn). They held the offices of Landrichter in Thurgau 1396 and in Aargau, and LGf.Buchsgau & Sisgau.
ESNF 11:132; HHStS 640; XRL:783-787;
BHM:143; DWF:113; GRU:590; ING:316; KCR:99;

112 die herren von ramestein
16 2  O SA
2 staves flory in saltire
Fhr. von Ramstein, a variant. In KCR for Thüring von Ramstein, 1377-1420, Fhr.Gilgenberg & Zwingen, husband of Adelaide, daughter of Thiebaud (VI) de Neuchâtel and Marguerite de Bourgogne-Ivrea.
ESNF 11:129; Kindler OB 3:323; XDD:3361;
BLW:489; GRU:906; ING:334; KCR:828; MIL:726; OHM:46; SGH:1481; STY:62;

113 die herren von behsburg
16 3  O GS
tierced per fess
Fhr. von Bechburg, seat at Burg Neu-Bechburg in can Solothurn / Soleuvre.
Pusikan S t2n1; HHStS 45 a.o.; Hupp ARL:153n4;
GRU:947; MIL:1159; ZUR:162; ZUR:533;

114 der senne ein firge
16 4  O GA
cross of saint Anthony
Probably Senn von Münsingen, noted 1223-1375. Fhr., in kiburger service, held Hft.Buchegg in 1338. The arms are drawn as a Hauptpfahl.
Merz ZUR 80; Rolland 4:264 aut; Sieb Si2:31;
GRU:973; MIL:1158; ZUR:381;

115 der kunig von bemut
17 1  O S
semy of fleurs-de-lis
Not identified.
Royal crown above shield.
MIL:208* 'der kunig von bemunt' (Or-Az)

116 die herren von
17 2  O SV
bend of lozenges acc. 2 branches
Riccio da Fogliano, from Reggio nell Emilia, but also prominent in Modena and Piacenza.
Crollalanza D 1:417;
MIL:1361 'her von fill';

117 die herren von ventze
17 3  A B
qaly
Manfredi S.Faenza, from Bologna-Romana.
In center of page 'dis sint die herren in romanie'.
Crollalanza D 2:62*; Reinhardt FI 331; Rolland 4:133* (Or-Az); VIS:231n8*;
GRU:1052; MIL:1362;

118 die herren von minniel
17 4  O B
eagle
The Alidosi ruled Imola (32 km SE of Bologna) 1272-1424.
Crollalanza DH 1:31;
MIL:1365;
119  der grove von barbian

17v1  1 AS  pily-paly

Ruffo-Barbiano, see [17].
MIL:1367 ‘graf von barbarbian’;

120  der maltesche von vinnel

17v2  1 XAS OG  lozenge & 3 bends & border indented company

Malatesta, family who were papal vicars and signori di Rimini 1295-1500. They held a number of
towns in Romagna and were famous condottieri.
Crollalanza D 2:53-54; Reinhardt Fl 324; VIS:213n1
KCR:462; MIL:1368; VRN:702; KCR:60*; BER:1513*; NAV:639*; RYN:378*;

121  rafenne

17v3  1 OX GB  eagle doubleheaded qty

Polenta S.Ravenna, but also prominent in Verona, Bologna and Modena.
Crollalanza D 2:355-356;
MIL:1160; VIS:262n8;

122  der capteniye von verlin

17v4  1 V OOV  barruly & chief ch. lion isst

Ordelaffi, captain of Forli from 1276.
Crollalanza D 2:233-234;
MIL:1366 ‘capteni von flin’;

123  der grove von dagestburg

18r1  1 A SOG  lion and escarbuncle & border

Linange al. Leiningen C.Dagsburg (Dabo, can Phalsbourg, ar Sarrebourg, dep Moselle), close to the
alsatian border. Leiningen (3 eagles) is in [487].
On top of page ‘disse herrê ligent in elsas’.
The escarbuncle is over all.
Sieb 24/2.11.1 lor; ESNF 4:24-29; XCM:180Q2+3; XRL:478;
GRU:665; MIL:1003; NLU:700; WIN:604*;

124  der grove von richemberg

18r2  1 GO  chief ch. chevron

Gf.Reichenberg, a cadet of Lützelstein al. Petit-Pierre [370], noted 1302, seat in Burg Reichenberg
(Gem.Bergheim, Kr. Rappoltsweiler / Ribeauville, c-l-a, dep Haut-Alsace).
Kindler OB 3:396;
DWF:954;

125  der lantgrove in elias

18r3  1 G AO  bend betw 2 cotices fleurety

Arms of Bas-Alsace, a habsburger Erblehen.
MIL:47+607; STU:293;

126  die herren von rapoltzstein

18r4  1 A G  3 escutcheons

von Rappoltstein al. Ribeaupiere. The heiress of the ancient family, noted 1022-1156, married into
the swabian Urslingen, which took over the barony and seat at Burg Rappoltstein al. Ch.Haut-
ESNF 11:80-82; Möller S 2:154; Kindler OB 3:384-388; Hupp ARL 260n1; XRL:5347-5362;
BER:1126; BHM:195; BLW:455; GRU:976; HZL:20; ING:330; KCR:6050; MIL:591; NLU:755;
RUG:1150; STU:159; STY:459; URF:1061; ZUR:385;

127  die herren von bollewilre

18v1  1 B GO  pale ch. 3 chevrons inv

Fhr. von Bollweiler, seat at Bollwiller 13 km NW of Mulhouse (dep Haut-Rhin), Fhr. 1454, extinct
1616.
Kindler OB 1:139;
MIL:1330; BLW:72*; ING:279*; SGH:1097*; STU:294*; GRU:891*; ZUR:387*;

128  die herren von der dicke

18v2  1 GO  6 fleurs-de-lis (3:2:1)

von der Dicke moved from Dyck nr Reuss in Rheinland to Strasbourg during 13C, extinct 1386.
Kindler OB 1:221;
MIL:1331;
129 die herren von horburg

18v3 1 A GS fess acc. mullet in chf sn

Fhr. von Horburg al. Harburg, seat at Burg Horburg nr Colmar (dep Haut-Rhin).
Kindler OB 2:106-107;
GRU:481; MIL:1332; SGG:1072; GRU:945*; BLW:612*; ING:586*; SGG:1165*;

130 die herren von ettendorf

18v4 eagle; saltire {OG, OS}

von Ettendorf, ministeriales noted 1155, seat at Ettendorf between Hochfelden and Pfaffenhofen (dep Bas-Alsace). The arms belong the the younger house descended from Reimbold von Saarbrücken Hr.Hohenfels and the heiress Mena von Ettendorf, married in 1352.
Kindler OB 1:320-321; Sieb 2:28;
MIL:1333; WGH:325n;

131 der herre von slemp

19r1 1 G A fess embattled-counterembattled

von Nesselrode, noted 1337, seat at Burg Nesselrath an der Wupper betw Solingen and Opladen (Kr. Rhein-Wupper, N-W). The younger line, Nesselrode zu Reichenstein, held the offices of Erbämmer & Erbmarschalck von Berg by 1481.
Krus eR 309-311 #65; Kneschke D 6:471-474; Fahne KJ 1:302 + 2:100-106; XRA 3:24;
MIL:1334 'her von schlemp'; BEL:1147; BHM:1032; DWF:707; GEL:1285; GRU:1625; ING:881;
LYN:98 (Nesselrode);

132 der herre von erkel

19r2 1 A G 2 bars embattled-counterembattled

van Arkel, prominent family from the Netherlands, who for a short time held the duchy of Geldern.
ESNF 5:167-171; Sieb 4:t80; XRA 1:179; XDD:10822;
APA:177; BEL:749; BHM:1046; BLW:814; GEL:1017; GRU:2039; LYN:105; MIL:626; QDB:321;
RUG:1159; URF:2289; VER:353;

133 die herren von gasbegke

19r3 1 B A swan

Not identified, possibly canting arms for goose-stream. One S.Gaesbeck was Louvain S.Gaesbeck & Leeuw {Sa lion Ar}, cadet of D.Brabant, antoher was Zuylen S.Gaesbeck. The arms were also attributed to a flemish 'le seigneur de rabecque / <runzee>' in LBQ:2118.
MIL:1336 'her von gasbegke';

134 der grove von hurn

19r4 1 O B 3 bugle-horns stringed in pale

The present arms are unusual.
XRA 2:108; Fahne KJ 1:114; ESNF 18:62-65 + 14:122; Sieb 4:t141; XRA 2:108; XCB:319;
MIL:1337 'her von hurn';

135 die herre vo ehdingen in hengros

19v1 1 A S lion q.f. cr.

Not identified, probably a lordship in Hainaut / Hennegau named Edingen or Echtingen, but another possibility would be Echingen outside Boulogne, which agrees with the arms of Fiennes.
Anselme 6:167-171 + 172-178 (cadets); Chesnaye DN 8:38-50 (Fiennes);
MIL:1344* 'her von echttingen in henges' (not q.f.);

136 der herre von der lecke

19v2 1 A S 3 crescents (2:1)

Wassenaer S.Leck, a widely spread and influential family in the Low Countries with several branches and colour variations in the arms. The present arms were used by the sublines of Duivenvoorde, Polanen, Breda and Leck.
ESNF 8:42; Hemricourt M 113;
MIL:1345; BHM:252; GEL:814; BEL:661; ETO:264; LYN:1159; URF:2295;

137 der herre von binsbroch

19v3 1 B A lion rampant

Not identified, but possibly a misreading of Heemskerk in Holland (XRA 2:47; ETO:283 a.o.).
MIL:1346 'her von binsbruch';
138 die herren von abkolden

Fhr. von Culembourg (Zuylen-Abcoude). Zuylen qtg Gaesbeck (Louvain), see also [549].
Clemmensen OM; ESNF 8:44; XRA 1:159 + 4:346;
MIL:1347 ‘her von abkolden’; GRU:875; SGH:998 (Culembourg); NLU:1376*; HM:593*; GEL:1567*;
BEL:892* (variants);

139 der grove von bret

Probably Patrizi, patricians from Siena, noted 1226, later in Rome, Napoli and Gaeta.
Crollalanza D 2:296 (Patrizi); Rolland 1:175, Gf, aut; Sieb Si3:10 (Beningen, cr: 2 oval fans ch.
MIL:1349 'graaff von bret'; GRU:785 'grauff von beningen';

140 de herr von ippel

Not identified, probably from Toscana.
MIL:1350 'her von ijpel';

141 der perfecte, ein grove in tuscan/ in florencier lant

Not identified. Vanni Appiani, patricians in Pisa, used {Or greyhound rampant colleted Sa} in
Crollalanza D 3:69;
MIL:1351 'graf in tuchant';

142 der grove von dalmant in tuschan

Not identified.
MIL:1352 'graaff von dalmantin';

143 der margise von montferrer

M.Monferrato in Piemonte, inherited 1458 by a cadet of Palaelogos, titular king of Thessalia & Sr
souv Casale-Montferrato & Ivrea & Vercelli.
On top of page 'dis sin die herren im benimunt', i.e. Piémont.
Crollalanza 2:155; ESNF 2:185; VIS:222n4H; XDD:11667;
MIL:1353; BEL:197; BER:1522; GEL:26; MIL:970; NAV:626; RYN:136; VRN:715;
GRU:532*; LYN:494*;

144 der margise von malespine

Malaspina, from Lunigian in Reggio Emilia, later in Pisa, Padova, Milano and Verona, used several
variants of their arms.
Drawn as a natural hawthorn with black branches and white flowers/berries.
Sieb 4/1.3A:t59-62; Crollalanza D 2:53;
MIL:1358; BER:1575* (Or hawthorn Sa); VIS:227n1*;

145 der margise von salutz

Rolland 5:235; Crollalanza D 2:472;
BEL:200; BER:1081; BHM:188; DWF:63; GRU:533; KCR:113; LYN:497; MIL:1359; NAV:628;
SGH:1013; STY:465;

146 der margise von zefen

Not identified.
MIL:1360 'margraff von zefen';

147 die herren von ohssenstein

Fhr. von Ochsenstein, seat at Burg Ochsenstein nr Reinhardtsmunster (fmr. Kr. Zabern / ar Saverne, 
dep Haut-Rhin). One of the 4 Edle in the Quadrerionen.
Sieb 2/1.1.3:83 + 15/7:2:t26; ESNF 11:74; Möller S 1:18; Kneschke D 5:561; Kindler OB 3:261;
BLW:695; GRU:904; ING:944; KCR:979; MIL:68; RUG:1160; SGH:237; STY:394; WIN:659;
die herren von lichtenberg


die herren von von geroltzecke in den wahssichen

von Geroldseck, Fhr, noted 1112-1403, seat Geroldseck am Wasischen (arr Saverne / Zabern, dep Bas-Rhin).

Möller S 1:10; Kindler OB 1:436; Merz ZUR 170; XDD:3142; MIL:1202; ZUR:453;


die herren von batzendorf

Not identified. Batzendorf (in Bavaria) is {Az on bend Ar 3 roses Gu} in Rolland 1:141, but this item is among alsatians and there is another Batzendorf legend in [564].


der hertzoge von lutzelnburg

Arms of the House of Luxembourg.

On top of page 'disse herren ligent und' dem hertzoge vô lutzelnburg', i.e. Luxembourg.


der grove von salme

Gf.Salm-en-Ardennes, cadet of Gf.Luxembourg, separated in 1163, and split into several branches from Luxembourg into Westphalia and Lorraine. The arms are often crusily.

ESNF 4:92-95 + 108-112; Sieb 4:t303; Köbler HL 71+604-604; Kneschke D 8:24; Möller S 2:148; Sieb 24/2.11:t1 XDD:1435; BHM:1701*; GEL:1501*; BLW:816; GEL:1498; GRU:876; RYN:185; 


der herre von bolichem


Möller S 4:46; ESNF 7:47; Hauptmann MW 28; BHM:1701*; LYN:1447*; MIL:1205*;


die herren von rodenbach

Fhr. von Rodemack & Hr.Kronenberg, seat in Rodemack (dep Moselle).

ESNF 7:48-52; Möller S 2:157; Sieb 24/2.11:t9 lor; XRA 3:247; XRA 1:491t50n4; XDD:3431; BER:1202; BHM:1689; BLW:816; GEL:1498; GRU:876; LYN:1434; MIL:1206; NLU:1206; RYN:185; UR:2312;


der grove von veringen

Gf.Veringen, noted 1054 as Gf.Althausen (Altshausen, Kr. Saulgau), name change c.1134 to Veringen, had Nellenburg as cadet by 1170, extinct 1415.

HHStD 6:19; Kindler OB 1:347; Sieb 23/6.2:28+t25; SGH:1070*; MIL:1225*; OHM:66*; OHM:74* (Or-Az); ZUR:87*;


der grove von herrenberg

Gf.Herrenberg (Tübingen), the county sold to Württemberg 1382.

DWF:137; GRU:468; ING:310; KCR:955; MIL:1135; OHM:159; RUG:844; SGH:1063; ZUR:132; see also [159];
157 der grove vo friburg

Fürstenberg Gf.Freiburg-im-Breisgau, seat at Alt-Fürstenberg (Kr. Donaueschingen, B-W).
BHM:113; GEL:21; BEL:215; BHM:1450; LYN:430; DWF:111; KCR:739; ZUR:37*; ING:299*;

158 die herren von usemberg

Fhr. von Usenberg, noted 1050, seat in Üsenberg nr Endingen (Kr. Emmendingen, Breisgau, B-W).
The held the office of Vogt des baseler Bistums im Kaiserstuhl und Breisach; extinct c.1410.
ESNF 11:125; Möller S 3:240; Rolland 6:64;
BLW:124*; GRU:915*; HBG:27*; ING:274*; MIL:597*; OHM:191*; ZUR:295*;

159 der pfaltzgrove von tuwingen

ESNF 12:47-55; Sieb 23/6.2:t7;
BLW:395; GRU:467; HBG:149; ING:311; KCR:723; DWF:137*; MIL:1135*; ZUR:132*;

160 der herren von swartzemb'g

Fhr. von Schwarzberg. Two families, the elder, in 12C held the office of Freivogt von Waldkirch (Kr. Emmendingen) and had their seat at the nearby Burg Schwarzenberg. Their name and arms were adopted by men from Schweiz, which came c.1260 into the Eltztal and Breisgau. They became extinct 1459;
HHStD 6:121+147+716; DWF:1024; GRU:919; HZL:129; KCR:808; MIL:1042; ZUR:466;

161 die herren von von geroldzecke

Fhr. von Geroldseck, several branches, seat at Hohengeroldseck nr Biberach (Kr. Ortenau, B-W).
Sieb 1:19; Kindler OB 1:433; ESNF 11:77-79; Möller S 1:12; HHStD 6:252; XDD:2273;
DWF:168; GRU:866; ING:324; KCR:854; MIL:589; OHM:179; QDB:280; RUG:1136; SGH:1102;
STU:126; WIN:634;

162 der margrove von baden

ESNF 1.2:266-272; Sieb 1/7.1:52-53+31-35;
BEL:1546; BER:1253; BHM:41; BLW:109; DWF:786; GEL:10; GRU:101; ING:137; KCR:83;
KCR:666; LYN:259; MIL:584; NLU:54;

163 der grove von wurtemberg

Gf&Hz.Württemberg. Eberhard 'im Bart' (r.1449-1496) was created duke in 1492.
ESNF 1.2:256;
BEL:202; BER:1264; BHM:101; BLW:89; DWF:108; GEL:236; HZL:9; ING:294; KCR:578; LYN:233;
MIL:535; RUG:837; STU:42; URF:2430;

164 der grove von eberstein

Gf.Eberstein, seat at Alt- and Neu-Eberstein, nr Gernsbach (Kr. Rastatt, B-W), extinct 1660.
ESNF 12:28; Möller S 1:8; Sieb 1:14 + 2:14 + 20/6.7, nas; XRL:5121;
BLW:367; GRU:598; HBG:136; ING:298; KCR:742; LYN:278; NLU:44; NLU:712; RUG:1036;
SGH:1044; STU:46;

165 der grove von landouwe

The Landaus were a cadet line of the Gf.Württemberg-Grüningen and used their arms.
ESNF 3:1.46; Sieb 23/6.2:117; Kindler OB 2:421; Hupp ARL 249n2;
BEL:198; BLW:828; DWF:544; GEL:9; GRU:1389; ING:455; KCR:865; LBQ:3434; MIL:783;
OHM:88; RUG:1346; SGH:1107; STU:92; STY:106; ZUR:88;
166 der grove von öttingen

167 der grove von helfenstein

168 die herren von grindenach
Possibly Grindlach al. Gründlach, ancestors of Berg, ministerialen, noted 1267-1303, seat at Grossgrundlach nr Erlangen, bore {Gu 2 lions passant guardant Or :imp: bendy Or-Sa}. Their lands were inherited by Hohenlohe. The references in Loutsch MIL are wrong. Sieb 22/6.1.1:72+30+t28 and Sieb F 51+t81n10; GRU:962; MIL:1171.

169 die herren von rossewag
von Rosswag (Kr. Vaihingen, B-W), noted 1260-1341. Sieb 23/6.2:24+138+t22+75; MIL:1241 'her von rosswag'; MIL:1168; GRU:476*; SGH:1057* (inv.).

170 die herren von mogenheim
von Magenheim, noted 1246-1367, seat sold 1288, Burg Magenheim in OA. Brackenheim im Neckar (Kr. Heilbronn, B-W). They held the town of Bönnigheim (Kr. Besigheim) of Abp.Mainz. Also in [971]. Möller S 3:233; Sieb 23/6.2:19+t18 wurt; HHSiD 6:441-442; GRU:971; MIL:1168; GRU:476*; SGH:1057* (inv.).

171 der grove von hohemberg vô/ nagolt ûn vô .. berg
Gf.Hohenberg & Haigerloch, cadets of Hohenzollern, noted 11C, extinct 1486, held the office of Erbmarschall von Würzburg. They took their name from Burg Hohenberg nr Spachingen (Kr. Tuttlingen, B-W), held also Haigerloch (Kr. Hechingen, B-W). The lordship Nagold was sold to Württemberg 1363 and Hohenberg itself to Habsburg 1381. The Minnesanger Albrecht Gf.Hohenberg & Heigerloch (c.1235-1298) belonged to this family. Sieb 2:12 + 22/6.1:t43 + 23/6.2:8+115; Walter MAN 36; Krieger HM 151; BHM:184; BLW:68+397; DWF:139+237; GRU:586+834; HBG:135; ING:276+304; LYN:473; MAN:18; MIL:551; NLU:869; QDB:35; SGH:1086; STU:299; ZUR:25.

172 der marggrove von hochberg, von rötteln un susenberg
Arms of Baden, for a cadet line, see [162]. ESNF 1.2:266-272;

173 die herren von flörichingen
S.Florange al. Flörchingen al. Florennes, cadet of Lorraine, separated 1179, extinct 1420. ESNF 1.2:204+222; XRA 1:457; XCM:672; XRL:164+3921; MIL:1223; NLU:771; RYN:208; VER:42; WIN:533;
174 der grove von kirchberg

24r4 1 A SA  [woman holdig mitre]

GF Kirchberg. Their seat was at Oberkirchberg (OA. Laupheim, Kr. Ulm, B-W). The surviving branch became extinct 1510.

Arms: lady holding a tournerhelm crested with mitre.

Sieb 2:21; Rolland 3:321; ESNF 12:7:5-76; HHSitD 6:495; Hupp ARL 232n4;

BHM:197; BLW:352; DWF:127; GRU:594; HBG:141; ING:300; KCR:718; MIL:543; OHM:151;

QDB:40; RUG:1034; SGH:1076; STU:93; ZUR:135;

175 die herren von krenkingen

24v1 1 BXAG  [chief paly]

Fhr. von Krenkingen Hr. Tiengen. This important family was noted 1174, and held Burg Krenkingen (Kr. Waldshut, B-W). A younger line Krenkingen zu Weissenburg held the nearby Roggenburg. Krenkingen-Tiengen controlled 4 castles and the passages across the Kleine Rande east of Bodensee.

Rolland 6:154n19 (Weissembourg); Kindler OB 2:367-374; ESNF 12:101-103; HHSitD 6:360;

BLW:458; GRU:897; ING:323; MIL:586; RUG:1384; SGH:1304; STY:479; GRU:895*; KCR:818*; ;

ZUR:147*; MIL:369*;

176 die herren von lupfen

24v2 1 AS  [chief]

GF Lupfen & Hr. Rappolstein & Hohnack & Hewen, held the offices of LGf. Stühlingen and Landvogt in Thurgau, extinct 1582. Their seat was at Lupfen auf Lupferberg bei Thalheim (Kr. Tutlingen, B-W).

ZUR:148*; MIL:548*; DWF:124*; ING:315*; GRU:587*; MIL:997*; KCR:714* (Ar-Az);

177 die herren von klingen

24v3 1 SAO [lion cr., billety]

von Klingensgt Altenklingen, noted ultimo 10C, seat at Burg Alten-Klingen nr Märstetten (Bz. Weinfelden, can Thurgau). The Minnesanger Walther von Klingens was of this family.

ESNF 12:88-89; Kindler OB 2:298; Wather MAN #22;

DWF:162; KCR:813; MAN:22; OHM:81; ARK:233*; ZUR:138*; HZL:59*; MIL:1221*; GRU:892*

178 der grove von wissemberg

24v4 1 BXAG [chief paly]

Krenkingen zu Weissenburg, see [175].

179 der grove von dem heiligenberg

25r1 1 AS [bend dancetty]

GF Heiligenberg, GF. Domvogt von Konstanz, noted 1051, seat at Heiligenberg (BA. Pfullendorf, Kr. Sigmaringen, B-W), GF., descended from Eppo de Sancto Monte through Heinrich (fl.1051-1069). Extinct 1298 with Berchtold (III), who sold the county to Werdenberg (Montfort).

Sieb 23/6.119; ESNF 12:50; Kindler OB 2:19; Merz ZUR 22;

ARK:225; BLW:369; DWF:120; ING:306; KCR:717; LYN:1700; MIL:560; OHM:147; RUG:1042;

STU:57; ZUR:133;

180 der grove von nellenburg

25r2 1 OB 3 antlers in pale

GF Nellenburg, a principal family in the Bodensee area, cadet of GF Althausen al. Veringen, noted 889, extinct 1422 into Tengen, seat at Nellenburg (Kr. Stockach, B-W).

ESNF 12:85 (Eberhardinger) + 12:86-87 (Veringer); HHSitD 6:19+465-466; Sieb 1:16; Hupp ARL 318n5;

ARK:226; DWF:121; GRU:826; HZL:26; ING:314; KCR:5; MIL:559; NLU:1051; OHM:148; QDB:52;

SGH:1090; STU:54; ZUR:27;

181 die herren von rusecke

25r3 1 OS [unicorn salient]

Fhr. von Rüseck, noted 1075-1483, Vogt of Abbey of Muri, seat in Reusegg (Gem. Meienberg, Bz. Muri, can Aargau).

Merz ZUR 135; Kindler OB 3:670; DHBS 5:614; Rolland 5:213n3;

DWF:802; ERF:62; GRU:861; KCR:892; STY:305; HZL:39*; OHM:195*; KCR:840*;
182 die herren von hewen  

25r4 1 O SO  chief ch. mullet  

Fhr. von Hewan al. Höwen, a major family in Hegau with seat at Burg Hohenhewen nr Engen (Kr. Konstanz, B-W).
Kindler OB 2:59; HHSStD 6:349; ESNF 12:96-97; Kneschke D 4:354;
HBM:3190; GRU:854; HZL:10; KCR:544; LYN:1705; MIL:592; QDB:306; ZUR:150; BLW:456*;
DWF:161*; ING:319*; QDB:283*; RUG:1132*; SGH:1017*;

183 der grove von vatze  

25v1 1 O S  2 lions passant  

Not identified. Probably a mislabeling of the lion arms with the name of Vaz from Graubünden (GRU:824, ZUR:137).
MIL:1167 'graffe von saltz' + 1229 'graffe von fatz';

184 der grove von bregenze  

25v2 1 A G  gonfanon  

Gf.Feldkirch & Bregenz, held by a branch of Montfort, acquired by Habsburg c.1390. The principal arms of Montfort, which their ancient seat at Burg Montfort on the Bodensee (Kr. Tettnang, B-W).
Bregenz came to to Habsburg in 1451.
ESNF 12:53; Sieb 26.1/4.4:308 a.o.;
MIL:1134 'graffe von bregentz'; ARK:223; BER:1263; BLW:366; DWF:114; ETO:28;
GEL:133; GRU:794; HBG:134; HZL:28; ING:66; KCR:95;

185 der grove von dem heiligenberg  

25v3 1 A S  gonfanon  

Gf.Heiligenberg (Montfort), see [179] for the Heiligenberg arms and GRU:580 for the arms qtd.
MIL:545 'graff von hailgenberg'; ZUR:128; GRU:475; STY:504; SGH:1064 (Montfort, Glattberg);

186 der grove von montfort  

25v4 1 G O  gonfanon  

Rarely used for Monfort, but for Herrenberg (Kr. Tübingen).
DWF:137; GRU:468; ING:310; KCR:955; MIL:1135; OHM:159; RUG:844; SGH:1063; STU:312;
ZUR:132 (Tübingen / Herrenberg / Asberg); see [156, 159];

187 die herren von dasberg  

26r1 1 O G  badger rampant  

von Dachsberg, from Burg Dachsberg in Hausruckviertel in Niederösterreich.
Drawn as a bear.
Sieb 22/6.1.1:t2; SIE:93n10; Jequier, AHS 104:31-33, 1990, GEL exlibris; Hupp ARL 88n1;
MIL:1268;

188 die herren von liehtenstein  

26r2 1 B O  2 axes in saltire  

Not verified, probably von Liechtenstein.
MIL:1269 'her von liesten';

189 die herren walsen  

26r3 1 S A  fess  

von Walsee, came c1270 from Waldsee im Württemberg to Wallsee (BH.Amstetten, NÖs).
ESNF 16:30-32; Sieb 23/6.2:t2 wurt + 26/2.4.2 :516+t248 + 27/4.5:569+t123; HHSStÖs 1:602;
Hupp ARL 23n6;
BEL:362; BLW:154; DWF:241; GEL:764; ING:22; KCR:787; MIL:596; NLU:511; SGH:701; STY:359;
ZUR:514;

190 der ritter her nithart  

26r4 1 A O  3 leaves palewise  

Probably Nithart von Riuwental al. Neidhardt von Reuental, a model Minnesanger, fl.1190-1240, who worked in southern Germany and died in Austria. His poetry is often called rustic or dörperlich. This person is not in WLH, and in GRU:2291 with different arms.
Walther MAN #92 (no arms); wikipedia;
191 die herren von miseouwe  
26v1 1 SA unicorn salient  
von Meissau, from Maissau (BH. Hollabrunn), ministeriales, marshal and Schenck, extinct 1440 with Otto (VI) von Meissau, Landmarschall in Austria, husband of Anna von Pottendorf, accused 1426 of treason and lost most of his possessions, but reinstated 1430; 
ESNF 16:35; HHStÖs 1:399; Hupp ARL 296n1+297n1 (Or-Sa); 
MIL:1261; BEL:364*; GEL:760*; ING:78*; LBQ:3174*; RUG:1213*; SGH:881* (Or-Sa); BHM:670*; ETO:39*; LYN:136* (qtd); 
192 die herren von stubenberg  
26v2 1 AS wolf-hook  
von Stubenberg, noted c1090, Fhr. 1300 in Kärnten; Fhr. 1457 in Krain; 1313 oberster Erbland Mundschenk in Steiermark, seat at Burg Stubenberg (BH. Hartberg, Steiermark). The family inherited Burg Liechtenstein (BH. Judenburg, Steiermark) c1270 from Liechtenstein-in Nikolsburg. 
Gall W 347; Sieb 26.2/4.4.2:267+t120-126; Sieb 29/4.2:18, anchor (Krain); HHStÖs 2:100+154 
BHM:722*; ETO:91*; BEL:369*; LYN:1019*; MIL:604*; GRU:992*; STY:7*; QDB:57*; SGH:898*; BLW:394* (Sa-Ar); 
193 die herren von hockemberg  
26v3 1 GA boathook iron in bend  
von Haggenberg, no details. Identical arms were used by Hack, noted 1419-1564 with seat in Haarbach bei Vilshiburg (Kr. Geisenhausen, NB). 
Hupp ARL:184n3; Sieb 22/6.1.1:41 (Hack); 
GRU:1123; MIL:1263; 
194 die herren von truwen  
26v4 1 AO bend undy  
von Truwen, not verified. 
Drawn like a river or bendlet. 
MIL:1267 'her von truwen'; 
195 der grove von pictouwel in steirlant  
27r1 1 XOAG barry & lion cr.  
Probably mislabelled referring to the styrian von Pettau or Pittau {barry & chevron}, by 1438 qtd with Schauenburg a.o. [200]. 
MIL:1254 'graff von pitowe in strilant'; 
196 der grove von kaffemberg in stirlant  
27r2 1 GA 2 pales  
Possibly a von Kapfenberg (BH. Bruck a.d.Mur, Steiermark). 
HHStÖs 2:86; 
MIL:1253 'graff von kiffenberg im strilant'; 
197 der hofmeister von kalter an der esche  
27r3 1 AG castle  
Vogt von Kaldern al. Hofmeister von Kalter an der Esche 
Sieb 2:30; Rolland 3:292n28; 
BHM:784; BLW:459; ETO:153; LBQ:3341; MIL:1260; ORT:70; RUG:249; SGH:224; 
198 die herre von metz an d etschei  
27r4 1 BA 3 wings fesswise (2:1)  
Vogt von Matsch. Their seat was at Burg Matsch in Schlanders in tirolean Vintschgau. Matsch was sometimes present among the Quaternionen-Jägermeister, e.g. RUG:244. 
F Hye, 5.ColAIH, 125-133, 1988; ESNF 12:139-140; HHStÖs 2:535; Hupp ARL 283n1; 
BHM:768*; BLW:15*; DWF:125*; ETO:137*; GRU:124*; HBG:150*; ING:195*; KCR:751*; 
LYN:480* (Ar-Az); 
199 der patriarche von agkeleyge  
27v1 1 BA 2 bars  
The patriarch of Aquileia in Friaul (prov. Veneto), an independent principality, has {Az eagle Or} as arms of office in KCR:140. The present arms could not be identified as the family arms of any patriarch between 1365 and 1470. 
Eubel HC 1:99-100 + 2:92; Sieb 8:133+t217;
200 der grove von schouwenberg

Gf. Schauenburg. The family, created counts 1316, was noted 1100 in Julbach and Aschach on the left bank of the Inn W. o. Braunau in Salzburgerland. Their castle Burg Schauenberg nr Eferding a.d. Donau.

ESNF 16:38-39; Sieb 26.2/4.4.2.2:38+651+t11 + 27/4.5:322+t85;
ZUR:94; ING:20; GRU:620; RUG:232; BLW:16; ETO:27*;
LYN:133*; QDB:309*; ING:735*; DWF:238*; GRU:591* (qtd);

201 der grove von zilen

Gf. Cilly, extinct 1456 and lands absorbed by Habsburg. The most important member was Herman (II) von Cilly, 1365-1435, Gf. Cilly & Seger/Zagorien & Ortenburg &c, Ban of Slowenien & Kroatië & Dalmatien 1406-1408, Ban of Slawonien 1423, Thronanwärter in Bosnien 1427, Fürst 1435, and father-in-law of Emperor Sigismund, Miklos Gara, and Heinrich Gf. Görz.

ESNF 3:45; Gall W 128; Sieb 4/1.3A:t43 + 33:100+t78 hoe + 35/4.13:t22 croat;
BEL:361; BLW:37; GEL:756; ING:148; LBQ:3171; NLU:859; QDB:325; RUG:241; SGH:203; ARK:24*; BHM:138*; BLW:133*; ETO:24*; KCR:105* (qtd);

202 der grove von pfannenberg

von Pfannenberg, noted 1200 as von Pegau, Gf. Pfannenberg 1237; extinct 1362, seat at Burg Pfannenberg (Gem. Frohnleiten, BH. Graz, Steiermark).

ESNF 16:16; WGH:224n6 sou; HHStÖs 1:345 + 2:120;
GRU:1019; ING:925; LBQ:3298; LYN:1017; MIL:1252;

203 der kamerouwer

von Cammerau al. Chamerau, extinct c.1500, seat at Cham (Kr. Cham, OPf.).
On top of page 'disse herren ligent in oesterich' (Austria).

Sieb 22/6.1:97; Hupp ARL 225n1;
BHM:3071*; BLW:534*; DWF:375*; GEL:210*; ING:772*;
MIL:391*; QDB:132*; STY:219* (Ar-Gu);

204 der hetzoge von österrich

Arms of Austria.

205 der grove von capellen

von Capellen al. von Kapelln, noted 1145, extinct 1406, acquired in 1279 Burg Mittterberg (Gem. Perg, BH. Perg, OÖs.).

HHStÖs 1:79 a.o.; Sieb 27/4.5:19+t9; Hupp ARL 226n1 (bendy embowed Gu-Ar);
BEL:370*; BHM:764*; DWF:252*; ETO:133*; GEL:765*; LBQ:3179*; MIL:1059; GRU:1078*;

206 der grove von görtze

Arms of Görz. The Görz family held comital rank in Gorizia / Gorica on the Isonzo 30 km N of Trieste in modern Slovenia, but at their zenith held vast possessions in Istria and Tirol and for a time the office of imperial vicar. The family became extinct in 1500, after which the Habsburgers acquired it.

Gall W; ESNF 3:1.44;
BHM:140*; ETO:26*; LBQ:3195*; LYN:132*; BLW:354*; GRU:112*; HBG:143*; ING:65*;

207 die hertzogen von peygern

Arms of Bayern, also the arms of he Wittelsbacher family.

On top of page 'disse herren ligent in peygenlant' (Bayern).

ESNF 1.1:90-114; HHStD 7:851-853; Köbler HL 797-798;
BEL:283; BHM:48; BLW:43; ETO:8; GEL:202; GRU:96; ING:158; KCR:19;
208 der grove von wartenstein

28v2 1 OS

per pale

17

Probably Schenck or Graf von Wartenberg, a branch of the Markvartic clan and related to the Valdstejns or Waldensteins. The legend might have been confused with Wartenstein [241] or Wartstein (GRU:668), with arms quarterly or per pale embattled.

Myslivecek E 59; Rolland 6:146n13;

BEL:193; BHM:2118; DWF:183; GEL:140; LYN:968; RUG:1081; URF:2397; BHM:738*; ETO:107*; KCR:845*;

209 die herren von abensberg

28v3 1 AS

per bend

17

von Abensberg (Babonen), seat in Abensberg (Kr. Kelheim, NB).

ESNF 16:74-75 (1097-1485); Sieb F 27 + t14; HHStD 7:2; Sieb 3/1.3.2A:1+t1 + 22/6.1.1:t1 bav;

DWF:325; KCR:797; BHM:3110*; BLW:485*; GRU:977*; ING:737*; LYN:953*; MIL:238*;

BEL:205*; KCR:16*; LBQ:3113*; MIL:1248*; NLU:1101*; QDB:32*; WGH:* (Ar-Az);

210 die herren von hals

28v4 1 SA

fess

17

von Hals, the Gräflicher line on Hals bei Passau (Kr. Passau, NBay), noted 1280, became extinct 1375.

Rolland 3:139 *, Sieb 22/6.1:t148 (Az-Ar);

GRU:1583; MIL:1250*; QDB:256*; WGH:*; WGH:* (Az-Ar); STY:516* (Ar-Az);

211 die herren von erenberg

29r1 1 O BA

chief ch. lion passt guard

17

Ehrenberg, not verified.

The item in the Mittelberg WB was identified by Loutsch as Kellenbach with reference to GRU and to a genealogy by Humbracht (1707). Rietstap (Rolland 3:301) has Kellenbach from Rheinland, which is not very informative. Paravicini has no comments on the item in the Uffenbach WB. Other Ehrenberg families are known, including a franconian with a wing in the coat-of-arms (Rolland 2:258, Kneschke D 3:46, Sieb 22/6.1:3:169) and with {bend, flory} in Sieb A 173.

Kellenbach al. Braun von Kellenbach, noted 1261-1638, seat Kellenbach nr Simmern (R-P). They were probably related to the alsatian Stein-Kallenfels, who had these arms in Or-Vt-Ar (Sieb 24/2.10:t25).

Kneschke D 5:54; Sieb 22/2.1:35 (Kellenbach);

MIL:1248 'her von erenberg'; GRU:1948; 'von kellembach';

212 ...

sou

29r2 1 AG

chief

17

Probably a repeat of Hohenberg [171].

213 der burggrove von nüremberc

29r3 1 AS

qtly

17


Sieb 2/1.1.3: 99+t110-t122 + 2/1.1.4:1+28 + 3/1.3.1:t200-210 + 4/1.3A:t139; ESNF 1.1:116b-141;

BHM:154; BLW:370; DWF:112; ESNF 16:115; Kindler OB 2:15; Sieb F 3n7; Sieb 22/6.1:t72 + 6.1.2:t39; Hupp ARL 196n4;

BLW:401; GRU:859; ING:614; KCR:846; MIL:710; RUG:1140; STU:447; STY:132; ING:326*;

OHM:40*; QDB:3113*; SGH:1026*;

214 der herre von heydecke

29r4 1 GA

tierced per fess

17

Fhr. von Heideck al. Heidegg, seat in Heideck (Kr.Hiltpoltstein, MFr.).

HHSID 7:276; ESNF 16:115; Kindler OB 2:15; Sieb F 3n7; Sieb 22/6.1:t72 + 6.1.2:t39; Hupp ARL 196n4;

BLW:401; GRU:859; ING:614; KCR:846; MIL:710; RUG:1140; STU:447; STY:132; ING:326*;

OHM:40*; QDB:245*;

215 der grove von orlemudin

29v1 1 BA

2 pales

17

The Gf.Orlamünde used {Or lion Az, semy of hearts Gu}, a diminuation of Denmark. The present arms might be a miscoloured version of Landsberg {Or 2 pales Az}, like Orlamünde, lands of the MGF.Meissen.

MIL:1245*; WGH:267n* (Az-Or);
216 die herren von katzenstein
tir
von Katzenstein, not verified.
Rolland 3:298, tir;
MIL:1246; WGH:235n;
217 ..
ILLEGIBLE
218 die herren von stenirburne unde die herrren von gliers
als
Probably mislabeled Gliers as in [88] and MIL:1314 {Gu clé Ar}, also in Alsace.
Kindler OB 1.345 (Feldkirch, als); MIL:1190 'her von felkirch';
219 der grove von kastel
qtly
Gf.Castell & Erbschenk der Bp.Würzburg, seat at Titenheim / Deutenheim ( Kr. Scheinfeld, MFr.).
Member of the TG.Einhorn,
ESNF 16:123-132; Sieb 1.14 + 22/2.1:8+13, bav (Gu-Ar);
BHM:190; GRU:603; KCR:777; LBQ:3125; LYN:496; QDB:50; RUG:748; SGH:975; STU:90;
220 der grove von glichen
lion guard
Gf.Gleichen, seat at Gleichen (Kr. Göttingen, Nsx.). The lion might be guardant and/or crowned.
ESNF 19:98-102; SIE:17n11; Sieb 4/1.3A:t121;
BHM:128; BLW:732; LBQ:3111; MIL:1219*; ARK:243*; QDB:29*; RUG:1065*; SGH:381*;
221 der schencke von ertbach
per fess & 3 mullets cch
Schenck von Erbach, ministeriales in Odenwald (Kr. Erbach, Hessen) and Erbschenck von Pfalz;
Bosl R 1:283; Möller 4:24; Sieb 2.5:t2 + 20/3.4:t7; Kneschke 3:131-134; ESNF 5:1;
BEL:266*; BHM:1409*; GEL:107*; ING:611*; KCR:1070*; LBQ:3595*; LYN:931*; NLU:1262*;
222 der grove von troehteningen
bav
Gf.Truhendingen, seat in Hohentrüdingen (Kr. Gunzenhausen, MFr.), extinct with Oswald vT d.1424.
ESNF 16:113 (1129-1458); Sieb F 107+t4n4; Sieb 22/6.1:t56;
MIL:1244; GRU:641*; SGH:382*; STY:115*; GRU:957*; RUG:1029*;
223 der grove von lewenstein
lion stat on mount
The family of Kalb or Calw, from Nordschwarzwald, held the dignities of Gf.Calw 1075-1258 (Kr. Calw),
Gf.Löwenstein 1125-1278 (Kr. Heilbronn) and Gf.Vaihingen to 1356.
ESNF 12:30-31; Sieb 24/t1, bad + 23/6.1:19+t18; HHSId 6:110;
DWF:129; MIL:1235; SGH:1065; ZUR:452; GRU:473*; QDB:43*; RUG:1045*; SGH:1092*;
224 der herre von bickenbach
2 lozenges
Fhr. von Bickenbach, extinct 1530, seat in Bickenbach (Kr. Bensheim, Hessen).
Sieb 20/6.7:t1 nas + 22/6.1:3:t112 bav; Sieb F 32; ESNF 16:156; HHSId 4:47; Möller S 1:4;
MIL:1236; BEL:1493*; BHM:1473*; GEL:44*; GRU:860*; ING:613*; KCR:843*; LYN:1930*;
QDB:252*; RUG:1171*; SGH:966*;
225 der grove von schwartzburg
lion guard cr.
Gf.Schwarzburg, in Thüringen in present Kr. Rudolstadt. The arms come in several variants,
crowned, guardant and with queue fourchy.
ESNF 1.3:312-320 , Köbler HL 647-649; Sieb 2/1.1.4: 81+t73+t77 + 4/1.3A:t319;
ARK:195; BEL:420; BHM:115; GEL:171; KCR:694; LBQ:3150; LBQ:3533; LYN:438; MIL:235;
SGH:379; STU:91; URF:2416;
226 der grove von hennemerg
30v4 1 O SV cock on mount

Gf. Henneberg, cadet of BgF. Würzburg, seat at Henneberg (Kr. Meiningen, Thüringen).
ESNF 16:144+146-149; Sieb 1.1.2:120 (Henneberg) + Sieb 2/1.2.1:123 (Botenlauben);
BEL:285; BHm:118; BLW:731; DFW:109; GEL:168; ING:609; KCR:720; MIL:569; QDB:27;
RUG:1053; SGH:974; ZUR:43; MIL:232*; RUG:937* (qtd);

227 die herren von wassersteltze
31r1 1 G OS fess ch. 3 birds

Fhr. von Wassersteltz, noted 1174, seat at Burg Schwarzwassersteltz betw Kaiserstuhl and Rüükon
(can Aargau).
HHSStS 202; Rolland 6:147n24+25; ZUR:395*; GRU:949*; OHM:194*;

228 der lantgrove von lichten/erge
31r2 1 A B fess

von Leuchtenberg al. Lantkrabe z Leuchtenberka, ancient Dynasten, seat at Burg Leuchtenberg (Kr. Vohenstrauss, OPf.).
ESNF 16:96-97; Myslivecek E 32; HHStD 7:403; Sieb 22/6.1:t114; Sieb F 2n9; XDD:11033;
ARK:216; BEL:743; BHm:175; GEL:147; ING:140; KCR:719; KCR:6545;
LYN:449; MIL:46; NAV:1445; NLU:73; QDB:255; RUG:229; SGH:199;

229 der herre von hohenloch
31r3 1 A S 2 lions passt guard

Gf. Hohenloeh, noted 1153, later RFst, seat in Weikersheim (Kr. Mergentheim, B-W).
ESNF 17:3; Sieb 4/1.3A:101+t127 + FstB 40+55 + Bö 193 + ThüA 59 + WüA 12; HHStD 6:728;
Hupp ARL 208n;
GRU:578; KCR:743; BEL:289*; BHm:1465*; BLW:97*; GEL:36*; ING:605*;
LBQ:3445*; RUG:3090*; SGH:319*; URF:2388*;

230 der grove von wertheim
31r4 1 B AOS 3 roses & chief ch. aigle isst

Gf. Wetheim, noted 1142, seat at Wertheim (Kr. Tauberbischofsheim, B-W), vassals of Abp.-Kf. Mainz.
ESNF 16:152-153; Sieb 2/1.1.2:t135; HHStD 6:7444;
BEL:216; BHm:124; GEL:7; ING:606; MIL:975; NLU:722; STU:65; URF:2389; BLW:97*; GRU:589*;
KCR:725*; NLU:1007*; RUG:944* (qtd)

231 die herren von entringen
31v1 1 G OS bend ch. 3 annulets

Fhr. von Entringen, noted 1075-1270, seat at Burg Hohenentringen (Kr. Tübingen, B-W).
HHSStD 6:152; Sieb Wü A 87; Rolland 2:271;
MIL:1232; GRU:958*;

232 der grove vo niffen
31v2 1 A B 3 bugle-horns in pale

von Neuffen, noted 1150-1350, quaternion-Jägermeister, seat at Neuffen (Kr. Nürtingen, B-W).
ESNF 12:65; LxMA 6:1100; Möller S 3:237; Sieb 23/6.2:t6 wurt; Sieb Si2:7;
MIL:1242 'graff von missen'; ZUR:85*; BLW:14*; GRU:130*; ING:194*; MIL:65*; ORT:49*;
RUG:847*; SGH:230* (Gu-Ar);

233 der grove von vetouwe
31v3 1 B AO 2 bugle-horns strunged affronted on mount

Not identified, but the arms are very close to von Triberg, ministeriales, cadets of Fhr. von Hornberg,
noted 1239-1325, seat in Triberg (BA.Triberg, Kr. Villingen, B-W).
Kindler OB 1:239; Sieb 1.1.4:33+t29 + 6.2:263; HHStD 6:675; ING:275 (Triberg);
MIL:1234 'graff von vetouwe';

234 die herren von burgel
31v4 1 A B lozengy

Not identified. The arms are similar to Bayern.
MIL:1237 'her von burgel';

235 die herren von schufey
32r1 1 B A 3 birds

Not identified.
MIL:1238 'her von schufey';
von Rechberg, an ancient family, noted 1179, Fhr., Gf. 1607, who was one of the Vier Edlen in the Quaternionen, though not mentioned as such in GRU. The senior branch held the office of marshal for the Staufers in Schwaben. One their seats was at Rechberghausen, Kr. Göppingen, another at Rechberg al. Hohenrechberg, Kr. Schwabisch Gmünd, both close to Burg Hohenstaufen.

Fhr. R 417 #80; Sieb 23/2.5:13, wüst + 22/2.1:13; Bosl R 2:360; Kindler OB 3:368; Kneschke D 6:374; HHSID 6:545;

BLW:827; DWF:983; GRU:1368; ING:332; KCR:532; MIL:70; OHM:396; QDB:254; RUG:1353; SGH:239; STU:144; ZUR:403;

Fhr. von Lierheim, noted 1223, extinct 16C, seat in Lierheim (Kr. Nordlingen, Bayern).

Sieb 22/6.1.1:160+165 + 22/6.1.2:120+175; Rolland 4:64 baron, aut;

GRU:963; ING:327*; RUG:271*; SGH:1321*; BLW:404* (in pale);


Sieb A 298 (sigil, 1299, Uldilhild); Sieb E 1081; www (Az-Or; Or-Gu & border Vr);

von Gundelfingen, noted 1088, extinct 1546, seat Gundelfingen (Kr. Münsingen, B-W). They had the same origin as the nearby Justingen.

ESNF 12:41-45; Sieb 23/6.2:13+14;

GRU:857; ING:320+321; MIL:602; BLW:399*; BLW:400*; KCR:824*; OHM:70*+178*;

RUG:1141+1342*; SGH:1006*; STU:127*+246*; STY:296*; VRN:768*; ZUR:151*;

von Diersberg or Tierberg, not verified.

MIL:1231 s.n.; WGH:123n;

gf.Wartenstein, not verified, see also [208] and {per pale embattle Or-Sa} for Gf.Wartstein in GRU:668;

MIL:1239 'graf von wartenstein';

de herren von dalmasingen

Fhr. von Dalmensingen al. Talmasingen, noted 1237-1255, seat in Dalmensingen (OA. Laupheim, B-W) was probably extinct before their arms were recorded. G.A. Seyler has these arms for Freyberg von Dalmessingen al. auf Neu- or Thalsteusslingen (Kr. Ehingen, B-W), as in Codex Stadion. This was a branch of the Gundelfingen-Steusslingen-Justingen.

Sieb 23/6.2:84+t49 (Steusslingen); Rolland 2:171, baron, aut; Sieb Si2:27; Sieb 23/6.2:84+t49;

GRU:925*; MIL:1240* (Az-Or-Ar);

die herren von saltzberg

Montagu E.Salisbury from 1337 to 1397 and 1409 to 1428. William Montagu E.Salisbury, o.s.p.1397, a commander in the french wars.

GEC 9:75-86; XBM:11851 (Sim, 1301)

MIL:1430; N:188; NAV:1463; LBQ:2957; WJ:1073;
245 der grove von gotzgnaden

Gf.Gottesgnaden, not identified, and not an earl - possibly from Gascogne.

Roland 3:83, aut; Sieb Si3:7;
GRU:694; MIL:1431;

246 der grove von staffort

Stafford E.Stafford 1351. Hugh E.Stafford (1342-1386) or his son Ralph (o.v.p.1385).

GEC 12.1:168-194; DBA 2:266; XBM:13632; XEL:739;
MIL:1432; BER:1655; BHM:1927; ETO:720; GEL:572; LYN:121; N:143; NLU:96;

247 die herren von adoley

Audley, a baron, noted 1212, held Audley & Chesterton & Endon & Heligh Castle, Staffs. James Audley (1313-1386), KG 1348, seneschal of Aquitaine & Poitou.

GEC 1:336-348; XDD:10095;
MIL:1434; FW:95; N:114; URF:192; WJ:845;

248 der schandos, ein grove

Chandos, a Hereford- and Derbyshire baronial family. The most famous member was John Chandos d.1370, KG, standardbearer to the Black Prince and governor in Aquitaine.

Clemmensen OM; ODNB 11:9-11; XPG:307;
MIL:1433; GRU:690; GEL:632; NAV:1481; WJ:454; BER:1693*; S:19*; URF:211*; WJ:441* (Or-Gu);

249 der herre von penbrok

Hastings E.Pembroke, a title held 1339-1389 by the senior branch of the Norfolk family Hastings. Probably John, 2nd earl, 1347-1375, as his son was a minor in 1389. Hastings qtg Valence.

Q3 is less martlets.

GEC 6:345-376 + 382-384 + 10:388-399; XEL:1518;
MIL:1435; GRU:1046; ETO:735; LYN:582; URF:149; NLU:101; LBQ:2963; BEL:1353*; GEL:569*

250 der grove von hariford

Bohun E.Hereford from 1199 to 1373. Probably Humphrey (X) de Bohun, 1342-1373, o.s.p.m., KG c.1365, 8E.Hereford & Essex & 2.Northampton, hereditary Constable of England.

The field ought to be azure.

GEC 6:457-477(E.Hereford); ODNB 6:441-448; Brault RAE 2:59-61; DBA 1:372 + 2:103;
GEL:577*; N:7*; FW:46*; NAV:1460*; T3:111*; URF:135*; WJ:129* (Az-Ar-Or);

251 der herre un der ritter mit dem swan

The Swan Knight, a medieval romance hero, possibly Godefrey de Bouillon, mentioned as the fictitious ancestor of several noble lines, incl. Kleve and the english Tony. Wolfram von Eschenbach (1210) mentions the duchess of Brabant in his Parzifal.

The swan chained and gorged with a crown was the principal Bohun badge.

Bedingfeld H 55 (badge); Brault RAE 2:417; XWB:115 'chevaler al cinq' (Rob Tony, 1301); C. Lecouteux: 'Petit dictionnaire de mythologie allemande', Paris 1991, p.47;
GRU:1053; MIL:1423;

252 der kunig vō manne de lit ôch in engellant

King of the Isle of Man, later Lord of Man. The triskel was already used around 1250 by the norse or norwegian King of Man (Neubeker H 123), and the arms continued after the scottish and english conquests. The title of Lord of Man was held in 1324 by the scottish Thomas Randolph E.Moray, and by the english Edward E.Salisbury [244] from c.1337-c.1393, though George Dunbar E.Moray used the title in 1375. William Scrope (d.1399) was L.Man 1393 before being created E.Wiltshire in 1397. On the deposing of Richard II the title went to Henry Percy E.Northumberland in 1399 and on his rebellion and death to John Stanley in 1405. Several of these qtd Man with their arms, e.g. William E.Salisbury [244] in S:5 and URF:138, and John Stanley in ETO:809 and NLU:178.

Royal crown above shield.

GEC 8:364 a.o.; XDD:10163 (1395, William Scrope, & label);
HBG:98; BHM:2079; FW:23; GEL:687; WIN:1277; WJ:82;
253 der herre dispensier

Spencer al. Despencer, a baron from 1338, possibly Edward (1336-1375), KG 1361. GEC 4:259-294; XBM:9277 (Hugh, 1304) + 9281 (Hugh, 1436)
GRU:1176; NAV:1489; BER:1703*; BHM:1940*; ETO:748*; GEL:621*; FW:119*; LYN:617*; N:22*; URF:203* (qtly Ar-Gu fretty Or & bend Sa);

254 der herre vo bugselle

Burghersh of Eywas Lacy, baron 1303, possibly Bartholomew Burghersh (o.s.p.m.1369), KG 1348, a soldier-diplomat. His daughter Elizabeth married Edward Lord Spencer [253].
GEC 2:425;
MIL:1424* (Gu-Ar-Sa); GEL:574*; BCR:1667*; N:282*; S:8*; MIL:1112*; WJ:245* (Gu lion q.f. Or);

255 der kunig vo norwege

Arms of the kingdom of Norway.
Royal crown above shield.
Sieb 2:1.1.2:143;

256 der herre des junge martins sun

Not identified, possibly norwegian.

257 der herre von brendenrot

Not identified, possibly norwegian.
GRU:1181 'her von branderot';

258 der greve vo donat

Not identified, possibly norwegian. The Donati of Firenze, Ravenna and Genua used different arms.
Crollalanza D 1:365, Reinhardt Fl 225 (Donati);
GRU:702 'grauff von donaff'; MIL:1112 'graff von donati';

259 der kunig von hybernie ûn ligêt dise h're und' îme

Royal crown above shield.
HBG:99; MIL:224; GRU:239* (Or-Gu);

260 der grove vo dyssimonie er var ein kunig

Not identified, attributed to the irish E.Desmond, see FitzMaurice / FitzGerald E.Desmond {Ar saltire Gu} for the family and title.
Royal crown at lower sinister corner beside shield.
MIL:1425; GRU:737*;

261 der grove von lagonie er was ein kunig

Not identified, proposed as arms of the irish chiefs O'Neill's of Ulster, the O'Neills Mór or 'bloody' hand of Ulster, later used as an argument for baronets of the UK (Kennedy IC 367).
Royal crown at lower sinister corner beside shield.
DW:19; GRU:365; HBG:100; KCR:271; MIL:1426; RUG:120*;

262 der grove vo conaxien

Not identified, but proposed for Connacht, where off the coast flemings, Hanse and english fished herring (Kennedy IC 366) or for the irish family O'Connell by Loutsch MIL. RUG:69 'das reich conapey' has {Gu lion Ar engulfing stag's attire Sa}. However, it might as well refer to the anatolian town Conia / Konya in Asia Minor. That this is in a mountain region might not preclude the fish arms as it lies on a river close to a large lake.
Royal crown at lower sinister corner beside shield.
Rietstap, Rolland 4:303 O'Connarchy (Or 3 fish palewise (2:1) Gu);
DW:22; GRU:363; KCR:272; MIL:1427; RUG:118;
The Ultingen is probably a confounded rendering of Ulster, an English earldom in Ireland. The arms are those of Walter de Burgh 2E.Ulster 1263 (d.1271). The earldom came to the royal family on the marriage of the heiress Elisabeth de Burgh and Lionel D.Clarence in 1342 and passed on with the marriage of their daughter Philippa in 1368 to Edmund Mortimer E.March (d.1381). The arms was a quarter in the arms of their son Roger (d.1398).

Royal crown at lower sinister corner beside shield.

GEC 12.2.166; DBA 3.104; MIL:1301; DWF:21; GEL:629;

Not identified, but proposed as the arms of McCarthy Mór, formerly kings of Munster and Desmond (i.e. South Munster), later created E.Clancarty 1542 (Kennedy IC 365).

Royal crown at lower sinister corner beside shield.

DWF:23; KCR:275; MIL:1302; RUG:117; GRU:367*;

The earls of Ormond from the creation in 1328 to 1461 were all named James, i.e. James (I) d.1337, James (II) d.1382, James (III) d.1405, James (IV) d.1452, and James (V) d.1461. Theobald FitzWalther (d.1200) was created 1st Chief Butler of Ireland 1171, and his great grandson and uncle of the 1st earl, Theobald (1268-1299), was created a baron 1295.

Royal crown at lower sinister corner beside shield.

GEC 2:446-450 + 10:117-167; DBA 3:17-19; MIL:1303; URF:153;

Probably intended for the FitzGerald E.Kildare, later D.Leinster - using {Ar saltire Gu}. The FitzGerald / FitzWalther and the FitzMaurice / FitzThomas were two different families, both using patronyms and active in same territory and having very similar arms. They were often confused.

Royal crown at lower sinister corner beside shield.

Burke PB 1:1678-1682 (Leinster); GEC 7:218-245 (Kildare);

MIL:1439; TJ:400; FW:136*; TJ:401*; URF:395* (Ar-Gu);

Confounded arms of Scotland.

Royal crown above shield.

Arms of Denmark. The arms are unfinished, as the lions passant guardant are usually crowned and the field semy of 9 hearts. The arms were first noted of a seal of 1194 of king Knud VI.

Royal crown above shield.

Gf.Holsten a.k.a. Nordalbingia, i.e. north of the Elbe, a county of the HRR of which the kings of Denmark from time to time claimed sovereignty. There were several version of the arms: a border engrailed, nettleleaf and a combination with 3 nails.

Sieb 2:1.1.2:35+59;

MIL:1441; BEL:550; BHM:127; GEL:1389; KCR:638; LBQ:3145; LYN:396; URF:2421;
271 die herren von wenden  

36v1  1 AS  bull's face  

Named for Wenden, but probably a variant of Mecklenburg, see [272]. The old territory of Wenden covered most of the Baltic coastline of present Germany and Poland. Most of the arms attributed to Wenden show a griffin.

Balthasar von Mecklenburg, d.1421, P.Wenden & Hr.Werle & Güstrow, was the senior member of the Rostock branch at the time of the Council of Konstanz.

ESNF 1.3.305;
KCR:680*; BHM:7**+2892*; GEL:1417*; LYN:353* (Or-Sa, Wenden);

272 megelburg, der herzoge vo starg in megelburg  

36v2  1 OS  bull's face  

Hz.Mecklenburg. Albrecht (III) von Mecklenburg, d.1412, Hz.Mecklenburg 1388, was king of Sweden 1364-1389.

ESNF 1.3.303;
BEL:509*; BHM:76*; GEL:1414*; GEL:1417*; KCR:598*; RUG:799* (bull's head cr.)

273 der herre von zerin  

36v3  1 BAG  lion cr. with paws  

von Zerin (Kr. Güstrow, M-V), noted 1229-1308 with wing fesswise, but from 1322 with a lion in their seals.

Crull MW 61 #49;
MIL:1448; QDB:330* (Az-Or);

274 der herre vo hockedusen  

36v4  1 XAGB  per bend sn & lion  


GRU:1155 'hrn von hackendaussen'; MIL:1111+1449;

275 der kunig von sweden  

37r1  1 XOBA  3 bends sn & lion cr.  

The arms of the Folkunga dynasty, which ruled Sweden 1250-1363, and Norway 1319-1387.

Royal crown above shield.

HBG:96; LBQ:3419; MIL:173; WJ:77*; BEL:166*; BHM:3343*; GEL:722*; GRU:188*; WIN:1278*

276 die herrê von bruch in niffenlant  

37r2  1 BA  briefs  

von der Bruch, from Livland or Niffenland, not identified. Abbenbroeck from Zeeland has the arms in Gu-Ar.

GRU:1162; MIL:1455;

277 der kunig von kragouwe  

37r3  1 BA  3 jew's hats  

Arms attributed to a kingdom of Krakow.

Royal crown above shield.

HBG:97; MIL:192+1456; STU:363;

278 der herzoge von alda  

37r4  1 ASV  ibex segreant against ear of corn  

Not identified.

MIL:1457 'hertzog von aldo';

279 der hertzoge von kragouwe  

37v1  1 GA  eagle doubleheaded  

Not identified, either a transposition or possibly a variant of the polish (Piast) eagle attributed to a duke of Krakow, see also [277].

280 der lantschin von molden in russen  

37v2  1 ASG  2 griffins addorsed  

Not identified, possibly from Moldavia.

GRU:1169; MIL:1458;

281 der prinze von dem rigel stosset in russen  

37v3  1 OS  wyvern wingless  

Not identified. The wingless wyvern, dragon or Lindwurm as well as the griffin were often used by the princes along the southern coast of the Baltic Sea, e.g. it might be attributed to a lithuanian or livonian prince of Riga - which at the time was an archdiocese closely affiliated with the Teutonic

MIL:1459; GRU:524*;
Arms of Mähren or Moravia, a margraviate often held by cadets of the king of Böhmen.
ESNF 1.1:82 + 1.2:177-179;
GRU:103; HBG:22; ING:135; LBQ:3374; MIL:42; RUG:223; SGH:11; ZUR:81;

19

BGf. Magdeburg (Sachsen-Anhalt), acquired by Hardegg, extinct 1483.
Sieb 1.1:47; Sieb 26/4.4:160+77-78; Hupp ARL 281; BHM:3134; HEL:177; ING:145; MIL:599; QDB:70; RUG:231; SGH:168; BHM:139*; BHM:562*; ETO:25*; LBQ:319*; LYN:997*; MIL:1088; HUG:2144*; LBQ:3378*; LYN:997*; RUG:789* (Ar chief Sa ch. 2 bars Ar);

Sieb 1.1.4: 47; Sieb 21/6.5.32+98+t20* + 17/6.8.1:56+t42; Hupp ARL 242n;

The family was part of the Benesovick clan, and held properties in Mähren and Troppau and high offices.
Sieb 17/4.11:37+t98+t20* + 17/6.8.1:56+t42; Hupp ARL 242n;

MIL:1088; HUG:2144*; LBQ:3378*; LYN:997*; RUG:789* (Ar chief Sa ch. 2 bars Ar);

Cravar al. Kravar, noted 1224, from present Deutsch-Krawarn nr Troppau in Schlesien. The family was part of the Benesovick clan, and held properties in Mähren and Troppau and high offices.
Sieb 17/4.11:37+t98+t20* + 17/6.8.1:56+t42; Hupp ARL 242n;

MIL:1087; HUG:2144*; LBQ:3378*; LYN:997*; RUG:789* (Ar chief Sa ch. 2 bars Ar);

Not identified. Painted as a carriage wheel with the rim cut between spokes. GRU:692;

The king of Böhmen (Bohemia) was elector and Erzschenck (archcupbearer) of HRR.
Royal crown above shield.
ESNF 1.1:41 + 1.1:82 + 1.2:177 + 2:126 + 3:43 ; Sieb 2:137; Sokop S;

Not identified. Painted as a carriage wheel with the rim cut between spokes. GRU:692;

The king of Böhmen (Bohemia) was elector and Erzschenck (archcupbearer) of HRR.
Royal crown above shield.
ESNF 1.1:41 + 1.1:82 + 1.2:177 + 2:126 + 3:43 ; Sieb 2:137; Sokop S;

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Not identified. Painted as a carriage wheel with the rim cut between spokes. GRU:692;

The king of Böhmen (Bohemia) was elector and Erzschenck (archcupbearer) of HRR.
Royal crown above shield.
ESNF 1.1:41 + 1.1:82 + 1.2:177 + 2:126 + 3:43 ; Sieb 2:137; Sokop S;
Rosenberg al. Rožmberkové, a principal moravian family, from which a branch moved to Kärnten and was later created Reichsfürsten. The arms come in several colour combinations, mostly Ar/Or-Gu.

BEL:190*; GEL:135* (Gu-Ar); ZUR:343*; GRU:600*; URF:2396*; KCR:789*; SGH:512* (Gu-Ar);

von Sternberg al. ze Stermberka, a bohemian-moravian family noted 1220, later with branches in Austria. Various colour combinations are known.

Myslivecek E 56 + 2:38; ESNF 16:15; Sieb 3/1.3.2:53-55+t95 + 14/3.1:t32;

BZL:10; NLU:1016; BHM:2125* (d2); BER:1150* (d2); LY:998* (d2); GRU:1057* (d2); UR:2398* (d2); QDB:298* (d2); SGH:368* (Az-Or);

Probable Berow, and a member of the silesian Glaubicz clan. The bohemian z Cestic (Myslivecek E 47 + t10), who used identical arms, were noted in Volhynia by 13C and in Böhmen until 17C.

Szymanski H 122; Sieb 14/3.1:t54, pru, Fhr; XPS:35n83 (Glaubitz);

BHM:2236*; ETO:932*; LYN:797*; NLU:1039* (Gu-Ar);

Probably a transposition of Duba & Leipa [290]. However, Dobrensky z Dobrenic, noted in Böhmen in 14C, used {Az crane Ar}, and Cejka z Chlistova used identical arms, but is only known from 1610.

Arms used by the angevin kings of Hungary 1308-1382, and possibly for Marie d’Anjou (d.1385), wife of Sigismund von Luxemburg (d.1437), emperor and king of Hungary. Royal crown above shield. Q1 ought to have a label Gu.

Sokop S 71; Sieb 2/1.1.4: 93+84;

NAV:1258; KCR:299*; NAV:820*; BEL:109*;

Not identified.

CLE:1498; NLU:317 s.n.;
301 her symo meister, ein grove

40r3 1 G AO rose & border
Not identified. Identical arms were used by the strassburger Mulheim [1464].
GRU:707 'der sunnemaister ain grauff in spangien';

302 der grove sancte georien

40r4 1 O B cross
Not identified. The hungarian Szent-Giörgy (Bössingen) used different arms.
Sieb 33/4.15.1:627+441 + 35/4.13:1117 (Bössingen);

303 der abraham meister ein grove

40v1 1 G A 3 stars of 8 pt
Not identified.

304 der grove von weide in walachie

40v2 1 G S lion cr.
Not identified. The arms are similar to KCR:218 (Ar-Sa) 'herczog dispott in der meren walachy'. See also [314].
K.W. Treptow & M. Popa, Hist.Dict.Romania, 1996; ESNF 3.1:193-196 (Walachia);

305 der hertzoge von russen

40v3 1 S O doorway open
Arms attributed to Russia.
KCR:229* s.n.; RUG:113* 'das reich patmagnanne' (& crown in chf);

306 der noterspanner, ein grove

40v4 1 S A per bend & 2 demi-greyhounds cch
Not identified.
GRU:1195* 'heren von notter uff spannjen';

307 der hertzoge von gobino hinder ungern

41r1 1 S O fleur-de-lis
Not identified, but same arms as the strasbourger Magdt (Kindler OB 3:45).

308 der grove von mittelberg

41r2 1 S A swan
Not identified, but similar arms and name as von Trüchtlingen gt Mittelburger.
Kruse R 418 #81; Sieb 20/6.1.1:164; Rolland 4:218, fkn (Trüchtlingen gt Mittelburger );
GRU:1378*; DWF:648*; NG:576*; SGH:1238*; STY:347* (Gu-Ar, Trüchtlingen gt Mittelburger);

309 der ruhe grove

41r3 1 G S qtly
Not identified. The arms are identical to (Hohen)Zollern [213]. The german Rau- & Wildgraf used either {per pale Ar-Gu} or a lion.

310 der hertzoge von saders stosset an ungern

41r4 1 A G 2 bars
Not identified.
GRU:1038 'die heren von sardres';

311 der grove von zenge stosset an ungern

41v1 1 A S per pale & 2 wolves addorsed cch
Not identified.

312 der grosse grove in ungern

41v2 1 O BG 5 waterlily leaves inv & border
Not identified. Miklós (II) von Gara (KCR:707) held the office of Grossgraf or palatin of Hungary from 1407. His family arms were a serpent engorging an orb.

313 der kusche hertzoge in ungern

41v3 1 B A eagle doubleheaded
Not identified.

314 die herren von der weide in ungern

41v4 1 O SA chief ch. 2 crowns
Not identified. GRU:1054* 'her von weidin';
315 der zöbach, ein grove in unger
Not identified.

316 der kunig von cypern
Not the kingdom of Cyprus, held by the Lusignan family, but probably for Sigismund von Luxembourg [299] as king of Hungary. The arms of Luxembourg and Lusignan were identical. Luxembourg qtg Hungary.

317 der kunig caspar
Caspar / Gaspard of Arabia or of Tharsia / Tarsus & Egrosilla or from Ethiopia, died in Armenia on January 11 in 54 at the age of 109. With Balthazar and Melchior the three magi and astrologers, who travelled to Bethlehem to adore the newborn Jesus. The feast of the 'three holy kings' on Twelfth Night, when Balthazar died at the age of 112 in the year 54, is the traditional end of the Christmas festivities.
They were especially worshipped in Köln, to where their remains were transferred from Milano by emperor Friederich Barbarossa in 1164. Their bones were 'discovered' by Helena, mother of emperor Constantin the Great around 325 and placed first in the Hagia Sophia in Constantinople, then transferred to Milano by St.Eustorgius. The legend has that they gave their wealth to the poor and travelled preaching the Gospel, but were only baptised around year 40 by St.Thomas in India.
Their three crowns are placed in the chief of the arms of Reichstadt Köln. Due to copying mistakes their arms are variously attributed to either of the three.
Royal crown above shield.
Johannes von Hildesheim, Historia trium regum, c.1370; Clemmensen T; Zarncke PJ 8:156;

318 der kunig artus
Arthur, king of Britain, son of Uther Pendragon, the founder of the Knights of the Round Table at his castle of Camelot, a central figure in medieval chivalrous romances.
Royal crown above shield. Various colours, and in pale or 2:1.
RUG:16; WJ:1318;

319 der kunig melchior
Melchior of Arabia & Nubia or of Saba, died in Armenia on January 1st year 54 at the age of 116, one of the three magi, see Caspar [317].
Royal crown above shield.
CHA:1056; HBG:76; ING:179; KCR:193; VRN:798;

320 der kunig balthasar
Balthasar of Saba & Cedolya or of Ethiopia or of Tharsis, one of the three magi [317].
Royal crown above shield.
Zarncke PJ 8:156;
HBG:75; ING:180; KCR:8721; RUG:5;

321 der kunig david
David, king of Israel, r.1006-966 BC. The harp is the usual attribution.
Royal crown above shield.
Clemmensen Q; HBG:79;

322 der kunig salomon
The biblical king Salomo, son of David.
Royal crown above shield.
HBG:80; GRU:14*; SGH:95* (sun);

323 der kunig herodes
King Herod, who ruled the Holy Land when Christ was born.
Royal crown above shield.
HBG:120;
Alexander the Great, r.336-323 BC, king of Macedonia, who subdued the greek city-states, vanquished the persian armies and ruled most of the Middle East until his early death. His attributes were usually based on the lion in french and bells or crowns in german armorials.

Royal crown above shield.

HBG:81; MIL:16 (qtd);

A variant of the arms of the emperors of Byzantium or Constantinopole, as used by the latin emperors after 1204. This version was used on a seal of Catherine Es.Constantinopole 1305, wife of Charles C.Valois & Alencon & Anjou, XCB:19bis = {flory & border:dim: cross acc. 4 annulets ch. crosslets, crusily}.

Imperial crown above shield.

GEL:1484; WIN:1273; C:12; MIL:1137; GRU:372; HBG:116;

Bulgaria, ruled 1323-1393 by the dynasty of the Schischmaniden, bojars of Widin, tzars in the capital Tirovno, later at Widdin (al. Boddin) on the Donau A turkish dominion by 1369 and absorbed by the ottomans in 1398 after the defeat at Nicopolis.

Imperial crown above shield. In Or-Gu mentioned as an emblem of the bulgarian royal guards by a 14C arabian traveller.

ESNF 2:167-172;

 Probably meaning the White or wide Steppe, which might imply the voivode of Bessarabia, present russian Moldovia N of the rivers Prut-Dniestr-Danube. During the 14C this territory with several trade hubs was dependent on Walachia and the expanding ottomans. According to the UFF an overlord of the lordships in [379-382].

LxMA 1:2070 (Bessarabia);

Arms of the Este family, which ruled Ferrara from 1240 and was elected podesta in Ferrara and Padova in 1199.

Rolland 2:284; Crollalanza D 1:379; ESNF 1.1:31-36; Reinhardt FI 243;

BER:1526; BHM:161; HBG:126; MIL:1386; RYN:137; SIC:1655;
333 der herre von kuriz
Corregio, lords of Reggio in Emilia Romagna, noted 1009.
Crollalanza D 1:325;
MIL:1387 'her von hiwitz';

334 der herre von meygelon
Arms of the Visconti family, rulers of Milano.
Reinhardt Fl 586-596;
BEL:196; BHM:52; GRU:99; HBG:125; ING:159; KCR:459; LBR:64; LYN:313; MIL:522; NAV:630;

335 die herren die ruisen
Possibly von Streitt, noted in Alsace, Bayern and Austria.
Sieb 22/2.1:59+162 (qtd); Rolland 5:361;
MIL:1494* s.n.;

336 die herren von dem turne
Not identified.
MIL:1388 'her von turnach';

337 der printze von orange
Arms of the principality of Orange in southern France, which once belonged to the Baux and the
Chalons.
DWF:52; GEL:738; NAV:601; URF:919; VRN:725; BEL:39*; GRU:511*; MIL:1389*; BHM:1620*;
CAM:27*; GRU:523* (qtd);

338 der grove von jenfe
C.Genève, vassal of the C.Savoie. The lands were distributed between Savoie, Baux and Chalon as
sons-in-law. The arms were incorporated in the composite arms of Louis (II) de Chalon, 1390-1483,
P.Orange 1417, eldest son of Jean (III) de Chalon-Arlay and Marie des Baux Ps.Orange, daughter of
ESNF  ESNF 2:61 (Chalon) + 11:158; Sieb 2/1.1.3:t66 (Genève);
BEL:32; BER:1160; DWF:53; GEL:328; GRU:820; KCR:683; LYN:1825; MIL:1392; NAV:605;
URF:921; WJ:1134;

339 der grove von nidouwe
Gf.Nidau, cadet of Neuchâtel, extinct 1375, held Nidau nr Biel, can Bern.
BEL:428; BHM:207; DWF:142; GEL:178; GRU:801; LYN:392; MIL:1038; STU:470; URF:2427;

340 der herre von munsterol
von Monstral or Munsterol, not verified.
Sieb S1:2:105;
GRU:1819 'von monstral'; ING:1009; MIL:1164; STY:397*;

341 der herre von klile
Not identified.
MIL:1152 'kile' + 1391 'her von klisse';

342 der grove von kyburg
Gf.Kiburg, seat in Kiburg SE of Winterthur (can Zürich). The lands in Aargau was acquired by
Habsburg-Laufenberger and later sold to canton Zürich 1453, but the title and arms retained by the
habsburger emperors.
Gall W 148; Sieb 4.4;
BEL:213; BLW:127; DWF:117; ETO:20; GEL:18; GRU:805; HBG:21; KCR:746; MIL:557;
343 die herren von brandis
45v1  1 A S
cicoot per bend
Fhr. von Brandis, of one of the several branches originating from Burg Brandis in Emmenthal in Switzerland, but settled in Hessen and Schwaben as well.
ESNF 12:120-121; Kneschke D 2:17-19; Sieb 20/3.4 hen;
BEL:443*; BHM:939*; GEL:1388*; GRU:858*; LYN:1636*; QDB:284*; RUG:1139*;
ETO:167*; ING:329*; MIL:1155*;

344 die herren von sygenouwe
45v2  1 X G AB
paly & 2 bars
Fhr. von Signau, noted 1130, seat at Burg Signau in Emmenthal (can Bern).
Pusiken S t14n2; HHSIS 600 a.o.;
GRU:927; MIL:1153 + 1396; SGH:1047; STU:268;

345 der grove von zigerberg
45v3  1 O BG
escutcheon acc. bend
Gf.Ziegenberg, not identified.
Gleresse al. Ligerz, noted 1218, lands on the lake Bienne in canton Vaud, used similar arms
Rolland 6:209 sui;
MIL:1397; GRU:796*; MIL:1154*;

346 die herren von hasenburg
45v4  1 A G
bend
Fhr. von Hasenburg, a cadet of C.Montbéliard (Montfaucon), with lands in can Jura at Asuel.
ESNF 11:136-137; Rolland 3:155, baron, aut;
GRU:900; ING:952; LBQ:3154; MIL:595;

347 die herren von beschu
46r1  1 O SG
lion & label
S.Beaujeu & Dombes en Maconnais, no details.
DBF 5:1097; Anselme 6:82; ESNF 11:156-157; wikipedia; XCB:197; XDD:194+1344;
BEL:62; GEL:363; LBQ:309; MIL:1376; BHM:1829*; URF:978* (less label);

348 der grove von mumpelgart
46r2  1 G O
2 barbels addorsed
C.Montbéliard al. Mömpelgard, dep Doubs. The arms were derived from those of the counts of Bar & Mousson, which family held the county until 1162, when it came to the Montfaucon family, which held it until 1282 and again from 1332 to 1397, when it finally came to Württemberg by marriage.
ESNF 11:134-135; Jequier CM; Köbler HL 434; XDD:2900;
BEL:38; BER:726; BHM:1621; FW:358; GEL:332; ING:293; KCR:7511; LYN:1047; NAV:617;
URF:967; MIL:1381*;

349 der printze von bêmunt
46r3  1 G AB
cross & bend
Arms of the Achaia-Piemont branch of the maison Savoie, probably Amadée (fl.1364, d.1402)
P.Achaia & Morea & Piemont.
Merindol, RFHS 64 (1994) 149-180; Sieb 1/1.2:163; XDD:11668 (1393, Amadée P.Morea);
BEL:382; KCR:626; MIL:1382; RUG:826; BHM:2416*; GEL:1354*; BER:1087*;

350 die herren von der camer
46r4  1 B GO
bend, flory
Sr de la Vallée de Chambre in Savoie and d'Ornacieux, Tour-d'Avellard in Dauphiné.
Beaune NEB;
BER:1092; LBQ:462; MIL:1383; NAV:684; URF:930;

351 die herren von dem turne
46v1  1 G O
tower outwalled
la Tour du Pin, noted 1107 in Dauphiné, and the cadet branches la Tour de Vinay and the Tour-Chatillon in canton Valais. The la Tour du Pin inherited the title of Dauphin de Vienne by marriage in 1281 and passed it to the crown in 1355, when the line became extinct.
Chesnaye DH 19:95-105; XCB:502;
MIL:1161+1384;
352 der herre von gransey
46v2 1 X GO AB paly & bend ch. 3 escallops
Granson S.Pesmes (dep Haute-Saône, ar Vesoul). The present arms were mostly recorded for the
english branches of this savoyard baronial family, but also by Hugues S.Granson in his homage to the
king of France.
ESNF 9:153-155; GEC 6:60-73; XDD:11584 (1372, Hugues S.Granson);
BEL:386; BHM:1638; FW:122; GEL:365; LBQ:465; LBR:422; MIL:1385; NAV:698; URF:932;

353 der herre von gryerz
46v3 1 G AO heron acc. tower in base dx
C.Gruyères al. Gerycz, in Pays de Vaud, no details..
ESNF 15:3-5; XRA 1:842;
BEL:386; BHM:1638; FW:122; CAM:168; GEL:325;

354 der grove von schalan
46v4 1 G O bend
The senior branch of Chalon-sur-Saône, cadets of maison Vienne/Bourgogne-Ivrea. They used the
titles of comtes d'Auxonne, Auxerre and Tonnerre, though Chalon was sold 1237 to the C.Bourgogne
and Auxerre in 1370/98 to France.
ESNF 2:60-61(Auxonne, Montbéliard, Arlay) + 3:121(Auxerre, Tonnerre); Anselme 2:200;
XBM:1930 (Jean 'sage', 1239); XCB:234; XDD:510-512 (Jean, 1274, 1293);
BEL:24; BER:703; BHM:1804; CAM:168; FW:71; GEL:325;

355 der grove von safföye
47r1 1 G A cross
Arms of Savoie, presently divided between Switzerland and France.
ESNF 2:190-198; XDD:11653
ARK:208; BEL:381; BER:57; BHM:65; BLW:38; GEL:1353; URF:920; ING:149; MIL:53; GRU:104;
NAV:602; KCR:627;

356 die herren von ryffaten
47r2 1 G A annulet
Not identified, but probably in can Vaud.
MIL:1393 'her von rifatte'

357 die herren von muntenach
47r3 1 G OA paly & chief
Rolland 4:264; DHBS 4:786;
GRU:941*; MIL:1394;

358 die herren von kussenach
47r4 1 O G eagle
Cossonay, in can Vaud, extinct 1383.
ESNF 11:160-161;
LBQ:463; MIL:1395; URF:931; LBR:438*;

359 der grove von valendise
47v1 1 G OS pale ch. 3 chevrons
Arberg-Valangin (Neuchâtel), the senior subline with lands on the right bank of Lac Neuchâtel, extinct
1386 at Sempach. ESNF 15:8;
BEL:426; UFF:359; MIL:549; RUG:985; STU:275; BLW:208;

360 der grove von welschen nuwemb
47v2 1 O GA pale ch. 3 chevrons
C.Neuchâtel, descendants of C.Fenis al. Fenitz am Brienner See, noted as counts 1196, separation of
lands 1214 into 'welschen' or left-bank of the Lac Neuchâtel, incl. Burg Neuenburg to Berchtold
(d.1260) and the right bank to the Arberg-Valangin branches [359].
ESNF 11:137-143 (Neuchâtel); ESNF 1.2:266-272 + 173 (Baden); L Thevenaz, AHS, 1950, 64:68-
76; XDD:11586;
GEL:11; BEL:203; BER:731; BHM:148; LYN:432; LBR:127; STU:304; MIL:1373*; DWF:133*;
RUG:995*; STU:276; STY:398*;

361 die herren von busenant
47v3 1 S O eagle
Bossonens, from Château Bossonens (district de la Veveyse, can Fribourg), no details.
LBQ:480; MIL:1374; URF:953;
die herren von der glesin brucken

Pontverre, named for Ponte Vitreo in Lovagny (can Annecy, dep Haute-Savoie).
AHS 1925:140-141; DHBS (www); Foras AS 4:86;
MIL:1375 'er von glessenbrug';

die herren von bübelsdorf

von Bubelsdorf, not identified.
MIL:1214;

die herren von bensdorf

A confused version of Bensdorf (Raville) in Lorraine and Luxembourg, descendants of Johan (III) de Raville S.Warsberg & Rollingen (d.1343), who married firstly a Bensdorf, then Aleid de Septfontaines-Cranendonk.
ESNF 7:33-34 + 18:62; Möller S 3:242;
BHM:1725* (Bensdorf); LYN:1471* 'jacop vâ benstorf'; MIL:527*+1215*; MIL:627* (Bensdorf);
RYN:243* (Gu 3 chevrons Ar);

der grove von fruhtberg

Not identified.
MIL:1216;

die herren von vinstingen

von Vinstingen al. Fenéstrange, seat nr Saarwerden in Lorraine, Erbmarschalk in Lorraine and Bar.
ENSF 11:45; Möller S 1:27 + 2:208c + 4:9; Sieb 24/2.11:5 lor + 2/1.1.3: 66+81; XDD:11028;
XRL:483-504*; XCM:164-170* (lion q.f.);

der grove von homberg

Arms of a branch of Homburg in Saarland, cadets of Sayn.
Möller S 3:227; Sieb A 240; XRA 4:481 *;
MIL:1218; BHM:1433*; GEL:131* (no crown); BEL:322*; LBQ:3474*; SGH:174*; GRU:114* (&

der grove von bitsche

Hr.Bitsch (can Bitsche, dep Moselle), held by the Zweibrücken family.
ESNF 18:149; Möller S 1:32; Sieb 24/2.11:5 lor + 2/1.1.3: 66+81; XRL:483-504; XCM:164-170;
LYN:275; MIL:539; STU:519; BLW:809*; ING:937*; NLU:703*;

der grove von lutzelnstein

ENSF 18:153; Möller S 2:227; Sieb 24/2.11:5 lor + 2/1.1.3: 66+81; XDD:416+3917; XRL:684-908;

der hertzoge von sarsie der lit zwuschent kriechen unde litouwe

Not identified. The territory along the lower Dniepr was called Gazaria in Marco Polo.
Olschki MP; GRU:387 'der herzog von sarasjue zwuschen littow und kriechen'; VRN:746; KCR:224 'dominus wildiboldus herzog zu sarasie zwüschent kriechen und littow'; SGH:36;
der herre von dem rudenig in servie
Not identified, possibly Ragusa al. Dubrovnik on the Adriatic.
CHA:602* 'racie' (Gu-Ar);

der grove arthenis stosset an kriechê unde an die grosse babilonie
Probably the latin duchy of Athens.
KCR:215* 'der graff von anthoniss und herzog zu kriechen'; RUG:382*; RUG:919*; ORT:694*;

der hertzoge von zaltkat in krichê
Not identified, possibly Jalta on the Crimea, part of the Golden Horde. The arms are also known with varied spelling and colouring, and with melusine arms [387].
KCR:235 'der kung von jalta ist vnderm kan'; MIL:1108; RUG:98 + 530 + 531;

die stat raguse an kriechen
Ragusa al. Dubrovnik on the Adriatic coast, se also [372].

der hertzoge vo guwille in kriech
Not identified, an imaginary duchy in Greece, but the figure resembles those attributed to Bosnia in KCR:238 a.o. and to the Assassins sect in VER:892 a.o.

der grove vo dem nuwenberge in servie
Not identified, in Serbia, but see [372].

der hertzoge von langol
Not identified.

der hertzoge von lassen der lit under dem weisser weider
Not identified, but the arms are identical to the polish hrb Starykon, and the legend indicate a territory NE of Hungary, see [328].
Szymanski HS 260 (Starykon);
BHM:2172; ETO:887; NAV:1263; WIN:1296; NLU:1019*; RYN:28* (all Starykon);

der voget von sludenburgn der lit under dem weisser weider
Not identified.
GRU:1172 (Lustberg);

der hertzoge von posse der lit under dem weisser weider
Not identified, hardly Posen or Poznan, a polish duchy 1815, formerly part of the province of Great Poland.

de brivartz von dem altenberge der lit under dem weisser weider
Not identified, possibly another attribution for the voivode of Bessarabia [328].

der kunig von vo dem kleinen armenigen
Arms attributed to Lesser Armenia or Cilician Armenia, west of Euphrates with the capital Sis, ruled by the hetumid and rupenid dynasties. In the 14C ruled intermittently by maison Lusignan-Poitiers, e.g. Leo VI de Lusignan (r.1374-75) as the last independent ruler before subjugation by egyptian mamluks.
Royal crown above shield. Various variant with sword or staff.
H de Vries, Het Armeense kruis, Heraldisch Tijdschrift 9(4):69-81, 2003; ESNF 3:567; LxMA 1:974; MIL:147*; HBG:105*; CHA:1084* (n14); KCR:234* + 259*; RUG:60* + 507*; VRN:808*;
Another, more likely version of the Armenian arms then in [383]. Royal crown above shield.

RUG:97; CHA:935; HBG:104*;

Another, more likely version of the armenian arms then in [383]. Royal crown above shield.

RUG:97; CHA:935; HBG:104*;

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RUG:97; CHA:935; HBG:104*;

Another, more likely version of the armenian arms then in [383]. Royal crown above shield.

RUG:97; CHA:935; HBG:104*;
391 der kunig von hyspie
53v1  1 O G virgin’s head cr. on panache of peacock feathers 01
Hesperia, from Greek, of the afternoon or a western land, in VRN:780/87n7 with the legend ‘ain kunig von arabia da das guet golt herkombt’ and with green wings.
Royal crown above shield. Items placed 1:2.
HBG:111; KCR:205*; MIL:165*; RUG:780*; MIL:309*; GRU:349* (angel istt);
392 der kunig von arabien
53v2  1 G OO lion & border 01
Kingdom of Arabia, mentioned in most of the travel novels.
Royal crown above shield.
GRU:348; HBG:112; KCR:204; MIL:160; RUG:59; VRN:779; WIN:1299;
393 der grove von aquidans
53v3  1 G S bear rampant collared 01
Not identified.
394 das lant yndia
54r  1 X G BA per fess & cross couped 01
A repeat of the arms of Prester John [386] for his realm, India.
The shield is placed above a miniature of a walled city behind a river and beside a tree.
On 54v with the legend. "der snebellissen lant' a miniature of men with heron's beaks wearing peak shoes or poulaines among trees, one holding a pennon. The beaked head is used for the crest of von Keher gt Truchsess von Henneberg (SGH:641 a.o.).
HBG:108; a.o.;
395 der kunig von orente
55r1  1 G AO boat with oar 01
Probably another coat-of-arms attributed to Armenia [383]. As a sailing ship or lymphad in KCR-P:677, MIL:172 and RUG:62.
Royal crown above shield.
KCR:260 ‘kung von ormenia’; HBG:108;
396 der kunig vo dem berge
55r2  1 G A triquetra 01
Montania is probably used for the territory ruled by the Head of the Assassins sect, also known as the Old Man in the Mountain. They held several fortresses in Syria, Iraq and Northern Persia, incl.
Alamout (Persia), Masyaf and Coible in Edessa. Hassan ibn-Sabbah founded the Nisari movement al. 'Assassins' in 1096 after the murder in 1094 of Nisar, eldest son of the fatimid caliph al-Mustansir. Most of their strongholds were destroyed 1256 by the mongols of Hulagi.
Royal crown above shield.
Nicolle SS 35;
CHA:1086; HBG:109; KCR:227+245; MIL:115; ORT:739; RUG:86; VRN:749+837; GRU:320* (Or-
397 der keyser vo tartarie
55r3  1 A G hare salient 01
One of several arms attributed to the emperor of the tartars, i.e. the mongol khan of the Golden Horde north of the Black Sea.
Imperial crown above shield.
HBG:113;
398 der kunig von curie in der tartaric
55r4  1 G A cross 01
Probably Tyre, the ancient phoenician town and later crusader harbour in the coast of Lebanon.
Royal crown above shield.
GRU:318; HBG:114; KCR:246; ORT:740; VRN:809; MIL:117*; CHA:1064*;
399 der kunig soldan vo babilonie
55v1  1 B N king’s head cr. 01
Attributed to Babylon in Mesopotamia al. Greater Babylon. A king’s face has also been attributed to Egypt (Babylon of Egypt = Cairo = Bab-al-yun) and to Salomon king of Judea.
Royal crown above shield.
Seymour JM 23; Tzanaki MM 84;
KCR:267; VRN:813; ZUR:124; GRU:338*; HZL:121*;
der kunig von aschalonie
Arms attributed to a king of Ascalon, probably the coastal town in Palestine, see also [389].
Royal crown above shield.
MIL:119*; GRU:357*; KCR:262*; RUG:75*; ORT:677*;

1  X G SA  qty & fess
55v2

1  A G  griffin passt
55v3

der kunig von griffenlant
Probabaly intended for the byzantine greek in Asia Minor as in Wiliam of Tyre, Villeharduin and the
Griffonia as a pun on Greece in Herald's and Camden Rolls, and notes that it is used for Alexander the
Great in the Dean Tract. The arms come in different colours.
Royal crown above shield.
Brincken NC 55;
FW:16*; GRU:359*; RUG:74*; WIN:1281*; MIL:118*; ORT:676*; KCR:203*; VRN:778*; HBG:107*;

1  A G
55v4

die stat yaffe das ist eine porte an dem mer unde hörer zu kunig soldan
Jaffa, the main port used on pilgrimages to the jerusalem and the Holy Land.

1  O G  3 lions passt
55v4

der kunig vo dem engel
Possibly meaning the maison Angelos, byzantine emperors named Isak or Alexios, who ruled 1185-
1204, succeeded by the latin emperors as Constantinople was taken during the 4th Crusade.
Royal crown above shield.
Brincken NC 247;
MIL:201; GRU:379*; KCR:223*; VRN:747*;

1  O S  lion cr.
56r1

der kunig vo marrach
The moslem kingdom of Marroco, kaliphate of the Mereniden (1269-1470). One of several arms
attributed.
Royal crown above shield.
KCR:7860; MIL:120 + 1357; RUG:82; WIN:1284; ZUR:11*; a.o.

1  B O  3 chessrooks
56r2

56r3  1  B AO  3 knives conjoined in base on a mount
constantinopel die stat
Arms attributed to the emperor of Constantinople, and the town.
Royal crown above shield.
Petra Sancta TG 4n;
MIL:1338;

56r4  1  G O  eagle doubleheaded

56r5  1  G O

der herre von alexandrien
Alexandria, in Egypt, founded by Alexander the Great and principal city of the ptolemean kings. One
of several arms attributed.
Royal crown above shield.
MIL:1363; WIN:1298;

56v1  1  O S  3 letters "S"

1  G O

406 der kunig von sessen
Possibly a kingdom of the Essenes (Neubecker H), though the Essenes were a farisean jewish sect
according to Josephus. In Armorial de l'heraut Charolais modified to the kingdom of Edessa, around
the town of that name, present Urfa in Syria. A county created for Baudouin in 1098, latin until 1146,
when occupied by the seljuks of Nureddin of Damascus.
Royal crown above shield.
CHA:1080; GRU:358; HBG:106; KCR:257; MIL:129; ORT:729; RUG:102; STU:364;

kunig vo bethleem
Arms attributed to Bethlehem, similar arms attributed to Nabucco.
Royal crown above shield.
MIL:179; GRU:355; KCR:200; CHA:1059; RUG:73; ORT:717; VRN:802; HBG:115; STU:446;

1  A GB  bull faced human hooded and horned
56v2
409 die herren von ninafe

56v3 1 GO lion pass't guard

Nineve, on upper Tigris, nr Mosul, capital of the Assyrians, destroyed in 612 BC by medians and babylonians.

KCR:207; MIL:166; RUG:101; CHA:1087*;

410 der keyser von turckye

56v4 1 AB lion q.f.

The ottoman sultan or Grand Turc, possibly Bayezid I Jilderim 'lightning', r.1389-1403, the victor of Nicopolis in 1396, by vanquished by Tamerlan in 1403.

Imperial crown above shield.

MIL:176*;

411 der herre von morat herre zu hinde in turckye

57r1 1 XGAB barruly & saltire

Not identified, Morat, in Turkey, one of two attributions, see next item.

MIL:1399 'her von morat her zu hinde in turckye';

412 der hertzoge von morat in turckye

57r2 1 AV 3 popinjays

Not identified, Morat, in Turkey, one of two attributions, see previous item.

MIL:1400 'hertzog von marat in turkeye';

413 der hertzoge von pallone in turckye

57r3 1 BA lion cr.

Not identified.

MIL:1401 'hertzog von palone in turkeye';

414 der herre von lewenwasser in turckye

57r4 1 XSOG bendy of 8 & 2 gambs in saltire

Possibly Walachia, also named Blakia, Blaquie and Baldachia; part of present Romania, north of the Danube; ottoman suzerainty 1415. KW Treptow & M Popa, Hist.Dict.Romania, 1996; ESNF 3.1:193-196; Brincken ND 139;

WIN:1289* 'le roi de blaquie' (barry &c);

415 der kunig von persion

57v1 1 BAO 3 knives conjoined in base on a mount

One of several arms attributed to Persia, but also in various colours to the city of Constantinople [405] and the Assassins sect.

Royal crown above shield.

KCR:263* 'kunig von monteini'; MIL:215*; ZUR:7*; GRU:269*; RUG:76*; GRU:411*;

416 der keyser von argye

57v2 1 ASO 3 blackamoor's heads & border

Argia, the realm is not mentioned in any of the sources examined, and the arms are variously attributed to Argia (KCR ms.A), Morot / Morocco (KCR vs.D & ms.K, RUG), or 'her dietschine in argie' (next item). It might refer to Argos, the homeric kingdom of Diomedes, on north-eastern Peloponnes with the coastal town of Nauplia. The arms were also borne by the dalmatian or serbian family of Descovich (Rolland 2:193).

Imperial crown above shield.

GRU:404; MIL:126; RUG:164;

417 die herren von ditschine im argie

57v3 1 OS 3 blackamoor's heads

Not identified, see previous item.

CHA:855; KCR:254; MIL:1410; ORT:680; RYN:80;

418 der kunig von poyer in argye

57v4 1 AG increscent

Not identified, but see Argia [416].

Royal crown above shield.

MIL:216 'der kunig von poyer';

419 der kunig von herinen

58r1 1 GAO stag salient ch. cross betw antlers

Not identified.

Royal crown above shield.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Page</th>
<th>Image</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>420</td>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Gorgon was a territory occupied by the amazons under queen Myrine after they defeated the atlantians according to Diodorus of Sicily. Hardly Georgia as proposed by Loutsch MIL. <a href="http://www.pantheon.org">www.pantheon.org</a>; MIL:212* 'der kunig von gorgonia'; WIN:1283* 'le de gaquart roi';</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>421</td>
<td><img src="image2.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Coimbra al. Guynone, Guiecie and Connimbre, but also used for the king of Libya. The former is a canting of the arms, coney. Brault RAE 2:114 notes Coimbra in Portugal, University by 1309, mentioned in chansons de geste (Moisan, Répertoire 1,2:1118). MIL:148 and RUG:56 has Libya with greyhounds. Royal crown above shield. LM:10*; LAM:38*; WIN:1279*; DWF:13; KCR:294; MIL:218; RUG:488; VRN:815; CHA:833*; RYN:73*; URF:2724*; VER:893*; WNR:7*;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>422</td>
<td><img src="image3.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Not identified, written Yines or Yrnes. Royal crown above shield. HBG:92;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>423</td>
<td><img src="image4.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Probably a slightly confounded version of the lithuanian mounted knight (GRU:224 a.o.), though it resembles the polish Starykon hrb [379]. Royal crown above shield. HBG:93; WJ:78* s.n.;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>424</td>
<td><img src="image5.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>The kingdom of Africa, which has Karthago as capital according to Schiltberger. One of several attributed arms. Royal crown above shield. Telfer JS; Petra Sancta TG 13; HBG:94; WIN:1286* ;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>425</td>
<td><img src="image6.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Probably Orkney. The arms are similar to those in Az-Or of the E.Caithness. Malise E.Orkney &amp; Caithness &amp; Strathearn fl.1344-59 and his relative Erngsl Sunesson (o.s.p.1392, earl 1353-57/75 + 1388). Red cross on sail and steering oar. Royal crown above shield. BEL:1314* 'g vã orkena'; WIN:1282* 'le roy dornnie' (Az-Or); MIL:211* 'der kunig von portie';</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>426</td>
<td><img src="image7.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Island kingdom of Mallorca, an apanage for branches of maison de Aragon. Royal crown above shield. HBG:91; MIL:223; WIN:1292; CHA:538*; STU:380*; CHA:654; WJ:76*;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>427</td>
<td><img src="image8.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Tunis, on the North African coast. One of several attributed arms. Royal crown above shield. HBG:90; MIL:209; WIN:1294*;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>428</td>
<td><img src="image9.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Not identified. Royal crown above shield. HBG:89 'kunig von muroc'; MIL:210 'kunig von conre';</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
429 der kunig von gynnes
59r3 lion q.f.; lion; =; = \{AG, GA\}
Not identified. The arms are similar to Armagnac qg Rodez, for a family from Guienne.
Royal crown above shield.
HBG:83 'kunig von bynnes';

430 der kunig von damit
59r4 eagle; castle; =, = \{AO, BO\}
Not identified, possibly for Damiette in Egypt.
Royal crown above shield.
HBG:84;

431 der kunig vo behungne
59v1 1 O G 3 lions
Not identified.
Royal crown above shield.
WIN:1311 'le roi de lebêgne'; HBG:85; MIL:206;

432 der kunig von colongie
59v2 1 O G bendy of 10
Possibly Salonika or Thessalonia, a latin kingdom ruled by a branch of D.Bourgogne during 13C.
Royal crown above shield.
MIL:202* 'der kunig von tholonigues'; RYN:95*;

433 der kunig von balagre
59v3 1 G AO cross acc. 4 steels
The arms of the Paleologoi emperors of Byzans, see [325].
Royal crown above shield.
HBG:86; a.o.;

434 der kunig von balles
59v4 1 B O 3 lions passt
 Possibly for Wales.
Royal crown above shield.
HBG:87; MIL:205;

435 der windesche kunig
60r1 1 B G 3 man's head cr.
Windesia might be for Slavonia or parts beyond Windische Mark of Hungary.
Royal crown above shield.
HBG:88; MIL:178* (bust of bearded and cr. man);

436 wintlanden
60r2 1 O S 3 greyhounds courant in pale
Not identified, similar arms were used for Hungary or Slavonia.
MIL:1412; RUG:406*;

437 der grove volke von agrem bi saders in windesceme lande
60r3 1 A SO mount couped cr.
Not identified. There was an Agramer komitat in Hungary, present Zagreb, the capital of Croatia.
MIL:1413;

438 der grove vô carbatten / carbacten der ist cristen
60r4 1 O GA chief ch. mullet
These arms were attributed to Croatia and other territories. The proper arms of Croatia, used on coins
of the 12th century, was \{checky Ar-Gu\} as in CHA:577 and VRN:99n2, and in RUG:128 qtd with a
rose and the present arms.. The present arms are found attributed to either Croatia or Dalmatia,
presenly the coastal region of Croatia - and used as a quarter in the arms of Frangipani, venetian rulers
of parts o Croatia.
Sieb 33:180+t144 hoe + 35/4-13:t35 croat (Frangipani);
MIL:1414;
439 das lant indian

Middle India or Abash, might include Egypt. Basan is the name of the land behind Palestine in Mandeville.

Yule MP; Moseley JM 96;
MIL:134; CHA:857; RUG:157; ORT:731; MIL:151*; GRU:242*; KCR:196*; RUG:161*;
ORT:671*; HBG:103*; STU:388*;

440 dis ist rome die stat

Rome, ancient capital of the roman empire and the traditional seat of the pope and the Curia.

BER:9; GRU:62; KCR:1133; MIL:98; RYN:54; SGH:148;

441 der perfecte zuo rome

Vico, the hereditary city prefect of Rome, i.e. prefect of the College of senators of Rome The last of the line, Giacomo Vico, was executed in 1435.

Brandmüller KK 2:230; Paravicini UFF 24; LxMA 8:1626; wikipedia;
MIL:99; BER:1515*; RYN:380*;

442 der grove von von funde

Caetani al. Gaetani conte di Fondi (prov. Lazio), no details.

Gen.Hb.FüH 5, 1959; Crollalanza 1:193; Reinhardt FI 116; wikipedia;
MIL:1119* + 1415* (Or 2 bends undy Az); BER:1519*; RUG:1196* (qtd);

443 der grove de marinis

Colonna, a principal roman family with several popes and cardinals.

Crollalanza D 1:310; Rolland 2:113; Reinhardt FI 171-188;
MIL:1120; BER:1511; GRU:792; KCR:44; MIL:1118; RYN:376; VRN:720;

444 der herre von sangro

C.Sangro, in the Abruzzi mountains above Napoli.

GRU:1049; MIL:1120 + 1417;

445 die herren von calin

Calvi, a roman family. Antoni was Bp.Imola 1390 and became a cardinal in 1405.

Crollalanza D 1:203;
MIL:1418;

446 die herren von schottis

Scotti, not identified.

MIL:1419;

447 der grove von der colunen

Colonna, a principal roman family with several popes and cardinals.

Crollalanza D 1:310; Rolland 2:113; Reinhardt FI 171-188;
BER:1511; GRU:792; KCR:44; MIL:1118; RYN:376; VRN:720;

448 der grove de ursinis

C.Orsini, an important roman family.

This item has three counterparts in MIL, with MIL:1420 'graff de urisinis' for Thebaldesci has been given the inverted orsini arms.

Crollalanza D 2:241-242;
MIL:528 'graff von ursin' + 1421 'her von hanybalde'; BER:1512; GEL:739; GRU:790; KCR:109;
NAV:624; RYN:377;

449 der herre silvestri

Not identified. The Silvestri from Cingoli (Marche Ancona) used a scorpion (Crollalanza DS 2:532).

MIL:1121;
450 der grove von scorpion
Not identified, but the roman family Annibaldeschi used similar arms, as did the milanese Scorpione. See also the previous item and [448] for MIL:1420+1421 confusion of Orsini, Scorpione and Annibaldeschi.
Crollalanza D 1:48 (Annibaldesci) + 2:512 (Scorpione, Ar/Az-Sa);
GRU:791; MIL:1508;

451 die herren von liechtenstein
von Liechtenstein, from Nikolsburg in Mähren, later at Burg Liechtenstein, NE of Graz (BH, Judenburg, Steiermark). The family was elevated to princely rank in 1607 and still reigns in Liechtenstein with the capital Vaduz.
Knesche D 5:524; ESNF 3:30-39; Sieb 4/1.3A:138 a.o.; HHStÖs 2:100;
BEL:365; BHM:672; BLW:389; DWF:242; ETO:41; GEL:758; GRU:991; ING:24; KCR:785; LYN:834; MIL:423+1114; NLU:548; QDB:69;

452 der herre von landecke in missen
von Landeck or Landegg, probably the same family as the Vogt von Landeck al. von Voigtsberg und Strazberg gt von Landeck, noted in 13C in Bayern with an eagle acc. bend.
In center of page ‘ disse herren ligent in missenlant’.
Sieb 22/6.1.57+t57;
MIL:1280; BHM:3238*; GEL:290*; LYN:1967*; NLU:1626* (Q1); MIL:1279* (qtg lion);

453 der marggrove von missen
Arms of Meissen, incorporated into Sachsen 1423. Thüringen qtg Meissen.
ESNF 1.1:153; Blaschke SW 12;
BHM:39; GEL:2; BEL:390; LYN:394;

454 der grove von danrot
Not identified.
MIL:835 ‘rerit’ + 1282 ‘graff von danrett’;

455 der burggrave
Probably BGf.Hartenstein, as in MIL and UFF. Burg Hartenstein nr Zwickau was built c.1170 by Meinhard von Werben. It was sold by the BGf.Meissen, a relative, to Gf.Schömburg in 1406. The arms were derived from those of the BGf.Meissen (GRU:115).
Köbler HL 255;
DWF:149; MIL:1283;

457 die herren von kolditz
von Colditz, ministerialen in Meissen, moved into Böhmen c1318. The {bendy Or-Sa & chief Or ch. lion isst Sa} is more common.
Bosl R 501; Myslivecek E 27 + 2:71; Sieb 30/4.9:232 boh + 21/6.32 sax + ThüA 74;
BHM:2115; MIL:1442; RUG:639; BEL:194*; GEL:137*; GRU:1076*; BZL:59*;

458 die herren von hohenstein
Gf.Honstein al. Hohenstein, noted 1162-1633, seat in Burg Hohnstein, 18 km NW of Nordhausen (Kr. Nordhausen, Thüringen) and a cadet at Heldrungen (Kr. Sömmerda), extinct 17C.
ESNF 17:92; Sieb 20/6.13:110 + 2/1.4.43+136 + 2.6.74; Köbler HL 237;
ARK:196; BEL:321; BHM:181; BLW:726; GEL:192; GRU:610; HZL:7; KCR:781; LYN:469; MIL:452 + 1278; QDB:77; RUG:763; SGH:154;

459 der hertzoge von brunswig
Arms of Braunschweig.
ESNF 1.1:22;
460 der margrove von brandenburg ein kurfurste
der hertzoge von stetine

Arms of Brandenburg.
Eagle crowned.

Arms of the Pommern-Stralsund branch.

462 der grove von der erden

Not identified.

463 der grove von anhalt

Probably for Bernburg in Anhalt-Bernburg, as on the seal of Johan P. Anhalt 1379, and of Berhard 1435.

464 der hertzoge von lunenburg

Hz. Lüneburg. The arms are a diminuation of the royal arms of Denmark (noted 1194 for his brother-in-law Knud VI), but adopted after the marriage of adopted by Wilhelm Welf (d.1213) to Helene a daughter of Waldemar I 'the Great'.

465 der hertzoge von sunde

Arms of the Pommern-Stralsund branch.

466 die herren von strelin in linsesserlant zu sahssen

Not identified.

467 die herren von iter

Not identified.

468 die herren von blangwalt

Not identified.

469 die herren von schlatz

Probably Schlitz gt Göritz, as the figure was in the 1394 seal of Heinzman von Schlitz. The arms are {Ar 2 bends embattled Sa} in the Neue Siebmacher.

470 die hertzoge von sahssen / kurfurste

The Hz. Sachsen was elector and Erzmarschalk des HRR (archmarshal), emblem: a sword.

Eagle crowned.
471 der lantgrove von hessen

Landgraf von Hessen.
On top of page 'dise herrê ligêt in hesen lant'.
M Krejcik, Herold 15 (1999) 173-177; ESNF 1:145 (Thüringen) + 1.2:239-250 + 252-253 + 254 C-D (Brabant);
BEL:425; BHM:42; GEL:1365; GRU:119; ING:138; MIL:44; RUG:878*; DWF:10* (qtd);

472 die herren von spangenberg

von Spangenberg, not identified.
MIL:1443 'her von spangenberg';

473 grove von waldenstein

von Waldenstein, not verified.
MIL:1444;

474 die herren von liesberg

von Liesberg, not verified.
MIL:1445; WGH:225n (Gu-Or, Lielsberg), sou;

475 der grove von schouwenburg zu sahssen

Gf.Schaumburg, seat nr Rinteln on the Weser. The arms were identical to the (Gu nettleleaf Ar) of Gf.Holstein, a cadet line.

476 die herren von der dome in lusesser lant zu sahssen

Not identified, probably from Lausitz / Lusatia on the border of Sachsen. Hardly the austro-hungarian Forchtenstein (BH.Mattersdorf) in the austrian Burgenland as proposed in Loutsch MIL 156.
MIL:74 s.n.;

477 die herren von wadel zu brandenburg

Not identified.
MIL:1505;

478 die herren von der stigelitz in brandenburg

von Stieglitz, not verified.
MIL:1506* (Ar-Sa);

479 der grove von hôy in sahssen

Gf.Hoya, seat in Hoya (Kr.Nienburg). The arms were confounded.
Sieb 2:115; BEL:305*; BHM:146*; DWF:726*; GEL:166*; LYN:398*; MIL:1507*; RUG:972* (Or-Gu);

480 der grove von kirberg

ESNF 4:23+113-115 (Gf.Veldenz & WildGf & Raugraf); Köbler HL 355; XDD:11059*; XRL:758; XCM:245;
STU:94; BEL:225*; BHM:1448*; GEL:19*; GRU:629*; NLU:47*;

481 der hertzoge von pfalzen

Pfalzgraf am Rhein al. count palentine, one of the double titles of the Wittelsbachers. The senior member was Kurfürst. Pfalz qtg Bayern (Wittelsbach). See also [207].
In center of page 'dise herrê ligêt und' den hertzogê van den pfaltzê'.

482 der ruhe grove

65v4 1 O G per pale pal
Raugraf von Stoltenberg, a cadet line of the Raugrafen during 1239-1358. See also [480].
ESNF 4:114-115; Möller S 1:21;
BLW:238; GRU:655; ING:936; MIL:555 + 1321; RUG:1006; URF:2422; WIN:545;

483 der wilde grove

66r1 1 A G per pale pal
Wildgraf, see [480, 482].
MIL:1322; WIN:602;

484 der grove von sponheim

66r2 1 O B checky 14
GF.Spanheim al. Sponheim. The ancient seat was at Burg Sponheim (Kr. Kreuznach, R-P). Two counties: Spanheim-Kreuznach (hintere Grafschaft, on Nahe), extinct 1414; and Spanheim-Starkenberg (Vorderer Gft., on Mosel), extinct 1437. Spanheim-Starkenberg qtg Spanheim-Kreuznach.
Sieb 1.1.4: 61 + 20/6.7:t14; XRA 1.20714n1 + 3:448; Möller S 4:1-8 (Spanheim); HHStD 5:358-360;
BEL:209; BER:1269; BHM:119; GEL:17; MIL:568; NLU:553; RO:1011; SGH:1043; WIN:720;

485 der grove von sponheim

66r3 1 A G checky 14
Spanheim-Starkenberg, see previous item.
XRA 3:354+448; XCM:274; XRL:772;
BHM:151; GEL:22; MIL:633; VER:374; LYN:417; MIL:567; URF:2330; RUG:619;

486 der grove von starckemberg

66r4 1 B AA anchor in bend, billety 14
BGF.Starkenburg bei Heppenheim (Hessen), possibly a branch of Bolanden-Falkensten-Hohenfels, Sieb 1:30;
MIL:1328*;

487 der grove von lyningen

66v1 1 B A 3 eagles 14
GF.Leiningen al. Linange, extinct c.1220 into Saarbrücken, where a branch adopted the name and arms.
Bosl R 1:259; Walther MAN 26; Fahne KJ 1:244 + 2:85; Sieb 3/3.1.3:14-16+t26 + 4:t165 +
BHM:120; GRU:573; KCR:711; LBQ:3540; LYN:106; MAN:13; NLU:554; SGH:1046; RUG:947*; RUG:954* (qtd);

488 der herre von valckenstein

66v2 1 O G chief 14
The arms of Münzenberg im Wetterau and probably of the GF.Nüring (GauGf. in Wetterau und Niddaun) as used by Falkenstein.

von Falkenstein zu Münzenberg, cadet of maison Bolanden. Mainzer ministerialen, later as GF.Falkenstein am Donnersberge. In mid 13C they inherited Königstein (Kr. Obertaunus, Hessen), the Landvogtei of Wetterau and the arms of Münzenberg and built the Falkenstein close by.
ESNF 17:26-28; Möller S 1:33; Hupp ARL 128n; XRA 1:442;
BEL:258; BER:1137; BHM:1405; GEL:103; GRU:1012; KCR:6210; LBQ:3587; MIL:599; RUG:1163; URF:2429;

489 der groue von nassowe

66v3 1 B OO lion, billety 14
GF.Nassau, several sublines.
Sieb 4/1.3A:51+t204-t226; ESNF 1.1:60-65 + 67-72 + 74-78; XRL:647; XCM:203-205;
BEL:207; BER:1255; BHM:104; GEL:14; GRU:574; ING:903; LYN:15;

490 die herren von windesberg

66v4 1 G A 3 escutcheons 14
von Weinsberg, ancient ministerialen of the dukes of Rothenburg, HRR ErbKämmerer and deputy to the elector of Brandenburg, extinct 1538. Their seat was at Weinsberg (Kr. Heilbron, B-W).
ESNF 16:142; Möller S 1:48; Bosl R 362; Rolland 6:153n45;
BEL:270; BER:1140; BHM:1412; GEL:111; GRU:147; ING:301; KCR:820; MIL:600; RUG:275;
491 der grove von katzenelenbogen

492 die herren von helfenstein

493 der ringrove von dem stein

494 die herren von hamerstein

495 die herren von frankenstein

496 die herren von westerburg

497 die herren von scharpfenecke

498 die herren von mintzenberg
die herren von isenburg

von Isenburg-Büdingen, hessischer Uradel, vassals of the Abp.Mainz, seat at Büdingen (Kr. Büdingen), but with lands in most of south-western Germany.

BEL:17:59-76; Möller S 2:132-135; Sieb Hoher Adel + 20/6.7:t8 + 24/2.6:39+t24 bad + Sieb-bav + Sieb-wurt; XRA 2:140; XRL:4343-4346; XCM:774-778;
BEL:211; BHM:189; BLW:808; BEL:287*; BER:1136*; GEL:37*; LBQ:3443*; LYN:424*; NLU:474*; RUG:997*; WIN:713*;

die herr .. / <van hanou\>}

Gf.Hanau (Kr. Hanau, Hessen), created 1429, extinct 1736, into Hessen-Kassel.

M Krejcik, Herold 15 (1999) 173-177; ESNF 16:159-161; HHStD 4:199; XRL:529Q1+4;
BHM:201; GEL:40; GRU:572; HBG:151; ING:1013; LBQ:3126; LYN:14; NLU:57; QDB:51; RUG:1013; URF:2390; MIL:1406*;

[Die herren von str\]alenberg

von Strahlenberg, cadets of Hirschberg, held Stralenburg nr Schriesheim (Kr. Heidelberg, B-W) by 1150, extinct c.1410.

Möller S 3:224; Möller S 3:250; ESNF 12:4-9; Sieb 20/6.7:t4, nas;
LYN:1427; MIL:1408; ING:1054; URF:2391; NLU:1274; BEL:1640*; LYN:1429*; MIL:360*;
ING:910*; GRU:1622*; STU:156* (rev.);

die herren von linburg

The Limbourg an der Lahn were cadets of Isenburg.

ESNF 17:71; Sieb 20/6.7:t10, nas; XRA 2:354; XBM:21579;
BEL:226; BHM:444; GEL:24; KCR:8513; LBQ:3556; LYN:1583; MIL:1255; WIN:747;

die grove von rinecke

GF.Loos al. Loon, in Hesbaye and a principal part of the diocese of Liège al. Lüttich. Gerhard (VI) GF.Loos-Reineck fl.1334, d.1382.

ESNF 18:56-61; XRA 2:376-380; XBP; XDD:19360;
BEL:332; BHM:117; DWF:723; GEL:47; GRU:836; LBR:598; LYN:464; WIN:836*;

die herren von rffenberg

von Reiffenberg, ministeriales, senior line extinct 1686, seat Reiffenberg nr Hattstein im Taunus (Kr. Usingen, Hessen). Arms miscoloured.

Bosl R 1:310; Fahne KJ 1:355 + 2:116; Gruber MW 111; Möller S 2:186-188; Sieb 20/6.7:t1, nas;
BLW:376; ING:1055; MIL:1256; ING:1078*; BHM:1477*; GEL:48*;

die grove von zigenhan

GF.Ziegenhain, extinct 1450, seat on Burg Ziegenhain (Kr. Altenkirchen, R-P).

ESNF 17:31; M Krejcik, Herold 15 (1999) 173-177; Sieb 20/6.7:t16 nas + 1.1.3: 95;
BEL:316; BER:1130; BHM:155; GEL:176; GRU:818; KCR:773; LBQ:3468; MIL:1257; NLU:490;
STU:98; VRN:753;

der grove von wide

Isenburg-Wied, see [499].
509 der grove von waldecke
69r3 1 O S star of 8 pt
ESNF 1.3:324-332; Sieb A 234; XRA 4:186;
BEL:306; BER:1132; BHM:145; BLW:243; DWF:159; GEL:172; GRU:613; MIL:1259;
RUG:1021; SGH:961; STU:465; URF:2446;

510 die herren von eppenstein
69r4 1 A G chevronny
Fhr. von Eppstein al. Eppenstein, noted 1163, extinct 1535, probably of same origin (c1150) as Hanau, seat at Burg Eppstein (Kr. Maintaunus, Hessen), and with much land in eastern Rheinland-Pfalz and in western Hessen.
ESNF 17:24-25; Möller S 3:219-220; Sieb 20/6.7:t92; Möller S 4:82 (Wittgenstein);
BEL:261; BHM:106; BLW:244; GEL:100; ING:1051; LYN:159; MIL:1364; NLU:473; NLU:708;
RYN:335; SGN:116; WIN:622;

511 die herren von schöwenburg
69v1 1 G A 3 increasents (2:1)
von Schauenburg, noted 1314-1553, from Schwäbisch Hall or Unterlimburg-Hall. Sieb 23/6.2:t22; Sieb E 678;

512 der grove von sulmes
69v2 1 O S lion rampant
Gf.Solms, see [528].

513 der grove von seym
69v3 1 G O lion guard q.f.
Gf. Sayn. They absorbed Wittgenstein in 1359. The lion is usually guardant with queue fourchy.
ESNF 4:1168 + 4:120-131 (Sayn); Sieb 14/3.1:t92; Möller S 4:82 (Wittgenstein);
BEL:260; BHM:106; BLW:244; GEL:100; ING:1051; LYN:159; MIL:1364; NLU:473; NLU:708;
RYN:335; SGN:116; WIN:622;

514 die herren von wildenouwe
69v4 1 A G paly of 4
von Wildenau, not verified.
MIL:1266 + 1493;

515 die herren von franckenstein
70r1 1 B O fess
von Frankenstein, not verified. On top of page 'dise herrê ligêt und' den hertzogê vô gulch'.
ING:945;

516 der hertzoge vô gulch
70r2 1 O S lion rampant
Sieb 2/1.3:31+t43; ESNF 18:28-29; Kittel S 255; Möller S1:14; XDD:11088;
BEL:932; BHM:60; GEL:1127; LBR:68; LYN:93; LYN:107; NAV:1430; NLU:1285; QDB:15;

517 die herren von dennenburg
70r3 1 O X A G 2 bars checky
von Tomburg, cadets of Mullenark, who used the older arms of the family. Their seat was probably Burg Tomborg nr Meckenheim (R-P).
Möller S 2:146; Fahne KJ 1:428; XRA 4:41; Loutsch AL 766;
BEL:935; BHM:1347; GEL:1315; LBQ:2631; MIL:1271; NLU:484; WIN:744; URF:2311*;

518 die herren von blankenheim
70r4 1 O SGA lion cr. & label roundely
Gf.Blankenheim, a cadet of Jülich noted 1115-1406. Their seat was at Burg Blankenheim a.d.Ahr (Kr. Schleiden, N-W). The Gft. went to Loen in 1415 and then to Manderscheidt in 1468.
ESNF 11:9; Möller S 3:214; Köbler HL 72; Sieb 2/1.1.3:33+t45;
BEL:256*; BHM:126*; GEL:101*; LYN:435*; MIL:1162*; URF:2304* (plain label);
519 der grove von arnestberg
70v1 1 G A eagle
von Arenberg, westphalian Uradel in Kr. Arnsberg (N-W). The county, acquired by the Cuyck family, was sold to Abp. Köln in 1368 by Godefroi IV (o.s.p.1371). The arms in Az-Ar or Sa-Ar are in the arms of the diocese of Köln. Sieb 22/2.1:11; vav + 24/2.10:13 als (Sa-Ar); XRA 1:181; ESNF 8:37-38 (Cuyck-Arnsberg); Sieb A 71 (Heinrich, 1181, eagle); BEL:236; BHM:1340; GEL:59; MIL:1453; NLU:475; URF:2423; BHM:176*; LYN:877*; GRU:156*; ING:199*; MIL:75*; ORT:66*; SGH:1546*;

520 der grove von rovfensburg
70v2 1 X B AG chevronny & bend

521 die herren von sleyte
70v3 1 B AA lion, billety
von Schleiden, cadet of Blankenheim, seat in Schleiden in Eifel (Kr. Schleiden, N-W). ESNF 11:9-10; Möller S 3:214; Sieb 2/1.1.3:40; Gruber MR 119; XRA 3:391; MIL:1460; BEL:982*; BHM:1400*; GEL:98*; NLU:749*; GRU:2207* (label);

522 die herren von riverschit
70v4 1 A G escutcheon
von Reiffscheidt, noted 1273, cadet of Limburg, seat in Reiffscheidt (Kr. Altenkirchen, N-W), acquired the Gft. Salm 1456. ESNF 7:157; Möller S 2:155; Fahne KJ 1:356; XRA 3:203; BHM:971; LYN:19; MIL:1461; URF:2334; VER:387; BEL:981*; GEL:1130*; ING:844*; LBQ:3615*; NLU:486*; STU:163*; VER:388* (label);

523 die herren von wifelkoven
71r1 1 G A 2 bars
von Wevelinghoven, inherited the office of hereditary marshal of Köln from Alfter c.1400. ESNF 7:166; Fahne KJ 1:455, col; XRA 4:233; Sieb 14/3.1:t91; Hemricourt M 15; BEL:990; BHM:1369; GEL:165*; ING:846; LBQ:2653; MIL:1462; LYN:1348*; STY:392*;

524 die herren von wildenberg
71r2 1 E G escutcheon
von Wildenberg, seat in Wildenburg-im-Eifel, a branch of Reiffscheidt, extinct 1323. Jequier BEL 71; Hemricourt M 54; BEL:271; BHM:1413; GEL:112; LBQ:3600; MIL:1463; URF:2351;

525 der grove von deckelburg
71r3 1 G A 3 trefoils

526 die herren von steinforde
71r4 1 G O swan
Steinfurt al. Steinvorde, seat in Amt Lidberg bei Glehn nr Münster, noted 1227. Fahne KJ 1:41 + 2:164; XWS 1.21.9 (Ludolf (II) vS, 1245); MIL:1469; BEL:448*; BHM:534*; GEL:1619*; LBQ:3615*; NLU:496* (Or-Gu);

527 der grove von sternemborg
71v1 1 G A star of 8 pt
von Sternberg, an important bohemian family with several branches and arms in various colour combinations. ESNF 16:15; Sieb 3/1.3.2:53-55+t95; BEL:329; DWF:197; MIL:1470; RUG:1078;
528 der grove von ortenstein
71v2 1 O B lion rampant
GF, Solms-Ottenstein, ancient seat at Burgsolms (Kr. Wetzlar, Hessen), had several branches that separated around 1300 and 1350.
ESNF 17:32-58; Fahne KJB 1:402; XRA 3:427; XBM:21610; XCM:273;
BEL:449; BHM:535; GEL:1620; LBQ:3616; MIL:1471; NLU:724; STU:529; GRU:576* (qtd);

529 die herre von lippen
71v3 1 A G rose
Fhr. von der Lippe, noted 1123, seat on the upper Lippe (Kr. Lippstadt, N-W), acquired Rheda 1190, several branches, incl. Lippe-Detmold and Lippe-Braken.
ESNF 1.3:35-45; Köbler HL 304; Sieb 4/1.3A:t171; SIE:17n7 (Gf.); XRA 2:262;
BEL:447; BHM:533; DWF:734; GEL:1618; GRU:658; MIL:452; NLU:1281; RUG:978;

530 der hertzoge von brobant
71v4 lion; lion q.f. cr.; =; = {SO, AG}
D. Brabant, united with Limbourg from 1282. Brabant qtg Limbourg.
In center of page 'disse h're liget und' dem hertzogê von brobant' (Brabant).
Sieb 2/1.1:3: 40+t57; ESNF 1.2:236-238 + 1.1:82 + 2:27
BHM:221; GEL:805; LYN:1039; ING:100; NAV:1428;

531 der grove von der marg
72r1 1 O X AG fess checky
GF, Mark, one of the major westphalian principalities, which inherited Kleve and later Berg. Sieb 2/1.1:3: 34+t47; ESNF 18:16-20; XDF:252;
BEL:1173; BHM:105; GEL:1587; GRU:568; HBG:146; LYN:405; MIL:556; NLU:709; SGH:957; URI:2431; WIN:745;

532 der grove von klefen
72r2 1 G OA escarbulce ch. escutcheon
Arms of Kleve, no details.
Sieb 1.1.3: 25; ESNF 18:22-23; Möller S 2:122-125;
BEL:1192; BER:1272; BHM:62; GEL:1297; GRU:105; HB:128; ING:147; KCR:39; LBR:612;

533 der grove von blossen
72r3 1 A B vairly
Not identified.
MIL:1473 'graf von blossen';

534 der grove von mörse
72r4 1 O S fess
GF, Mörs (Kr. Mörs, N-W), an important westphalian family, which held important positions as Aep. Köln and in the rhinsh principalities.
ESNF 7:168; Fahne KJ; Möller S 3:235; XCB:122
BEL:999; BER:1260; BHM:108; BLW:231; GEL:1171; ING:836; ING:941; KCR:759; LYN:160;
MIL:537; NLU:707; URI:2428; VRN:758;

535 der hertzoge von dem berge
72v1 lion q.f.; lion; =; = {AG, OS}
Hz. Jülich & Berg with arms in use 1357-1511. Berg became a duchy from 1380/89, and was held by the Ravensberg [520]. Berg qtg Jülich/Juliers, see also [516].
ESNF 18:29; XRA 1:229; XDD:10315;
BEL:1192; BHM:54*; ETO:328*; GEL:1271*; BEL:1134*; LYN:368*; MIL:512*; ING:901*; GRU:444*;
DWF:679* (Jülich qtg Berg, Ravensberg in center);

536 der herre von schöneforst
72v2 1 A G roundelly
Fhr. von Schönvort (Schönau), from Brabant.
ESNF 7:120; Hemricourt M 10:45-65; XRA 1:411t40n5 + 3:399-401;
BEL:1401; BER:1277; BHM:1216; CLE:765; DWF:739; GEL:819; LYN:1537; MIL:1474; NLU:1107;
URI:2201;
**537 die herren von kirpe**

Fhr. von Kerpen, senior branch of Manderscheidt, seat in Kerpen (Kr. Daun, R-P). The arms are those of the junior branch, Fhr. von Manderscheidt, seat at Burg Manderscheid (Kr. Wittlich, R-P, im Eifel). The Kerpen used Ar-Gu, often with a label Az.

ESNF 11:3-8; Möller S 1:16; Fahne KJ 1:267 {Or-Gu} + 1:217 {Ar-Gu}; Sieb 24/2.6:35 baden + 20/6.7:110, nas; XRA 2:203+415; XCB:329; XRL:627-631; XCM:193;

BEL:987; BHM:1425; BHM:436*; GRU:1085*; LYN:1438*; NLU:1189* (Ar-Gu); BEL:984*; BLW:275*; GEL:124*; RUG:3081* (label);

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**538 der grove von firdenburg**

Gf.Virneburg, seat at Virneburg (Kr. Mayen, R-P). Virneburg qtg Neuenahr with inescutcheon of Saffenberg (Sa-Or).

Möller S 1:28; Sieb 20/6.7, nas; XRA 4:136; XDD:11099;

BEL:257; BER:1143; BHM:110; GEL:38; ING:835; LYN:95; MIL:533; NLU:471;

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**539 SKETCH**

Sketch of a chevron - no legend.

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**540 blank shield**

Blank shield, no name legend.

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**541 <die reyner>**

von Reiner, probably a later addition.

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**542 <brungerter>**

Probably a later addition, but the arms are similar to von Pielacher, no details, noted 1133.

Sieb 26.1/4.1.4.40+346+360+1189; Hupp ARL 61 (Pielacher);

DWF:275; GRU:1956 'biellacher';

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**543 <dis sint rotschvilt>**

The page is a later addition. The present arms was placed as v2; v1 being 'per pale 2 bars and plain', an uncoloured sketch; v3 has the legend 'der groffe von'; and v4 is blank.

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**544 die herren von valkenberg**

von Valkenburg al. Fauquemont & Montjoie, from Limburg and Jülich.

Hemricourt M 113; XRA 1:446-447; XDD:10383+10384; XDF:1056; XCM:652;

BEL:656; BHM:231; ETO:188; FW:435; GEL:807; LBR:599; LYN:1565; MIL:1477; NLU:714;

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**545 die herren von grunsvelt**

von Gronsfeld, Uradel from Limburg, seat 5 km S of Maasstricht.

Hemricourt M 26+113; Sieb 3/1.3.2A:113; XRA 1:518;

BEL:680; BHM:433; GEL:841; GRU:2262; LBQ:2214; LYN:1495; MIL:1478;

---

**546 die herren von schönecke**


HHStD 5:339; Loutsch AL 718; Gruber MR 121; sigil 1350 StAK;

GRU:1153; MIL:1479;
The Hamal, from Elderen / Odeur in Hesbaye, used {Ar fess of lozenges Gu}, but the present arms are those of Kerpen [537].

Hemricourt M 54; XRA 1:265 + 2:25; ESNF 8:3-7 + 59-60 (Hamal);

The Bolanden were Reichvogten in the 12C, Reichstruchsess c.1300, and important stauffer und mainzer ministeriales, seat in Kirchheimbolanden & Bolanden (R-P),

Sieb 2/1.3:1102+ 20/6.7:11; ESNF 17:26-28; Moller S 1:33; Bosl R 264 a.o.; HHStD 5:53+170;

MIL:1482 'her von bolanden'; WIN:609* (Or wheel Gu); WIN:729* (Az wheel Ar, crusily);

The Bolanden were Reichvogten in the 12C, Reichstruchsess c.1300, and important stauffer und mainzer ministeriales, seat in Kirchheimbolanden & Bolanden (R-P),

Sieb 2/1.3:1102+ 20/6.7:11; ESNF 17:26-28; Moller S 1:33; Bosl R 264 a.o.; HHStD 5:53+170;

MIL:1482 'her von bolanden'; WIN:609* (Or wheel Gu); WIN:729* (Az wheel Ar, crusily);

The Bolanden were Reichvogten in the 12C, Reichstruchsess c.1300, and important stauffer und mainzer ministeriales, seat in Kirchheimbolanden & Bolanden (R-P),

Sieb 2/1.3:1102+ 20/6.7:11; ESNF 17:26-28; Moller S 1:33; Bosl R 264 a.o.; HHStD 5:53+170;

MIL:1482 'her von bolanden'; WIN:609* (Or wheel Gu); WIN:729* (Az wheel Ar, crusily);

The Bolanden were Reichvogten in the 12C, Reichstruchsess c.1300, and important stauffer und mainzer ministeriales, seat in Kirchheimbolanden & Bolanden (R-P),

Sieb 2/1.3:1102+ 20/6.7:11; ESNF 17:26-28; Moller S 1:33; Bosl R 264 a.o.; HHStD 5:53+170;

MIL:1482 'her von bolanden'; WIN:609* (Or wheel Gu); WIN:729* (Az wheel Ar, crusily);

The Bolanden were Reichvogten in the 12C, Reichstruchsess c.1300, and important stauffer und mainzer ministeriales, seat in Kirchheimbolanden & Bolanden (R-P),

Sieb 2/1.3:1102+ 20/6.7:11; ESNF 17:26-28; Moller S 1:33; Bosl R 264 a.o.; HHStD 5:53+170;

MIL:1482 'her von bolanden'; WIN:609* (Or wheel Gu); WIN:729* (Az wheel Ar, crusily);

The Bolanden were Reichvogten in the 12C, Reichstruchsess c.1300, and important stauffer und mainzer ministeriales, seat in Kirchheimbolanden & Bolanden (R-P),

Sieb 2/1.3:1102+ 20/6.7:11; ESNF 17:26-28; Moller S 1:33; Bosl R 264 a.o.; HHStD 5:53+170;

MIL:1482 'her von bolanden'; WIN:609* (Or wheel Gu); WIN:729* (Az wheel Ar, crusily);

The Bolanden were Reichvogten in the 12C, Reichstruchsess c.1300, and important stauffer und mainzer ministeriales, seat in Kirchheimbolanden & Bolanden (R-P),

Sieb 2/1.3:1102+ 20/6.7:11; ESNF 17:26-28; Moller S 1:33; Bosl R 264 a.o.; HHStD 5:53+170;

MIL:1482 'her von bolanden'; WIN:609* (Or wheel Gu); WIN:729* (Az wheel Ar, crusily);

The Bolanden were Reichvogten in the 12C, Reichstruchsess c.1300, and important stauffer und mainzer ministeriales, seat in Kirchheimbolanden & Bolanden (R-P),

Sieb 2/1.3:1102+ 20/6.7:11; ESNF 17:26-28; Moller S 1:33; Bosl R 264 a.o.; HHStD 5:53+170;

MIL:1482 'her von bolanden'; WIN:609* (Or wheel Gu); WIN:729* (Az wheel Ar, crusily);
558 die herren von der dicke
als
von der Dicke, in Alsace, see [128]. They came from the Rheinland.

559 der grove von hollant
hol
In center of page 'disse herrê ligêt und' den grovê van hollant'.
ESNF 2.2 (ancient, <1299) + 2.4 (Avesnes / Hainaut) + 18.56 (Loos) + 1.1:104 (Wittelsbach, 1345-1433);
NAV:1164; BER:1275*; LYN:2387*; GEL:1746* (rev.);

560 die herren von pfirt
NAME ONLY
Gf.Pfirt al. Ferrette (dep Haut-Rhin), a branch of Montbéliard al. Mömpelgart. A habsburger Erblehen from the marriage of Albrecht (II) von Habsburg and Johanna von Pfirt (d.1351). The arms were {Gu 2 barbels addorsed Or}

561 die herren von arburg
sui
Fhr. von Arburg al. Aarburg, noted 1130-1457, seats in Burg Aarburg (can Aargau) and before that named for Burg Büron (can Luzern).
ESNF 12:105; Kneschke D 1:98; Merz ZUR 230;
BLW:890; GRU:928; HZL:84; KCR:755; MIL:585; VRN:754;

562 die herren von zimmern
NAME ONLY
Fhr. von Zimmern, seat at Herrenzimmern, Gem.Bösingen (Kr. Rottweil, B-W), a former fief of St.Gallen. They used {Az lion Or holding axe Ar}.

563 die herren von rufenberg
NAME ONLY
Not identified, the drawing is probably a later addition. An uncoloured sketch of a fess between 5 spiked wheels (3:2).

564 die herren von batzendorf
NAME ONLY
Not identified, but there is another Batzendorf legend in [150] among the alsatians. Only the top items have legends, all 4 shields are blank.

565 der groven von hengestberg
NAME ONLY
Not identified.

566 der hertzoge von der maze
sil
Not identified.

567 der hertzoge von derschine
sil
Duchy of Teschen, in Southern Schlesien; ruled by a Piast cadet 1290-1653.
ESNF 3:15-16; Gumowski PS 54; Köbler HL 620;
BHM:81; DWF:508; LBQ:3104; LYN:363; QDB:17; RUG:907; VER:392;

568 der hertzoge von lageritz
sil
The present arms, attributed to Hz.Brieg & Liegnitz, sometimes named Schlesien-alt, were used as quarters in the arms of the Hz.Liegnitz (GEL:508 a.o.), Hz.Brieg & Liegnitz (SIE:6n5), and Crossen (RUG:898).
DWF:521; GRU:456;
der wisse hertzoge

Władysław 'weisse' Dzniewkowo (d.1388), a part of the polish province of Kujawy. The duchy was held from 1250 by a cadet line of the polish royal house of Piast. Arms of Kujawy.

ESNF 2:120-123; Gumowski PS 132;
ETO:905; NLU:440; QDB:19; BHM:624*; LBQ:3105*; LYN:1751*; RUG:1197*;
DWF:506*; GRU:529*; KCR:640*;

[569]

der bischof vô mentze ein kurfuerste

The archbishop of Mainz was elector, prince and archchancellor of Germany in the HRR (ErzKanzler Germania).

Sieb 8/1.5.1:1-2+160-161; XDD:11056;
BEL:206; BHM:34; BLW:32; ETO:3; GEL:13; GRU:81; MIL:1600; NLU:1656;

[570]

der bischof vo kölle ein kurfurste

The archbishop of Köln (Cologne) was elector, prince and archchancellor of Italy in the HRR.

Sieb 8/1.5.1:n;
BEL:234; BLW:33; ETO:2; GEL:55; GRU:82; ING:118; MIL:33; a.o.;

[571]

der bischof vo triere ein kurfurste

The archbishop of Trier (Trêves) was elector, prince and archchancellor of Gallia in the HRR.

LxMA. 8:999; Sieb Bi;
BEL:253; BHM:1399; BLW:34; ETO:4; GEL:97; GRU:83; ING:119; MIL:33; a.o.;

[572]

<die herren von bussnach, der was einer erwelter bischof ze strossburg anno 1440>

Konrad (IV) von Bussnang (o.s.p.m.1471), Dhr. Strassburg 1418, elected Bp.Strassburg 1439, but resigned next year. The family came from Bussnang nr Weinfelden (can Thurgau) and used {chevronny of 4 Or-Az}.

ESNF 12:103; Kindler OB 1:476; GRU:896; QDB:278; SGH:1019;

[573]

<die herren von stouffen im brisgau>

A later addtion of Staufen, Gu 3 cups Or.

[574]

<der grofe von firnburg>

Virneburg, see [538].

[575]

<die herre von valkenstein und ramstein>

A sketch of a ram on mount.

[576]

<die herre von rute>

Not identified.

[577]

der grove von flandern

Arms of Flandern, one of the 'Douze Pairs de France'.

On top page 'dise herren ligent und' den grove van flandern'.

ESNF 2:5-6+ 1.2:204 (Matfriede / Alsace) + 205+223+228+231+238 (Dampierre); XDF:182;
BEL:569; BER:79; BHM:219; DWF:54; ETO:340; FW:63; GEL:923; GRU:110; ING:154;

[578]

<der grove von flandern>

Not Flanders, but Namur, marquisate, part of the HRR, and held by cadets

ESNF 7:68 + 3:53 (Dampierre) + 2:6 (Flandern) a.o.; XRA 1:41140n1; XDD:10317;
BEL:570*; BHM:116*; GEL:410*; GEL:412*; NAV:1165*;

[579]
580 die herren von gistel
79r3 1 GE chevron
Ghistelle al. Gistel, seat between Ostende and Brugge, one of the most important families in Flanders.
ESNF 7:96-99; Sieb 4/1.3A:t99; XDF:946; XRA
BEL:573; BER:1213; BHM:827; CAM:163; DWF:55; ETO:519; FW:390; GEL:930; GRU:1141;
LBR:617; MIL:1355; NAV:1177;

581 die herren von lyney
79r4 1 AG lion q.f. cr.
Luxembourg-Ligny, see [38].

582 die herren von kalwin
79v1 1 AS 3 lions
Not identified.
On top of page 'dise herrê ligêt in polanden'.

583 die herren von dem schwidencz
79v2 1 OXSG eagle per pale
Duchy of Schweidnitz al. Swidnica in Schlesien.
Sieb 2/1.1.3: 4+t3;
DWF:520; BHM:79*; GEL:506*; LYN:367* (qtd); BZL:97*; RUG:574*; RUG:784*; STU:482*;
SGH:43* (variants);

584 der hertzoge von tropouwe
79v3 1 AG per pale
Hz.Troppau al. Opava in Schlesien, ruled by a Premyżlde cadet line. Troppau qtg Opole.
ESNF 3.1:18;
BHM:192; GEL:507; LYN:470; QDB:36; RUG:792; SGH:373; URF:2431; BHM:85*; DWF:516*;
LYN:384*; GRU:448*; KCR:599* (qtd);

585 der hertzoge von brige
79v4 1 OSA eagle ch. crescent
Hz. Brieg, a cadet line of the polish royal house of Piast, which ruled 1311-1675. Brieg al. modern
Brzeg is 40 km SE of Wroclaw in Nieder Schlesien or Lower Silesia. It was later united with the
duchy of Liegnitz, and most likely vassals of the king of Böhmen. Ludwig (I) Hz.Brieg, 1313-1398,
was grandfather of Philippe 'bon' D.Bourgogne.
ESNF 3:9-11;
ARK:114; BHM:220; DWF:415; ETO:187; GEL:502; GRU:455; KCR:596; LYN:357;

586 der grove von zolre
80r1 1 AS qty
Gf.Zollern, arms of Hohenzollern, see [213].

587 der grove von furstenberg
80r2 1 AGXAB eagle & border nebuly
Gf.Fürstenberg, see [157],

588 die herren vonn tengen
80r3 1 GA unicorn salient
von Tengen, Fhr., noted 1080, seat at Burg Tengen (BA. Engen, Kr. Konstanz, B-W). Later as Gf.
Eglisau & Nellenburg.
Merz ZUR 39; Kindler OB 1:211; ESNF 12:82+90;
DWF:164; HZL:109; ING:313; MIL:823; QDB:53; SGH:1085; ZUR:149; BLW:372*; GRU:604*;
KCR:730*; RUG:959*; VRN:772* (qtd);

589 der hertzoge von decke
80r4 1 OS lozengy
Hz. Teck, from 1152 seat on Burg Teck bei Kirchheim (Kr. Nürtingen, B-W). They were cadets of
Hz.Zähringen, and became extinct with Ludwig (VI) osp.1439 patriarch of Aquileia 1411-20 and
Ulrich (V) d.1432.
Sieb 23/6.2:t7; Sieb E:809; ESNF 1.2:274;
BEL:317; BHM:83; DWF:239; GEL:6; GRU:506; KCR:4; LYN:383; MIL:516; RUG:838; SGH:1058;

94
590  der grove von eyche
80v1  1 A S  3 yokes in pale
Merz ZUR 74; Sieb 22.6.1:165; HHSiD 7:323;
MIL:1227; ZUR:277; GRU:847*; SGH:1482*; STY:334*; ZUR:90*;

591  der hertzoge von urselingen
80v2  1 A G  3 escutcheons
Urslingen, the family was noted 1163, extinct 1442. They had seat in Burg Urslingen / Irslingen (Kr. Rottweil, B-W) and held titles of Hz. Urslingen, C. Assisi, and D. Spoleto 1177-98. The town and Burg Schiltach (Kr. Wolfach, B-W) has these arms in SIE:226n32.
Bosl R 2:408; ESNF 11:80; Sieb 23.6.2:16+t8;
GRU:464; KCR:600; MIL:517; OHM:75; RYN:125; SGH:1041; STU:314; ZUR:297*;

592  der grove von werdenberg
80v3  1 G A  gonfanon
Montfort-Werdenberg, see [184].

593  die herren von hunheim
80v4  1 G A  attire
Kruse R 418 #81; Kindler OB 2:64; Sieb 22.6.1:101+t100; Kneschke D 4:381;
KCR:900; MIL:675; BLW:837*; DWF:1091*; GRU:1374*; ING:338*; QDB:273*; STU:137*;
STY:333* (Ar-Gu);
Bibliography

(1) Armorials:
Clemmensen OM (2006, 2010, incl. draft editions of armorials), CEMRA (english armorials), DBA and several editions of armorials contain further references and notes on manuscripts, families and personalities.


ARK Manchester, John Rylands University Library, ms. latin 28, Herald's Book al. Livro de Arautos al. De ministerio armorum [Clemmensen ARK].

BEL  Paris, BnF, ms.fr.5230, armorial Bellenville [Jequier BEL; Pastoureau BEL]

BER  Paris, BnF, ms.fr.4985, armorial dit de Berry [Boos BER].

BHM  Stockholm, Svenska Riksarkivet, Codex Bergshammar. [Ranke BHM].


BZL  murals in the Great Hall in Burg Lauf near Nürnberg. [Kraft BZL, Zelenka BZL].

C = WAL  Walford's Roll [Brault RAE].

CAM  Armorial de la cour amoureuse [Bozzolo CAM].

CHA  Paris, Bibl. de l'Arsenal, ms. 4150, armorial dit de l'heraut Charolais. [Clemmensen, draft].

CLE  Paris, BnF, Ms.Fr. 23076 fo.28r-141v Armorial de Clémery [Clemmensen, draft], very like NLU.

EIC  Eichstätt, Staats- & Seminarbibliothek ms.704, Eichstädter Wappenbuch, c.1470.

ERF  St.Gallen, Stiftsbibliothek, Ms.1085:251r-253r, Wappenfolge im Turm von Erstfelden [Gasser ERF].

ETO  Paris, BA, MS.4790, armorial équestre de la Toison d'or & de l'Europe [P&P ETO; P&W ETO; Larchey ETO].

FW = HE = HER  Herald's Roll, alias FitzWillam's version [Humphery-Smith FW].

GEL  Bruxelles, KBR, Ms. 15652-56, Armorial Gelre [Bergens GEL; Adam GEL].

GMW  Wappenblätter im Germanische Museum Nürnberg, c.1470.

GRU  München, Bayerische Staats Bibliothek, CGM.145, & Berlin, GStAPK, armorial Conrad Grünenberg. [Clemmensen GRU, Popoff GRU].


HZL  Haus zum Loch. [Clemmensen HZL; Merz ZUR/HZL];


KCR  Ulrich Richental: Chronik des Konzils zu Konstanz. [Feger KCR; Buck KCR].
mss K (Konstanz, Museum Rosgarten), A (Aulendorf; New York Public Library, ms. Spencer 32), G (Karlsruhe, Badische Landesbibliothek, Cod.St.Georgen 63), P (Pr, Prague, Universitetsbibliothek, cod.xvi A17) and W (Wien, ÖNB, ms.3044); printed versions D (D1 Sorg 1483; S/D2 Steiner 1536) and H (Hardt KK, 1700).

LBQ  Paris, BnF, ms.fr.5232:5r-572r, Un provincial d'armoyries .. Le Blancq. [Popoff LBQ, trans; Clemmensen, draft].
LBR Paris, AN, AE I 25 no.5 (MM 684), armorial Le Breton alias Montjoie-Chandon [Boos LBR].

LYN Bruxelles, Bibliothéque Royale Albert Ier, Ms.II.6567, Armorial Lyncenich, mistakenly named Gymnich from a misreading. A full edition of this mid 15th Century paper and aquatint manuscript is in preparation by E. de Boos and S.Clemmensen [Boos LYN].

MIL Privately owned manuscript, armorial Miltenberg [Loutsch MIL].

N = PAR Parliamentary Roll of Arms, c. 1310 [CEMRA 42].


NLU Nancy, Bibliotheque Municipale Ms.1727 'Armorial de Nicolas de Lutzelbourg'.

OHM Wappenbuch Gallus Öhem [Drös OHM].

QDB Paris, BnF, ms.fr. 24049 armorial allemand. [Popoff QDB].

RUG Innsbruck, Universitätsbibliothek, Ms. 545, Wappenbuch von Jörg Rugen.

SGH St.Gallen-Haggenberg [Clemmensen SGH].

SIC Paris, BnF, ms.fr.4366 + BA, ms.4910, armorial dit du héraut Sicile.


STU Stuttgart, Staatsarchiv Württemberg, Stuttgarter Wappenbuch. [Clemmensen STU].

STY Paris, BnF, Allemand 399, Armorial de Styrue et Carinthe. [Popoff STY].

TAM Salamanca, Bibl. Univ., ms.2490, Armorial catalan de Steve Tamburini. [Riquer TAM].

TJ = TJQ London, BL, Add.40851, Thomas Jenyn's Roll, Queen Margaret's version [Boos TJ].

UFF Hamburg, Staatsbibliothek, Ms. in scrinio 90b, DasUffenbachsche Wappenbuch. [Paravicini UFF; Clemmensen, draft].

URF Paris, BnF, ms.fr.32753, armorial d'Urfé.[Clemmensen draft]

VIS Milano, Bibl.Trivulziana, ms.1390. [Maspoli VIS, Stantor VIS].

VRN Vigil Rabers Neustifter Wappenbuch. [Arch VRN].

WER München, BSB, cod.icon.308n, Wernigeroder Wappenbuch.


WIN den Haag, KNGGW, Wijnbergen Wappenbok. [Adam WIN].

WNW Wien, Österreichisches Nationalbibliotek, Wappenbuch Nr. 8769, Wiener Wappenbuch.

ZUR Züricher Wappenbuch. [Popoff ZUR; Merz &Hegi ZUR (num.); Clemmensen ZUR]
2. Collections of seals:


**XDD**  L. Douët d'Arcq: *Inventaire & Documents .. Collections de sceaux ..* I-III. - Paris 1863-1865.


**XPW**  O. Posse: *Die Siegel des Adels der Wettiner Lande*. – Dresden 1903.

**XRA**  Jean-Théodore de Raadt: *Sceaux armoiries des Pays-Bas et des pays avoisinant* I-IV. - Bruxelles 1897-1901.


**XWB**  Howard de Walden: *Some feudal lords and their seals MCCC* - London 1904.


3. Books and articles


CEMRA = Wagner.


Richard II = 1 (1895), 1377-..; 2 (  ), ..; 3 (1900), 1385-1389; 4 (11902), 1388-1392; 5 (1905), 1391-1396; 6 (1909), 1396-1399;

Henry IV = 1 (1903), 1399-1401; 2 (1905), 1401-1405; 3 (1907), 1405-1408; 4 (1909), 1408-1413;

Henry V = 1 (1413-1415; 2 (1416-1422;


Richard II = 4 (1322), 1389-1392; 5 (1925), 1392-1396;

Henry IV = 1 (1927), 1399-1402; 2 (1929), 1402-1405; 3 (1931), 1405-1409; 4 (1932), 1409-1413; 5 (1938), Index 1399-1413;


CoA: Coat of Arms.

Co. AIH: Proceedings of the Colloquiae held by l’Académie Héraldique Internationale, see Popoff BH.


ESNF = Schwennike &al.


GEC = Cockayne.


HBLxS = DHBS.

HHStD = *Handbuch der Historischen Stätten Deuchlands:*

HHStS = Schweiz & Liechtenstein, V. Reinhardt, 1996.

HHStÖs

P. Heitz: Les filigranes des papiers contenus dans les archives de la ville de Strasbourg. – Strasbourg 1902.


J. Kindler von Knobloch: Der alte Adel im Oberelsass. Vierteljahresschrift für Heraldik, Sphragistik und Genealogie (Herold), 1881, 9:321-430 + pl.1-7 (nos.1-175) [Kindler AE].


Lorédan Larchey: Le Grand Armorial de la Toison d’or et de l’Europe. [Larchey ETO] - Paris 1890;

E. Leemans-Prins: Les brisures de la haute noblesse des Pays-Bas septentrionaux. CIGH, 1968, 9:105-129 [Leemans B].


 Michel Pastoureau et Michel Popoff: *Grand armorial équestre de la Toison d’or, fac-similé du manuscrit n° 4790, propriété de la Bibliothèque nationale de France, conservé par la Bibliothèque de l’Arsenal, I-II* [P&P ETO = Pastoureaux ETO]. - Saint-Joriotz 2001. Also available on CD-ROM from the BnF.


Siebmacher's Wappenbuch (1605, SIE); *Des HRR erneuertes und vermehrtes Wappenbuch* (1657); *Siebmacher Erneuert und Vermehrten Wappen-Buchs, Teil I-6* (1699-1734, Sieb Si); *Supplements* (1753-1806, Sieb SiSu):


Jacob di Voragine: Legenda Aurea or Lives of the Saints. (print 1536) www.catholic-forum.com/saints/golden000.htm


wikipedia: information from the on-line encyclopedia assessed to be reliable.

www: information from a website high on the result listing from a search engine, e.g. Google; usually an official, genealogical or historical website assessed to be reliable; also books and journals through www.archive.org a.o.


**Ordinary of single arms**

\[ X = \text{mixed}, \ Z = \text{vair}; \]

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<td>letters &quot;SPQR&quot; per bend</td>
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<td><strong>triquetra</strong></td>
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<td>virgin's head cr.</td>
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<td>on panache of peacock feathers</td>
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<td>O S</td>
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<tr>
<td>O S</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 blackamoors head &amp; border</td>
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<td>3 man's head cr.</td>
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<tr>
<td>B G</td>
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<td><strong>glove in bend</strong></td>
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<tr>
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<td>O SG</td>
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<td><strong>jew's hats</strong></td>
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<td>3 crowns</td>
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<td>B O</td>
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<td><strong>sun in splendour</strong></td>
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<td>B O</td>
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<td>per fess &amp; 3 mullets cch</td>
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<td><strong>star of 8 pt</strong></td>
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<td>G A</td>
<td>293</td>
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<td>G A</td>
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<td>S OG</td>
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<td>G O</td>
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<td>star of 7 pt</td>
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<td>2 crescents addorsed</td>
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<td><strong>buildings</strong></td>
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<td>castle acc. 3 crows in chf</td>
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<td>doorway open</td>
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<td>per pale &amp; tower</td>
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<td>X S AG</td>
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<td>B AO</td>
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<td>tower outwalled</td>
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<td>3 zules</td>
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<td><strong>ships &amp; equipment</strong></td>
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<td>boathook iron in bend</td>
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<td>3 mallets</td>
<td>G A</td>
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<td>bend ch. 4 wheels (wagon)</td>
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<td>gonfanon</td>
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<tr>
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<td>O G</td>
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<td>3 mallets</td>
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<td>harp</td>
<td>A O</td>
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<td>A O</td>
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   isst to dx
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  A G  88
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  A G  164
  A G  529
  B A  292
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  O G  472
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2 chicots rooted in saltire
  O S  290
chicots enflamed per saltire
  O GS  381
2 chicots rooted in saltire
  O S  290
chicot flory per pale
  O B  446

per fess & hawthorn
  X S GO  144

3 thistles on mount
  O GV  19
3 leaves palewise
  A O  190

nettleleaf
  G A  270

3 waterlily leaves inv
  B O  424
  G A  477
5 waterlily leaves inv & border
  O BG  312
3 cinquifoils
  A G  88
rose
  A G  164
  A G  529
  B A  292
  G O  169
rose & border
  G AO  301
3 roses
  O G  472
3 roses & chief ch. aigle isst
  B AOS  230
3 roses in pale
  O G  109
3 trefoils
  G A  525
semy of fleurs-de-lis
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  S O  307
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  B O  75
  G A  552
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  G O  558
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  B O  22
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  B OGA  42
semy of fleurs-de-lis & border roundely
  B OGA  58
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  B OX AG  49
  B OX EG  43
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  B OGO  36
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  B OG  10
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  B OGO  36
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cross crosslet
  O S  15
cross
  A G  556
  A G  572
cross
G A 355
G A 398
G E 365
O B 302
O G 263
O S 93
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G OO 496
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